The Bee.

VOL. XVI. NO. 122. TOLEDO, OHIO, WEDNESDAY EVENING, SEPTEMBER 16, 1891. LAST EDITION. TWO CENTS.

ARMSTRONG & CLARKE

W. S. T. B.

CASH GROCERS,

OFFER

PEACHES

Late Crawfords

ARE NOW IN THEIR PRIME.

We are receiving daily, large quantities of this choice selected fruit. Families wishing to can this variety should buy this week.

We are Toledo Headquarters for the

Celebrated Franco-American SOUPS,

And are selling them at the following prices:

	Dozen	Can
Mock Turtle	$3 75	35
Ox Tail	3 75	35
Consomme	3 75	35
Tomato	3 75	35
Julienne	3 75	35
Pearl Tapioca	3 75	35
Mutton Broth	3 75	35
Beef	3 75	35
French Bouillon	3 75	35
Prentanier	3 75	35
Pea	3 75	35
Chicken	3 75	35
Puree of Game	4 00	35
Gumbo	4 00	35
Mulligatawny	4 00	35
Green Turtle	8 25	75
Terrapin	8 25	75

DEALERS SUPPLIED AT FACTORY PRICES.

The New York Biscuit Co.

MANUFACTURERS OF THE

Celebrated Kennedy Biscuit! AND CRACKERS.

Factories at Chicago, Ill. and Cambridgeport, Mass.

Their line of Strictly Fine Goods Embraces Everything.

☞ We are Toledo headquarters for their entire line, WHOLESALE and RETAIL.

Buy the Best and Pay the Least

—AT—

ARMSTRONG & CLARKE'S.

BE WISE

And Inspect Our Stock of

FURNITURE

Before placing your orders. We can unquestionably save you money—there is no doubt of that. Give us a few moments of your time and we will readily convince you. Our assortment is unusually large, and comprises the newest and neatest things to be found—be wise.

THE CONANT BROS.' FURNITURE CO.

Summit, Adams and Water Sts.

THE HEART OF THE CITY

Draper & Nugent's

Mammoth Furniture Store!

THE LARGEST STOCK OF

Furniture, Carpets, Stoves, and House Furnishings!

IN OHIO.

Everybody Buys of Us on Our Easy Payment System.

DRAPER & NUGENT

COAL AND WOOD

Do you know that A. H. Schoen is at his old business. Selling wood and coal in large and small quantities, at

PRICES TO SUIT THE TIMES

Not being able to get in his old stand he has located at 839 Erie St., corner Locus, and 1618 Lagrange St., near Bancroft. Phone 598.

The patronage of all his old customers is respectfully solicited and any new ones who may favor him with their orders.

CHILDREN'S CARRIAGES of our own manufacture, at lowest prices; Wooden and Willow ware; Hammocks and Croquet Sets, Baskets of every variety, Rattan and Reed Rocking Chairs, Boys' Express Wagons, Velocipedes, etc., etc.

DUNSCOMB & CO., 510 & 512 Summit St.

OUR NORMAL

Condition of prices on Wall Paper will soon commence. Come while its cheap.

Allen & Parkhurst.

IN THE BEE TO-DAY.

WEATHER.

Ohio forecast—Fair weather and warmer; southerly winds.

Lower Michigan—Warmer, fair weather; southerly winds.

Local indications for the next 24 hours from 3 p. m.: Warmer, fair weather; variable winds.

LOCAL.

Labor notes.

C. K. of A. state league.

Chinese opera next week.

After Toledo breweries again.

Matters in local marine circles.

Democratic organization in the city.

The Kirby-City of Toledo controversy.

Entertainers of the Central Ohio conference.

Action of St. John's quarterly conference last night.

Gen. Greene will retire from command of K. P. uniform rank.

UNITED STATES.

Double tragedy at Bay City.

Political advice to democrats.

Vera Ava declared not insane.

Liquor in the Indian territory.

Time of meeting of circuit courts.

Sealers still meeting with success.

Chicago train wrecker confesses.

German Methodist appointments.

Steps taken to capture Fitzsimmons.

Is Balmaceda coming to this country?

Protected industries cutting down wages.

A woman's awful treatment in the west.

Chicago working for a world's fair loan.

Bardsley refuses to talk and defies the court.

A wool man from Ubet lost in the Bad Lands.

Ohio national guard as seen by a regular army officer.

Roswell P. Flower heads a strong Democratic ticket in New York.

FOREIGN.

Sixty five more lives lost in a collision at sea.

Thousands drowned by the floods in Spain.

Canada's effort to break away from England.

GEN. GREENE WILL RETIRE

As Commanding Officer of the Ohio Brigade, K. P.

The annual meeting of the Ohio Brigade, U. R., K. of P., was held yesterday at Columbus, and a large amount of business was transacted.

Col. Peter Weidner, of Dayton, was elected to succeed Gen. Greene on the expiration of his commission in April, 1892.

The brigade has had great growth and made splendid progress under Gen. Greene. The gross gain in membership last year was 1,037. The total membership in good standing at present is 3,597. The cash assets of the Ohio brigade amount to $1,280, with property valued at $420, and no debts.

Resolutions highly complimentary to Gen. Greene were unanimously adopted.

The finance and auditing committee especially complimented Adjt. Gen. J. Austin, jr., and Asst. Q. M. Gen. F. A. Holland, for the accuracy of their financial accounts and the able, prudent and successful manner in which they had managed to maintain a large balance to the credit of the Ohio brigade.

Adjt. Gen. Austin was highly complimented for the management of his office and unanimously voted a donation of $100 over and above his salary by way of appreciation of his valuable services. Gen. Greene's record is one of which the brigade feels justly proud and he will retire with the honors of his office and the good will of the entire brigade. His successor will have hard work to equal his record.

The Atlanta Constitution says that Alachua lake, a sheet of water from ten to fifteen miles in length, near Gainesville, has run almost completely dry, leaving thousands of dead fish and lifeless alligators on its banks. This is the second time since 1823 that the phenomenon has occurred. There is evidently an underground passage which has drained it.

WANTS TO BE FREED.

Sensational Divorce Suit in the West.

Milwaukee, Wis., Sept. 16.—Robert H. McBride, a Mitchell (S. D.) newspaper man, is made defendant in a suit for divorce at Prairie Du Chine, this state. The plaintiff, Nina Linn McBride, is a daughter of the late Gen. Sturgis, of the regular army, and was left $2,000,000 by her first husband, Col. H. L. Dousman, of this state.

McBride and Mrs. Dousman were married seven years ago, and immediately went to New York. There McBride became a personal friend of Gov. Hill, and during four years' residence in New York cut a wide swath, spending his wife's money freely. She became suspicious of his attentions to a New York woman and put a detective on his track. A separation ensued. The complaint against McBride is alleged cruel and inhuman treatment.

WORK OF THE BOYCOTT.

An Undertaker's Business Completely Ruined.

Kansas City, Mo., Sept. 16.—J. M. Knight, an undertaker of Topeka has begun suit against the Kansas Undertakers trust for $100,000 for boycotting him. Knight started in business recently in defiance of the trust, which limits the number of undertakers in the state to one for every 1,000 inhabitants. When he tried to buy a hearse in New York recently the makers were notified that if they dealt with him they would be boycotted. The same tactics were pursued all over the country, and Knight has been unable to buy a hearse or replenish his stock.

DIVORCE WEEK.

Wapakoneta, Sept. 16.—This week has been devoted entirely to divorce cases and the following were granted:

Sophia Lutterbeck vs. Louis Lutterbeck, divorce granted and custody of children.

John Wolff vs. Evaline Wolff, divorce granted as prayed for.

Albert Sherrard vs. Dora Sherrard, divorce granted as prayed for.

Elizabeth Kuhlhorst vs. Henry Kuhlhorst, settled.

Anna Hertenstein vs. William Hertenstein, dismissed without prejudice.

A SHORTAGE OF $32,000.

Pittsburg, Pa., Sept. 16.—The sub-auditing committee of Allegheny cou cil appointed to audit the books of David Hastings, market clerk, reported to-night that a shortage of $32,647 in his accounts had been discovered. The committee recommends to the council that Hastings be prosuted for embezzlement and perjury and that suit for the recovery of the money be entered against his bondsmen.

DESTROYED BY FIRE.

Cincinnati, Sept. 16.—The stocking factory of Herman Klein & Sons, on the southwest corner of Betts and John streets, was gutted by fire yesterday. Loss, about $40,000; insurance, $50,000. Spontaneous combustion is supposed to have caused the fire.

VERA AVA IS NOT INSANE.

Judge Ferris so Ruled in Court.

Every Evidence to Prove That the Woman is None Other Than the Famous Ann O. Della.

Cincinnati, Sept. 16.—In the probate court the woman known as Vera Ava was examined for lunacy and discharged by Judge Ferris.

He held that although she may be mentally unsound, she is not dangerous to society, and as she is not a resident of this county she could not be committed to an asylum.

She was then permitted to go free.

A telegram was received by the chief of police, George C. Solomon, a brother of the woman calling herself Diss Debar, which states Miss Ava is none other than his sister, whose notorious conduct has brought disgrace upon the family many times.

WELL! WELL! WELL!

HAVE YOU SEEN THE NOBBY

OVERCOATS

Which we are displaying? And the prices! They're hardly worth mentioning, so cheap are they.

We Sell a Nobby Overcoat at				**$4.75**	**worth**	**$ 8**
"	"	"	"	5.25	"	10
"	"	"	"	6.50	"	11
"	"	"	"	8.00	"	13
"	"	"	"	10.00	"	15

Our line of Young Men's and Boys' Overcoats is without equal in the city. Get our prices before buying.

SPECIAL DRIVES

IN

Men's and Boy's Suits!

THIS WEEK.

WHEN CLOTHING HOUSE

41 and 43 Summit St., Cor. Monroe.

LOWEST PRICED HOUSE IN TOLEDO.

TEN WHEELS,

A few screws, springs, jewels, etc., may make a watch, but to make a TIME PIECE of this watch requires the skilled adjuster and watchmaker. Our new watches are ALL carefully overhauled, re-oiled and timed before given to the customer.

Our stock is VERY LARGE and varied, and we can demonstrate the fact that our prices are the LOWEST in the CITY.

J. J. FREEMAN.

FLOWER THE MAN.

Honest, Loyal, Democratic, Capable and Available,

He Will Neither Wither Nor Fade in Public View,

And Will Lead New York Democracy to Victory This Fall.

A Ringing Platform Adopted This Morning.

The Empire State Democracy on Dress Parade at Saratoga—The Great Convention in General and in Detail.

THE TICKET.

GOVERNOR.....ROSWELL P. FLOWER
LIEUT.-GOV.....WILLIAM F. SHEEHAN
COMPTROLLER.....FRANK CAMPBELL
SECKETARY OF STATE.....FRANK RICE
TREASURER.....ELLIOTT DANFORTH
SURVEYOR.....J. D. SCHENCK
ATTORNEY-GEN.....SIMON W. ROSENDALE

Saratoga, N. Y., Sept. 16.—The rush at the doors of the convention hall this morning was greater than yesterday. The local doorkeepers, having become frightened by the complaints made yesterday of their easy-going ways, had resolved to follow to the very letter such few instructions as they had received, one of which was to admit nobody till the sergeants-at-arms were at hand to preserve order.

When the sergeants-at-arms appeared the crush outside the doors was something terrific, although it was not within a half hour of the time set for the opening of the convention.

Inside a more rigid rule was made to exclude mere boomers and hangers-on

ROSWELL P. FLOWER.

from the stage, which gave rise to many altercations. Finally the band arrived, however, and drowned the din of discord with a series of stirring airs.

In the midst of the music a body of Kings county leaders arrived, and on their way to their seats were cheered lustily by the Brooklyn club men. The greatest ovation of all was given to Gen. Slocum.

The Tammany men got up a counter demonstration when Messrs. Croker, Cockran and their fellow-leaders appeared. Good feeling seemed to prevail on both sides and there was no attempt by either to put the other down, in spite of the animosities which have been engendered the last 24 hours.

At a quarter past ten o'clock temporary Chairman Raines called the convention to order and the committee on credentials was called upon for its report.

Chairman McMahon, of Oneida, read the report on contested seats which was adopted.

The committee on permanent organization was then called and submitted its report. The report was adopted without a dissenting voice, and Chairman Raines thanked the convention for the honor bestowed upon him and called upon the committee on resolutions for its report.

Daniel G. Griffin, of Jefferson county, ascended the platform and read the report of the committee as follows:

The Platform.

1. The democratic party of the state of New York in convention assembled, renews the pledges of its fidelity to democratic faith, and as regards national issues, reaffirm the doctrine of the national platforms of 1884 and 1888, indorsed by the popular votes in those years and so overwhelmingly ratified by the popular verdict in the congressional elections of 1890.

We now, as then, steadfastly adhere to principles of sound finance. We are against the coinage of any dollar which is not of the intrinsic value of every other dollar of the United States.

We therefore denounce the new Sherman silver law, under which one-tenth of our gold stock has been exported, and all our silver output is damned up at home, as a false pretense but artful hindrance of return to bi-metallic coinage, and as tending only to produce a change from one kind of mono-metallism to another.

We therefore unite with the friends of honest money everywhere in stigmatizing the Sherman silver basis law as no solution of the gold and silver question and as a fit appendix to the subsidy and bounty swindles; the McKinley worse-than-war tariff, the Blaine reciprocity humbug, the squandered surplus, the advancing deficit, the defective census, the falsified representation and the revolutionary proceedings of the billion dollar congress—all justly condemned by the great uprising of last November—a verdict which, renewed next year, will empower democratic statesmen to guide the people's councils and to execute the people's will.

2. We congratulate the people of the state upon the beneficent results which followed the election of a democratic assembly last autumn. That victory secured the election of a democrat to the United States senate—a representative in full sympathy with the popular majority on great questions of federal policy.

It gave the state the lowest tax rate in 36 years and for the first time in a generation freedom from taxation for the general purposes of government.

It gave New York city the means of securing rapid transit—a boon which republican legislatures had for years denied.

It gave the people the shortest legislative session in 17 years—a tribute to the faithful industry of the democratic assembly by whom this result was achieved in the interest of economy and good legislation.

Our pledges to the people contained in the democratic platforms of 1887, 1888 and 1889 were promptly redeemed by the democratic assembly in the passage of the following measures:

1st. A bill to enumerate the inhabitants of the state preparatory to a reapportionment of the senate and assembly districts.

2d. A bill to reapportion the congressional districts, in pursuance of the federal statute and upon the basis of the recent federal census.

3d. A bill to provide for a constitutional convention in accordance with the wish of the people as declared by a large majority at the polls in 1886.

4th. A bill to revise and consolidate the excise laws—a measure intelligently and equitably framed, carefully regulating the sale of intoxicating liquors, prescribing just fees for licenses and preserving all needed restrictions for the maintenance of order and of the good of society.

5th. Several bills to ameliorate the condition of agriculture and labor and to lessen the burden of direct taxation.

4. All these measures, passed by the democratic assembly in obedience to the demand of the popular majority, were defeated in the republican senate by the representatives of the minority of the people, and the republican party went on record as betraying the peoples interest.

It defies the constitution and denies fair representation in the legislature to 1,300,000 new inhabitants of the state by refusing to pass an enumeration law—the preliminary step to the abolition of the present antiquated apportionment of senate and assembly districts, which is based on the census of 16 years ago.

It not only conspired with the federal census bureau to deprive the state of an additional representative in congress and in the electoral college by a fraudulent count of the inhabitants in New York city, but it refuses to comply with the command of its own federal congress to rearrange the 34 congressional districts of the state so that all contain "as nearly as practicable an equal number of inhabitants."

It ignores the emphatic declaration of the people, who by a plurality of 328,000 votes recorded themselves in favor of a constitutional convention.

It insists upon a passage of sumptuary laws which needlessly interfere with the personal liberty of law abiding citizens.

It demonstrates the hypocrisy of its professions by twice recording itself in the legislature in favor of a prohibition amendment and refusing to make provision for its submission to the people except at a special election not desired by prohibitionists and at an unnecessary expense of over $600,000 to the taxpayers.

It refuses to ameliorate the conditions of wage earners by enacting just and conservative laws in their interest.

It shows its subserviency to the monied interests by ignoring the demands of agricultural and working classes for reforms in methods of taxation.

It covertly lends its influence to the restriction of manhood suffrage.

It indicates its hostility to home rule by its efforts at meddlesome legislative interference with the affairs of large cities.

It encourages expensive legislative investigation committees whose investigations degenerate into strikes for political patronage upon the official authorities of democratic municipalities.

It inflicted a hostile blow on the best welfare of the state by depriving New York of the world's fair because the republican leader could not control its board of directors. By that act New York was deprived of the benefit of expenditure of hundreds of millions of dollars within its borders.

By that act the interests of every wage earner, every merchant, every farmer, every manufacturer, every householder, every railroad and transportation company were cruelly sacrificed. The people will not forget that the most conspicuous agent in this partisan crime is now the candidate of his party for governor.

5. Against that record of misrepresentation and betrayal, the democratic party most earnestly protests.

We reaffirm the principles and pledges contained in our state platforms of 1889 and previous years.

We oppose needless special legislation.

We favor some uniform rule for the government counties and municipalities.

We believe in low taxes and economical administration.

We demand a revision of the various statutes regulating the sale of intoxicating liquors and the enactment of a just, equitable and comprehensive excise law framed in accordance with existing public sentiment as repeatedly manifested.

We believe that all excise revenue should belong to the treasuries of the localities under whose authority licenses are issued.

We are opposed to all sumptuary legislation that needlessly interferes with the personal liberty or reasonable customs of the people. We favor the largest liberty for the individual citizen consistent with the public welfare.

We demand an extension of electoral reform with a view to preventing the profuse expenditure of money by candidates and political committees; but we resolutely oppose any effort to hamper or restrict the constitutional privilege of manhood suffrage. And we congratulate the people of the state that by the persistent efforts of a democratic governor sustained by the democrats in the legislature in defense of this principle there has been at last wrested from a republican legislature, by force of public sentiment, a general electoral reform law.

We favor a revision of the tax laws whereby personal and corporate property shall be made to bear its full and just burdens.

We favor a continuance of the policy which seeks to improve the canal system of the state and maintain its efficiency.

The interests of labor should be fostered by proper and necessary legislation. Honest workingmen and working women should be protected from competition with convict labor.

We favor legislative provision for a proper exhibit from this state at the world's Columbian exposition to be held in Chicago in 1893, and we especially commend the measure to secure that object which was passed by the democratic assembly last spring, but which a republican senate, with surprising reluctance after successful efforts to locate the fair in Chicago, refused to enact.

This country has always been the refuge of the oppressed from every land, exiles for conscience sake—and in the spirit of the founders of our government we condemn the oppression and expatriation practiced by the Russian government upon its Jewish citizens, and we call upon our government in the interests of justice and humanity, by all just and proper means to use its prompt and best efforts to bring about a cessation of those cruel persecutions in the dominions of the czar and insure to the oppressed equal rights.

6. We heartily indorse the able and statesmanlike administration of Gov. Hill during his seven years as chief executive of the state. He has resolutely maintained the principles of the democratic party and has faithfully contended for the interests of the people. He has ably resisted the

WILLIAM F. SHEEHAN.

aggressions of the successive republican legislatures, whose object has been only partisan, and he has been a firm and unrelenting foe to the vicious and corrupt legislation.

In his administration of state affairs he has received the intelligent and conscientious co-operation of his democratic associates in the state departments. Their joint efforts have put the state practically out of debt and left a generous surplus in the treasury. Efficiency and economy have marked their official records. We respectfully submit that this faithful discharge of responsibility justifies a continuance of the trust imposed in the democratic party of which they have been true representatives.

The reading of the platform was received very quietly. The silver plank was greeted with applause, and Gov. Hill's name was also applauded. The platform was unanimously adopted.

Mr. Cantor, of New York, offered a resolution welcoming the colored fellow-citizen to the ranks of democracy and viewing with gratification his growing friendly attitude toward the party. It was adopted unanimously.

Mr. Gilroy, of New York, moved, amid applause, that the convention proceed to the nomination of candidates for governor. The motion was carried and Wilbur F. Porter, of Watertown, rose to nominate Roswell P. Flower. He spoke from his seat. He said:

Porter's Speech.

"Mr. Chairman and gentlemen of the convention:

The democracy of the state, at their primary and district gatherings, with a unanimity rarely equalled, have pronounced their choice of the person whom they desire to be made their leader by the delegates to this convention.

"In accord with that expressed preference I am commissioned by the democracy of Jefferson county to present to this body of representative democrats the name of Roswell P. Flower for their approval and nomination for the high office of governor of the state of New York.

"Mr. Flower was born in Jefferson county. His bare-foot days of boynood and early years of manhood were lived in the county of his birth where he still has large business interests and his summer home while in fact now, and for years, a resident of New York city, Jefferson county still clings to him as her own. This has given to our county the great honor and high privilege of presenting him to this convention. If nominated it comes to him as the merited gift of the democracy without his seeking.

"Mr. Flower is a self made man. His success in business, his knowledge and experience in the affairs of state and the record he has made for himself in the national legislature furnish sufficient proof of his ability to guard and protect the interests of the state and its people.

"He is, above all, an honest man, having an abundance of good common sense, which is the best qualification for the discharge of public duty, a democrat of broad conservative views, under all circumstances loyal to his party, true to his word, free from the entanglements of party factions, he is both capable and available.

Democrats of New York, the flower I offer, if chosen, will not wither or fade in the fire and smoke of battle.

Mayor Chapin, of Brooklyn, was put in nomination for governor by Mr. Dewitts who in his remarks stated that Kings county would support the ticket nominated by the convention, but if defeated would retire with that sullen, surley temper that would condemn the action of the party. (The sentence was broken with yells and hisses).

Mr. Flower was nominated on the first ballot, King county being the only delegation to vote against him.

William F. Sheehan was nominated by acclamation for lieutenant governor.

Frank Rice was renominated for secretary of state.

Elliott Danforth was renominated for state treasurer.

Simon W. Rosendale has been nominated for attorney general by acclamation.

The nomination of J. D. Schenck for engineer and surveyor has been made by acclamation.

Tammany Rules the Day.

The preamble and resolutions of the committee on credentials recite the irregular action of the county democracy and declare the right of Tammany hall to nominate all the inspectors of election, poll clerks and ballot clerks to which the democratic party may be entitled in the city of New York.

A NEW ZWEIBUND.

Italy and England in a Combination.

Austria and Germany Quietly Looking on.

The Situation Abroad is One of Great Uncertainty—Waiting for the Word to Fire.

London, Sept. 16.—The intimate relations between the British and Italian cabinets, Italy being in closer relations with England than even with Austria and Germany, so far as informal official intercourse is concerned, lend a gravity to the authentic reports from Rome of Italy's naval preparations.

In this connection attention has been called to the existence of an agreement entirely distinct from the triple alliance, between Italy and Great Britain to maintain the existing status in the Mediterranean.

The presence of a Russian fleet at Constantinople might be regarded as disturbing the status, and Great Britain in repelling the fleet from the Dardanelles might feel justified in calling in the assistance of Italy.

It is noted that neither Austria nor Germany have taken any such energetic steps as those of Italy, to place their navies on a war footing, and they apparently look upon the Dardanelles affair as an issue to be settled between England, Italy and Russia.

O'BRIEN'S SHORTAGE.

It Will Reach the Enormous Sum of $75,000

Chattanooga, Tenn., Sept. 16.—The examination of the safe of Major O'Brien, the embezzling treasurer of the Catholic Knights of America, was completed yesterday.

It disclosed the fact that the shortage in the funds is at least $64,000 and may reach $75,000, most of which had occurred since April 2.

The books were found to be balanced to within a few days. It is thought by those who know him best, that O'Brien is near the city, awaiting the result of the investigation now in progress.

A LEPER AT LARGE.

Dublin, Sept. 16.—A blind leper named Evans, who was lodged in rooms specially prepared for him at the workhouse at Lisburn, near Belfast, escaped this morning by scaling the walls of the building and evading the guards.

The news that a leper was at large created a panic among the populace of the town. Evans was finally captured by the physician of the workhouse and now the people are wondering how a blind and decrepid man could set bolts, walls and guards at defiance.

IT WAS HIS FUNERAL,

A Man Who Was Murderer and Mourner.

J. W. Hanley Killed, Buried and His Property Sent to the Widow by His Son-in-Law.

New Orleans, Sept. 16.—J. W. Hanley of this city was killed at Clio by his son-in-law, Sim Kemp, on Friday. Hanley left here Thursday saying he was going away on business. He met Kemp by appointment. It is said a fight took place. Kemp, who was armed with a rifle, killed Hanley. He then buried the body at his own expense, being chief mourner at the funeral, and sent Hanley's property, such as his watch, etc., to his widow.

No cause is known for the killing. An investigation is to be made into the matter.

TOBACCO CROP.

A Large Yield Expected by Ohio Growers.

Dayton, O., Sept. 16.—If a killing frost does not come before the 20th inst., growers will have in the sheds the greatest tobacco crop that the Miami valley ever produced and of excellent quality.

The lowest estimate is 30,000 cases of Spanish, 20,000 of seed leaf, and 10,000 cases of Dutch, total 60,000 cases.

That will bring an average of seven cents per pound, $25 per case, a total of $1,500,000 to the farmers of Darke, Miami, Greene, Montgomery, Preble and Warren counties. Spanish tobacco is all in shed curing satisfactorily. Dutch and seed leaf tobacco are in the field and still growing.

GEORGIANS IN PROVIDENCE.

Providence, R. I., Sept. 16.—The party of Georgians who are on a tour of the north in the interest of the Georgia exposition, arrived here this morning from Boston and were received by President George of the board of trade and a committee and were escorted to the principal industries of the city. The party included Hon. Patrick Walsh, J. B. Platt, Jules Rival, J. W. Richman, officers of the exposition and about thirty prominent business men of Augusta. They leave to-night for New York.

DOWN GO THE WAGES.

The Great Friend of the Tin Plate Fraud

Cuts Off a Third of His Employes' Salaries.

Republican Managers at a Loss to Explain the Action of Hon. A. L. Conger.

Canton, Sept. 16.—Words comes from Akron that Hon. A. L. Conger has cut down the wages of the several hundred men employed in his cutlery works there 33⅓ per cent., to take effect to-day.

Mr. Conger, as is well known, is the Ohio member of the national republican committee, was formerly a member of congress and chairman of the state republican committee.

He is also a great tariff shrieker, a tin plate fiend and a close friend of Major McKinley.

This cut will reduce the wages of 600 or 700 men and will likely turn Summit county over to the democrats in November.

Mr. Conger is said to be in all the combines, and this cut at Akron is only a taste of what will happen in all parts of the country. The action of Mr. Conger has dumbfounded the republican managers.

BITTEN BY A STALLION.

Muncie, Ind., Sept. 16.—Yesterday James Hughes came near losing his life by injuries received from his big stallion. For some time Hughes has known the danger there was entering the stall where the vicious horse was, but yesterday he recklessly entered the place to take the animal out for exercise.

When in the act of untying the horse Hughes was grabbed by the back of the neck and shoulder, where the beast's teeth tore out a large counk of flesh, and then attempted to trample his victim. The man's escape from instant death was miraculous. He is now in a critical condition.

TILE LAYERS.

Philadelphia, Sept. 16.—The tile layers concluded their annual convention yesterday by the selection of the following officers: President, James J. Daily of New York; vice-president, Samuel McGlusken, Philadelphia; secretary-treasurer, Edward J. Dunlay, New York; delegate to American Federation of Labor, James J. Daily.

Washington was selected as the next place of meeting.

HUNTING FOR FITZSIMMONS.

The Murderer Had Aid in Escaping.

An Investigation of the Jail Management at Pittsburg Would Be in Order.

Pittsburg, Sept. 16.—The escape of the notorious criminal Fitzsimmons from the county jail is the all-absorbing topic of interest in the city to-day.

The county commissioners and the chiefs of department of public safety of the city met in joint conference and arranged for a systematic search for the fugitive.

The county commissioners have authorized a reward of $1,000 for his capture. They have also arranged to employ the best possible detective talent and hope to run down their man within a short time.

It was ascertained that a few days ago Fitzsimmons received a draft for $6,000. He had the draft cashed and handed the money to a friend for safe keeping. It is also known to the police that early yesterday morning after the escape Fitzsimmons was supplied with a suit of clothing by two lady friends. The women are now under police surveillance.

An examination of the cell disclosed a very clever dummy occupying the cot. The iron bars of his cell door show that the sawing was not of recent date; that the bars had been only partly severed, only enough of the iron remaining to hold them in position. They had offered no resistance when the prisoner was ready to step out.

The sawing of the bars in the window at the top of the jail and how it was possible for any one to either reach the window, or to remain there unobserved long enough to accomplish the work, which must have taken more than an hour to accomplish, is a mystery unexplained.

At 11 o'clock a farmer living out the Butler plank road several miles from the city called police headquarters by telephone, enquiring if Fitzsimmons had escapee from jail.

When informed that he had the farmer said that he had seen the murderer passing along the highway in front of his house. Detectives have gone out to Farmer Frazlers house. This is the first clue obtained and not much confidence is placed in it. The indications are almost conclusive that the fugitive had able assistance from the outside.

DISTRESS IN VOLGA.

St. Petersburg, Sept. 16.—The distress in Volga provinces is intense. At Penza women and children wander exhausted, shrieking for food in the market places. All the charitable societies are doing the best they can. Russian corn merchants on the frontier are despondent at the idea that the German trade will find fresh channels and never return to Russia.

DEATH OF AN ELEVATOR BOY.

Columbus, O., September 16.—Harry Kennedy, a fifteen-year-old bell boy at the Neil house, was killed in the elevator at the hotel last evening.

While ascending to the third flooor his attention was attracted by a noise in one of the hallways. He looked out and his head was caught between the hall and elevator door. His neck was broken and skull crushed.

LEFT HER FOR DEAD.

A Woman's Awful Treatment in the West.

Beaten by Her Husband Until She Become Crazed.

The Poor Woman Found Wandering on the Prairie Leading Her Little Child by the Hand.

Butler, Mo., Sept. 16.—Mrs. John Pressly, living in the northwest part of this county, was discovered Monday by neighbors wandering over the prairie leading a little child and carrying a pistol.

When approached and spoken to she fired upon the parties who sought her identity.

After repeated efforts the woman was captured, and it was found the whole top of her skull had been crushed and she was a raving maniac. At times she became partly rational, and by close questioning it was ascertained that she and her husband had had a quarrel and she was struck with a chair.

She also said that Wm. Pressly, a brother of her husband, kicked and beat her after she had been knocked down.

The two Presslys, leaving her for dead, came to Adrian, bought tickets for Nevada and left. Officers are after them. The physicians say the woman cannot possibly recover.

BROUGHT BACK SEALS.

Uncle Sam's Navy Seems to be of no Use.

Victoria, B. C., Sept. 16.—The schooner Viva returned from the fishing grounds Monday night with 713 skins, making her total catch for the season, 1991 skins. The Viva was met by the Thetis before she reached Behring sea and Capt. Baker received a copy of the now famous proclamation.

Not caring to return empty-handed, Capt. Baker sailed for the Russian coast where he captured his 713 skins. He spoke the Penelope in Russian waters on the 23rd of August, and she reported that she had secured 413 skins and was in a fair way to get more.

Cap. Baker had the misfortune to meet with a serious gun accident, which, but for careful attention, might have rendered his right hand useless.

READY FOR THE BREAK.

Canada Wants a Divorce From England.

An Address to the Queen Asking for Greater Commercial Liberties.

Ottawa, Ont., Sept. 16.—In the senate yesterday, Premier Abbott gave notice of his intention to move an address to the queen in favor of fuller liberty of negotiating commercial treaties, mention being made of a desire to extend trade with the United States.

England is requested to take steps to exempt Canada from being included in the favored nation clause in treaties between Great Britain and foreign countries.

MILLS ON THE ROAD.

Washington, Sept. 16.—Roger Q. Mills, of Texas, who has been here for several weeks filing his timber chest with ammunition to blow up McKinley, left tonight for Ohio. He goes first to Detroit, where he will place his daughter in school. Then he goes to Mansfield, where he will fire his first gun for free trade on Saturday. He will speak at Delaware the 21st, Springfield the 23d, Circleville the 24th, Lancaster the 25th, Newark the 26th, and Zanesville the 28th. Other appointments will be made, as he expects to spend three weeks in Ohio.

NEW CORPORATIONS.

Columbus, Sept. 16.—The following articles of incorporation were filed in the office of the secretary of state to-day: The Ottawa Gas company, Ottawa, capital stock $30,000; the Wyandot Club company, Columbus, capital stock $8,500; the Millville Co-operative Creamery company, Millville, capital stock $6,400; the Brighton Hunting and Fishing Benefit association, of Cincinnati, O.; the Cohn Manufacturing company, Akron, capital stock $35,000; the trustees of the Lorain Baptist association, Elyrais.

RETURN OF AMERICAN GOLD.

New York Sept. 16.—The Fourth National bank received yesterday a shipment of gold from Europe amounting to $1,250,000. One million dollars of this amount was in American coin, put up in American canvas bags, and was found to be some of the identical coin shipped a broad last spring.

GOOD POLITICAL ADVICE.

The Democrats Must Not Be Over Confident.

They Cannot Achieve a Victory by Remaining Away from the Polls

Washington, Sept. 16.—Senator Charles J. Faulkner was in Washington yesterday in consultation with Senator Gorman, who has returned from Saratoga much benefited by his summer outing. Mr. Faulkner, who is now on his way to the far west on a democratic mission, is very hopeful of the future for the democratic party and is not a believer in the republican prediction that the so-called revolution of last fall will go backward.

"At the same time," said the senator to your correspondent, "it behooves us to be watchful and on the alert. This has been a year of good crops, and in such years have noticed that many agriculturalists, unless it is a presidential year, are apt to be attending to housing and threshing or moving their crops in preference to going to the polls to vote. Leaders and local committees must see to it that the vote is gotten out and to this end besides the campaign of stump speaking and the distribution of literature, attention should be given to the work of organization, which should be made thorough and effective. The danger that I apprehend, and which can easily be avoided, is overconfidence. We must not be surprised, and to that end must take steps to get our vote out. If we do that a substantial victory is certain this fall, and that means the election of a democratic president in 1892."

HUNDREDS OF DEAD MEN

Are Floating Down the Spanish Rivers,

Telling an Awful Tale of Suffering and Sorrow.

Thousands of Lives Have Been Lost and Whole Railroad Systems Have Been Washed Away.

Madrid, Sept. 16.—The floods which have caused so much damage, and which are already known to have resulted in the loss of thousands of lives, have been general in the south of Spain. The damage done is simply terrible in its extent. Several trains have been derailed, and railroad tracks and roads are everywhere washed away.

In the province of Toledo the rush of water from the Consuegra river was so sudden and unexpected that hundreds of people were drowned in their beds. The aspect of the town is positively frightful. Four hundred bodies have already been recovered, and at least a hundred corpses can be seen floating in the swollen river.

A national relief fund has been opened, and all the newspapers announce that they are ready to receive donations.

The wine and grain crops have been destroyed throughout the flooded sections of the country.

The overflowing of the Consuegra threatens to cause further damage. Two-thirds of the houses practically destroyed are still standing, but their foundations are sapped, and they threaten to fall at any moment. The families saved from drowning are camped near the dwellings formerly occupied by them, and are in the greatest distress for want of food.

An estimate, classed as a moderate one, and which is within rather over the actual number, places the total of the death list at 2,000.

Large numbers of corpses still rest where they were found. Unless they are soon interred an epidemic of fever is feared. The municipal and government authorities are exerting themselves to the utmost in order to relieve the extreme distress existing. So far as possible the bodies of the drowned are being gathered from the streams, mud banks and ruins and are being buried in trenches dug for their reception.

Many of the bodies found are entirely nude, showing that they must have been washed from their beds, or else in the hurry to escape the drowned people must have jumped in night-dress from the windows of the houses, only to meet death in the swollen waters surging around them.

Sorrow and privation, mourning and desolation are to be met with everywhere through the inundated provinces, and from one end of Spain to the other prayers are uttered for the dead, and collections are being taken up for the living.

Along the river banks, near the scenes of the most severely visited districts, heartrending occurrences are witnessed hourly, as the survivors of almost exterminated families recognize their dead, and try to save them from consignment to the common death trench.

The utmost praise is due to the troops, physicians and clergy and sisters of charity, who in this emergency, have shown themselves to be capable of almost superhuman exertions on behalf of the sufferers from this most disastrous flood. All seem actuated by the desire to do everything possible for both the living and the dead.

Unhappily, the worst is not yet known, and months of terrible privations and extreme suffering are before the utterly impoverished survivors.

The crops are gone, the cattle swept away, houses and household furniture ruined, and all that would enable them to earn their bread has vanished beneath the torrents of water which have rolled over towns and villages, fields and farms.

The extreme distress, positively ravenous feeling of starvation prevailing in many sections of the flood-devastated country has another and, if possible, blacker side.

The gripings of hunger, the wailing of starving women and children, have, in several instances, driven the men to desperation, and they have been goaded to pillage their luckier or more wealthy compatriots.

Bands of desperate men, determined to obtain bread at any cost for their destitute, hunger-tortured families, have been driven to making raids upon and pillaging buildings where they expected to find food.

In some cases the rioters were successful in obtaining a limited supply of flour, wheat and corn, in most cases they found that they had had their troubles for nothing, and that all food had long ago been removed to a place of safety or else distributed or sold to the starving peasantry of the neighborhood. The troops have been instructed to take the most severe measures to protect property.

Two thousand kilos of army bread have already arrived in the flooded districts, and the commissariat corps of all the military divisions are working night and day to supply provisions to the starving people.

When the government delegate in charge of the first consignment of bread from the army bakeries arrived in the flooded country he witnessed a scene which would have imparted to a heart of stone a feeling of sympathy. On all sides he was beset by the famishing inhabitants, young and old, male and female, the majority half naked or clad in rags, most of them on their knees, with hands uplifted, praying for succor.

The feverish clamor of these poor people made the work of distribution slow and painful, and when all the bread was gone there still remained many mouths unfilled, many sufferers who had not been able to obtain even the smallest portion of this temporary relief.

At Almeria, capital of the province of that name, the number of dead, as in many other places, is still unknown, but it is admitted that over five hundred houses have been destroyed and that a number of people have perished.

Of course, it is impossible at present to get full details of the flood disaster, but in addition to the places already referred to, at Andaraz the stream has overflowed and is ruining the grape crop. The villages of Puerto, Lapiche and Villa Franc in the province of Ciudad Real, have been severely ravaged by the floods.

The police have suppressed pillage. Food is arriving for the sufferers. The burial of victims proceeds, and with the constant discovery of fresh corpses it will be long before the mournful task is ended. It is estimated that 5,000 head of horses and stock have been drowned.

The flood at Almeria has plunged the city into absolute darkness, having stopped operations at the electric light establishments and gas works. The river Andaraz has overflowed its banks and converted the village into a lake.

The queen has subscribed $20,000 more to start a national relief fund. The Bank of Spain has subscribed $6,000, and her contributions are coming from all quarters. The members of the editorial staff of all the newspapers will, on Thursday and Friday, make personal collections in the streets of money, clothing and food.

Many gloomy scenes are witnessed at Consuegra. Carts are kept going from the house to house collecting the dead. The bodies are laid in the carts reverently, but rapidly, the carters being compelled to be callous to the wailings of the relatives. Survivors give harrowing accounts of the onset of the flood. Many mothers were seen struggling in the water to hold up children and finally succumbing to the rush of the torrent. Others were confined in rooms with no hope of escape until the collapse of the walls opened a refuge. One man, who was caught on a wooden bridge, saw hundreds of persons float past, crying piteously for help, which he was unable to give.

The bodies of 60 persons were found in a public hall, where they had been overtaken by the flood in the midst of a wedding feast.

A heavy rain fell Friday and Saturday, swelling the mountain torrents that poured into the Amarguillo. The flood destroyed four stone bridges and 20 mills, besides an enormous number of houses. Wreckage and corpses were carried 40 miles. The mayor of Consuegra puts the fatality there at 3,000. In some places limbs have been found separated from bodies. The officials have telegraphed for lime to prevent an outbreak of disease.

CONVICTS ON A STRIKE.

They Want Better Food and More Tobacco.

San Francisco, Sept. 16.—The convicts in the jute mill at San Quentin struck yesterday. Nearly 200 prisoners threw down their tools and defied the officers to make them work. The convicts demanded that they be given more and better food; more tobacco, and they wanted less favoritism shown. They also demanded to be taken before the board of prisons, where they might state their case.

The convicts made a bold stand, but the guards were quickly summoned and every avenue of escape was covered, while armed men filled the doors of the jute mill, where the insurrection started. The convicts resumed work after obtaining permission to appoint a committee of five to appear before the prison directors.

After listening to the complaints from the committee the directors informed the men that the food was good enough, and the next time there was an outbreak it would be punished by solitary confinement. This is the second strike at the prison during a week, the convicts having stopped work last Wednesday to enforce their demands for better food.

TARIFF LAW SUITS.

Washington, Sept. 16.—There are now pending in various United States courts, but principally in the courts for the southern district of New York, 22 cases on appeal taken by the secretary of the treasury from the decision of the board of general appraisers.

Some of the principal cases appealed are: Wool knit fabrics; plushes of goat's hair, silk and cotton; dutiable weight tobacco; figured silk muslins; silk striped sleeve linings; silver lead ore; bottles lettered by sand blast; and agates.

DOUBLE TRAGEDY.

Bay City, Mich., Sept. 16. — Alexander Neveau, living in the first ward of this city, shot and killed his wife at an early hour this morning. He then fatally shot himself. Neveau was 35 years of age and his wife but 17. They were married July 15 last, but have never lived happily together. Jealousy is given as the motive of the crime.

FIGURING FOR A LOAN.

Chicago Already Working the Congressmen.

Five Million More Dollars Wanted in Order to Make the Fair a Pronounced Success.

Washington, Sept. 16.—Chicago, with regard to the $2,000,000 loan from the government, is repeating the tactics she employed in her fight for the World's fair. That is to say she is already busy canvassing among the members of the next congress on that subject and endeavoring to commit members to it in advance of the regular organization of that body.

That was the method by which she secured so great a lead for the fair in the first place. Months before the fifty-first congress met prominent men representing Chicago traveled all over the country visiting members at their homes and discussing the proposition with them there. In many instances they obtained pledges which were afterward redeemed under protest.

The whole proposition seemed changed after members gathered here, and the discussion of a site for the fair took on a wider and more comprehensive range.

Then it was and especially after Thomas C. Platt had appeared in the contest, that certain members of the house bitterly resented of their premature pledges of support of Chicago. But it was too late to back out then, and Chicago won easily.

The proposition of additional government aid for the fair to the extent of $5,000,000 is now being presented to many members of the next congress at their homes. Their attention is engaged by the statement that when congress meets there will be so many problems of party policy to consider that this question of a loan to help preserve the credit of the government with the nations of the earth might not, if left till that time, be properly considered.

The matter is put thus very speciously, though with what success so far is not known. It is well known here, by the way, that this matter is the chief stay of Mr. Springer's boom for Speaker. He is in favor of the loan and will exert himself to help secure it, and if elected, Speaker would naturally throw the influence of his office in that direction. It would be a great thing for Chicago to have the Speaker working for the desired loan.

NO LIQUOR TO BE SOLD.

Another Decision Concerning Indian Territory.

Washington, Sept. 16.—Some weeks ago Judge Bryant, of the United States court, eastern district of Texas, decided that the selling of beer in Indian Territory was not a violation of law, whereupon the traffic of intoxicating liquor was immediately begun.

Judge Shackleford, United States judge of the Indian Territory, however, held that the sale of beer was a violation of the license held by traders who were under bond.

On the strength of this decision the Indian office directed the Indian agent to seize all liquor and close the saloons.

The secretary of the interior has requested the attorney general to prosecute the four licensed traders who are under bond not to engage in liquor traffic in the territory, and has also revoked their licenses.

A WOOL MAN FROM UBET.

He Lost Himself in the Bad Lands.

Rescued by Friends After He Had Been Without Food for Nine Days.

Helena, Mont., Sept. 16. — George Jackson, a prominent wool-grower of Ubet, in Fergus county, has had an experience in the Bad Lands, northern Montana, which he will never forget.

About two weeks ago, in company with his wife, he left Billings for his home at Ubet, a distance of 175 miles. On the second day out they came to where two roads forked, and Jackson, despite his wife's protests, concluded to take the new course, saying that while it ran through the Bad Lands and was a rough country, yet it was the shortest course.

At night a small lake, the only water within 30 miles, was reached. Here a camp was made. About dark Jackson went to the lake for water. Not returning in a little while his wife went to hunt him, but discovered no trace of her husband.

This was Thursday, a week ago. The following day, Friday, Saturday and Sunday Mrs. Jackson wandered about in the bad lands with but a scant supply of food looking for her husband, but her search was unavailing.

Monday a passing freighter aided her to hitch the team up and put her on the road to the nearest ranch. There a posse was organized to look for Jackson, and after five days' search they gave it up, concluding that he had been drowned in the lake.

To-day news was received from Ubet that the missing man had been found by a party of home hunters in what is known as Devil's Basin. He had been without food or shelter for nine days and was a pitiable sight. He was so weak he could not rise and was entirely unconscious of his surroundings. The first thing he said was: "Give me some bread and meat."

The place where he was found was not more than two miles from the spot where he and his wife camped, and the presumption is that when he left the lake he wandered around in a circle. The doctors believe that with careful attention he will recover.

CAPTURED BY BRIGANDS.

Constantinople, Sept. 16.—Recently a band of brigands attacked and captured the railway station at Pavlokioi, 67 kilometres east of Adrianople. Two gendarmes who attempted to arrest the outlaws were shot by them.

OHIO'S NATIONAL GUARD.

Captain Wilson Makes His Report.

Too Much "Play" at the Encampments.

Uniforms and Arms Bad—Deportment Good — Some Radical Changes Suggested by an Army Officer.

Washington, Sept. 16.—Captain Geo. S. Wilson, Twelfth United States infantry, was detailed by the war department to inspect the Ohio National Guard this year at the various encampments. His report has just been received by the inspector general of the army. It is an elaborate document, containing much that is of interest relative to the "standing army" of the Buckeye state. A large part of the report consists of printed questions furnished by the war department, answers to which are written by the inspecting officer.

The state appropriation for the National Guard for the year 1891 was $82,000. The general staff is such "in name only," except the adjutant general, assistant adjutant general and surgeon general. There are one major general, three brigadier generals, and twelve aides-de-camp, with the rank of colonel. The governor appoints his staff officers. Companies and regiments elect their officers and all are commissioned by the governor. The period of enlistment is three years. The facilities for concentrating or distributing the forces in case of emergency are good by both rail and water transportation. There is no system of wagon or pack transportation. The system of instruction for the troops is the same as in the United States army; encampments usually absorb six days each year, as required by state law. The drills and parades during the year have averaged about sixty for each organization. When in active service the pay of officers is the same as in the United States army, while that of enlisted men is $2 per day and subsistence.

The encampments visited by Captain Wilson were those of the Toledo Cadets, at Waterville; Fifth infantry and Sixteenth infantry, at Huron; cavalry troops, at Dover Bay; Fourteenth infantry, at Marion; Second infantry at Bowling Green; Seventeenth infantry at Newark; Eighth infantry, at Canton; Third infantry, at Piqua; Ninth battalion (colored), at Xenia; First infantry, at Woodsdale. The time spent in camp was from six to ten days. The time fixed by law for pay and subsistence is six, so that many of the officers and men were in camp from one to four days at their own expense. The furnishing of substitutes for duty at the annual encampment is prohibited by the National Guard regulations, but the inspector reports that it is practiced "in some cases."

Regarding the condition of the camps as to suitability, water, drainage, etc., the report says that Dover Bay and Waterville were excellent; Huron, Marion, Bowling Green and Canton, good; Newark, Woodsdale and Xenia, fair; Piqua, bad. Six camps were near lakes or rivers, with good facilities for bathing; five camps had no conveniences for this purpose. The prescribed hours for drill service were "fairly well observed." At each camp, except two, there was a morning and evening gun, and at all the flag was raised and lowered as prescribed in the army regulations.

The roll calls were conducted "fair." As to discipline, etc., the inspector says: "Obedience to orders, good; behavior, good; courtesies, neglected. The men do not habitually salute the officers, and other modes of military etiquette are not habitually enforced. In most of the commands the men associate too familiarly with the officers while in camp." And this as to uniforms: "They are inferior in quality to those issued to the United States army. In many commands they are badly worn. In all they are badly fitted, because the garments have to pass from man to man; they are not given to individuals."

Two regiments are armed with the latest pattern Springfield rifle, caliber 45, Buffington sights; all other arms are of the oldest make, with obsolete sights. The inspector says: "A few companies keep their arms in excellent order, about half the companies fair, and the others bad. Generally the arms are cared for by hired armorers. The manual of arms is very good."

Guards were regularly mounted, each detail serving twenty-four hours. Guard duty was performed "fairly well." The men "are not proficient in guard, patrol, and outpost duty." The camp reviews, inspections, musters, parades, and guard mountings were performed "unsatisfactory to excellent." The proficiency of the men in the drill tactics of the company and battalion is reported "satisfactory considering opportunities." The inspector describes the system of messing, and reports the cooking as "well done."

In going to and from camp the cavalry marched fifteen miles each day. The First Infantry marched thirty miles to camp and returned by rail. All the other organizations moved by rail. The arrangements for disposing of waste water, garbage, and camp refuse were "in four camps excellent, in three bad, the others fair." The inspector speaks highly of the hospital arrangements and the efficiency of the ambulance corps. There was but little sickness in camp, though the fact is parenthetically mentioned that "a great many men tumbled over at parades from heat." As to target practice Captain Wilson says "none worthy to report."

Under the head of "general remarks" the inspector says:

"The praise worthy zeal in pursuit of practical knowledge which in time of need is to be used for the public good, should not be lost sight of by the legislature of Ohio, where provision is being made for future encampments. * * * I am of the opinion that regiments should be of two battalions of four companies of seventy men each, with two majors. With modern firearms this would give a greater fighting power than had an old regiment of a thousand men armed with muzzle loaders. Add to this fact the the increased difficulties and responsibilities of the dispersed order of battle, and it seems manifest that no greater force than I have suggested should be trusted to inexperienced colonels and captains.

"With a reasonable number of exceptions, I consider the officers of the Ohio National Guard a fine body of men, fitted by intelligence and education for the work which they have taken upon themselves of maintaining a military force for the benefit of the state and nation. Of the enlisted men I can speak with equal praise. In all this tour of duty I have seen but few who appeared to be idlers, and still fewer who represented the saloon, loafing, or vicious element. It is evident that the National Guard of Ohio is almost exclusively recruited from the respectable walks of life."

Looking to a study of this phase of the service, and for the collection of other information, I prepared and sent to each capain a list of questions and requested answers. Eighty of the ninety-one captains responded, and the information thus obtained is summarized as follows: Total strength, 4,445; age, under 25, 3,091; 25 and under 35, 757; 30 and over, 507; in first enlistment, 3,341; second, 836; third, 201; fourth, 65; native born, 4,249; foreign born, 196; married, 1,072; single, 3,373; served in the war of the rebellion, 78; son of soldiers of the late war, 1,344. Occupations: mechanics, laborers, etc., 1,963; clerks, bookkeepers, etc., 910; farmers and gardeners, 684; professional men, 157; students, 287; all others, 450; total engaged in indoor occupations, 1,795; outdoor, 1,479; in business for themselves, 571; employes, 3,866. Men whose skill might be of use in active service: teamsters, 268; cooks, 166; bakers, 96; carpenters, 250; blacksmiths, 124; ax-men, 956; firemen, 166; boatmen, 49; telegraphers, 57; railroad men, 154; miners and others competent to blast and handle high explosives, 67. The captains report generally no objection by employers to their men doing military duty, but in many cases there is a reduction of wages. Seventy-three report the sentiment in their communities favorable to the national guard, four report unfavorable, and three "indifferent."

"In answer to the question as to what per cent. of the company could be relied upon to promptly and cheerfully respond to a sudden call from the general government for active service in case of war, say for sixty or ninety days, 17 captains report 100 per cent., one less than 50 per cent., and the others range from 75 to 90 per cent. The companies could be assembled ready to board the cars in from one to twelve hours.

"As a whole the condition of clothing and equipments was not satisfactory. Here and there the splendid condition of a company showed that it is possible under the conditions of national guard service for officers to bring their men and their belongings to a higher state of cleanliness and soldierly bearing than is the average. Unbrushed clothing, unblackened shoes, soiled gloves, slovenly dressing and adjustment of accouterments, handkerchiefs about the neck, nasty guns, and neglected leather and brass are more common in most organizations than is creditable.

* * * "The art of troops taking care of themselves seems in danger of being lost. Whatever may be the advantages of steam cooking, contract feeding, and so on, as practiced in some way at the state encampments, I cannot bring myself to believe that henceforth all operations of war are to be carried on in city parks, where the troops of each side can be served by rival caravansaries. I believe it is important that the art of preparing food in the company, by the company, and for the company, should be a part of the schooling of the encampment. In order that the full benefit may abide in the service, cooks may be regularly enlisted men, trained in their military duties, who while on duty as cooks shall receive double pay. "Helpers" should be a daily detail. Contract feeding and consolidated messes tend to bring the service into contempt, and I hope Ohio may never adopt them.

"Formations and roll-calls were slow and straggling. In some camps the noise of bugles and drums was confusing. Companies would march to meals to the tap of the drum, bandsmen would keep up a racket at the wrong time, and in one case the relief of the guard was posted to the toot of a bugle. All this is wrong. Until it is stopped men cannot be brought to realize that the call of the bugle is a lawful command, to be obeyed the same as any other order. Until they do realize it, and officers emphasize it by their own prompt presence at every call, but a small measure of good can come out of all the work done in the camps. Men should be afforded abundant opportunity for amusement, but with the lines between work and play clearly drawn there would be more time for both. In some commands the list of calls was printed on cardboard in fancy type. The young recruit is not apt to regard such otherwise than as the program of a picnic. It would be better to stick to plain print and the dignified form of a military order.

"I was surprised at the amount of theoretical knowledge of tactics on the part of most officers. The application of the knowledge was also excellent considering the limited opportunities for drill. Each day showed improvement, and some highly creditable drills were held. Some officers lacked quickness and "snap" in their movements. As a body the men were not well "set up." Captains are earnestly recommended to stick to the preliminary parts of the school of the soldier" with their men. Nothing will better repay their labors.

"In most camps there was a lack of knowledge of guard duty. Officers and men should study the guard manual before going into camp. In at least one regiment I found the pernicious practice of making a frolic of the "grand round" —outsiders in the party guying the sentries, etc. I can imagine nothing more demoralizing.

"No instance of intentional disrespect to officers was seen. Daily I noticed officers giving orders or asking some service of men, and cheerful and prompt compliance was rendered. Saluting is much neglected, and, in my opinion, always will be. The conditions under which national guardsmen serve and human nature cannot be reconciled on the line of strict discipline of the regular army. But officers and men should not be too familiar with each other. Generally speaking discipline and conduct were good.

"The question of a permanent camp is now being considered by the state authorities. There is considerable opposition, but if the guard wishes to reap the full benefits of its annual encampments it should welcome a permanent camp, and general encampments every second or third year. There has been a great deal of discussion as to the proper duration of encampments. Nearly all the officers advocate two weeks. Six days is entirely too short a time. Eight or ten days would, in my judgment, be better than two weeks. Send men home before monotony sets in, and while they feel that they have not had quite enough.

"There is under discussion a scheme to place the national guard of all states under control of the war department, with large subsidies. I believe the effect of it would be to drive the better class of men out of the guard. The proposition is to start what is called a 'subsidy,' but it takes little foresight to predict a paid militia soon to follow. The governmen has no right to hold a man to service under dire penalty unless it keeps him under pay. Then the loafers would grow in 'influence,' would step to the front, and respectable men would shun the guards for the same reason that they shun the board of aldermen in some cities. If the state and nation want an effective citizen soldiery the work of the national guardsman must be largely a labor of love. It is so now, and a splendid class of men fill the ranks. The military spirit is abroad in the land. 'Why are you in the national guard?' I have asked hundreds of bright young men, and their answers have been, 'Because I love it.'

"Ohio does well for its guards, but a little more money could be well spent in providing shoes, double pay for company cooks, and extra pay and allowances for bands. The state should provide one pair of shoes for each man, and he should be required to take two pairs to camp. Music is a great stimulant to the martial spirit and regiments should have good bands. There was too much 'plunder' in camp, large wooden bunks, easy chairs, etc. The best bedding was that of Company I, Fifth infantry, consisting of single 'excelsior' mattresses, which were spread on the tent floor at night, and stacked on top of each other in day time, thus making a good seat and giving plenty of tent room. Too many visitors crowded the camps at busy hours. Families should not be allowed to live in camps. Companies should not be permitted to entertain 300 or 400 guests per day at meals, as was often the case. Entirely too many men failed to appear for drill and often for duty. Physical examination of recruits should by all means be instituted. There are too many weaklings in the ranks. The state code should have regulations looking to a correction of some of these matters, for I plainly forsee that the evils can be corrected in no other way.

"I have been free in criticism, deeming that the best way I could serve a body of men in whom I became much interested. Ohio should be proud of its national guard and the general government could rely upon it for good service in case of war. It is composed of a fine body of men who, as a rule, are earnest in their work, with a just pride and interest in the service."

DENIAL FROM DONNELLY.

Chicago, Sept. 16.—Ignatius Donnelly, president of the Minnesota alliance, says: "It should be distinctly understood that the Farmers' alliance of Minnesota has had nothing whatever to do with the various circulars that have been issued from St. Paul advising the farmers to hold their wheat for higher prices.

"These circulars, I understand, have the approval of what is known as the Reform Press association at Washington, although that association is not paying the bills. The Minnesota alliance has taken no action in the matter, and will take none, as the members of the executive committee of the alliance of this state agree with me in believing that such advance cannot safely be given."

BALMA CEDA'S ESCAPE.

Washington, Sept. 16.—Nothing has been received at the state or navy departments either to confirm or deny the report from Chili of the escape of Balmaceda from Valparaiso under protection of Admiral Brown on the United States cruiser San Francisco.

GERMAN CONFERENCE.

The Work of the Covington Meeting Over.

Appointments Made by Bishop Foster—Number of Changes Noticed.

Cincinnati, Sept. 16.—The ceu tral German conference, which has been in session in Covington for the past week, closed its labors last night and adjourned.

Bishop Foster made the following changes and appointments of the reverends.

North Ohio District.

Herman Herzer, presiding elder.
Akron, Ohio, Paul Wuerfel
Allegheny City, Penn, H Ruilman.
Waterville, Ohio, Fred Marsfelder
Berea and Rockport, Ohio, P F Schneider.
Bucyrus, Ohio, John Huenecke
Chnl and Canal Dover, Ohio, John Hollenkamp.
Carrington, Ohio, to supply Cleveland, Ohio; St Paul, Karl Koch; Scovill av and Mission, Henry Jend and John Meyer
Columbus and Newark, Ohio, Charles Trenschel.
Delaware, Ohio J P Bodmer.
Galion, Ohio, J Dobreck.
LaCarne, Ohio, F Dangel.
Marietta and Bonn, Ohio, William Andree.
Marion, Ohio, Franz Weal.
McKeesport, Penn, Fritz schuman.
Monroefield, Ohio, W C E Fishbach.
New Knoxville, Ohio, W R Nocka.
Pittsburg, Penn, city mission, E W Bockstahler; First church, T J Grassic; Second church, David Grassic
Sandusky, Ohio Karl Kock
Spencerville, Ohio, John Kuster.
Vermillion, Ohio, Karl Klocksin.
Wheeling, W Va, J C Egly.
C Biemenschneider, J O Berr and F W Schnider, professors of the Wallace college, and members of the Berea quarterly conference
J C Waidman, superintendent of the German Methodist orphan asylum, at Berea, Ohio.
Rev. Moehring, missionary of the North Pacific German mission.
C F Kupfer, missionary in China.

The next meeting will be in Seymore, Ind.

WENT DOWN TO DEATH.

Sixty-five Lives Lost in a Collision at Sea.

London, Sept. 16.—A dispatch from Gibraltar states that a collision between a Greek and Italian steamer occurred off that port, both steamers being sunk and 65 lives lost.

SENSATIONAL BLAZE.

Meridian, Miss., Sept. 16.—The new and elegant Southern hotel, costing $150,000, just nearing completion, caught fire at 6:30 last night, creating widespread fear of a general conflagration. No less than five accidents occured during the progress of the fire. W. A. Royce, treasurer of the Meridian Drug company, fell from the fourth floor, receiving serious injuries. H. E. Davidson, a fireman, fell five floors, through an elevator, fracturing his skull. The others are not thought to be seriously injured. The fire originated in the fifth floor.

GAVE UP THE SECRET.

Howard's Part in the Train Wrecking Scheme.

So Overjoyed to Think He Had Not Committed Murder That He Ran Into the Police.

Chicago, Sept. 16.—Charles Howard, the man who was arrested on suspicion at the scene of the attempted train wrecking on the Pittsburg & Ft. Wayne road near Whiting, Ind., made a full confession to the police in which he admitted that he helped to place the ties on the track.

He said it was the intention of himself and half a dozen companions to rob the two Adams Express cars, but the passengers were not to be injured. The ties were placed on the track for the purpose of stopping and not of wrecking the train.

When the train came to a halt his companions discovered that it was a local passenger train carrying no express and they made their escape in the darkness. Howard could not restrain his joy at seeing the train stop without injury and ran toward it, forgetting his position and only thinking he was not a murderer. The plans of the gang miscarried through their own stupidity or absent-mindedness, they having overlooked the fact that the express does not run Monday night.

THE ORDER MEANS NOTHING.

London, Sept. 16.—Advices from China state that the north coast government is sending explicit instructions to the governors of the central provinces, ordering them to protect foreigners residing or having business in the interior.

BEATTIE MUST GO.

New York, Sept. 16.—Mayor Grant has recommended to the board of health the dismissal of Street Cleaning Commissioner Beattie. This action will no doubt be taken.

SUICIDE IN A SLAUGHTER HOUSE.

Washington, Sept. 16.—Michael Maur, a blind German, 60 years old, committed suicide in a slaughter house last night by hanging himself with a calf sling.

BARDSLEY'S LIPS SEALED.

He Refuses to Talk When on the Stand.

A Sensational Turn Taken in the Investigation of the Keystone Affairs.

Philadelphia, Sept. 16.—Ex-City Treasurer John Bardsley, was brought up in court to testify in relation to some of the irregularities in his accounts, with the different banks and brokers. When placed upon the stand, he stubbornly refused to be sworn, but finally submitted and took the oath.

After declining to answer any questions put to him he said: "My mind has irrevocably been made up and no inducements, under any circumstances, can prevail upon me. It is useless for the district attorney to distress me."

As a result of the extraordinary proceedings which followed, Robert Glendenning and George H. Hunn, constituting the firm of Glendenning & Co., were held in $10,000 bail each for court on the charge of having aided and abetted Bardsley in his conversion of the public money.

THE KING OF ALL COUGH CURES; DOCTOR ACKERS ENGLISH REMEDY. Sold in England for 1s. 1½d., and in America for 25 cents a bottle. IT TASTES GOOD.
Dr. Acker's English Pills Cure Sickness and Headache. Small, pleasant, a favorite with the ladies.
PURE PINK PILLS
W. H. HOOKER & CO., NEW YORK.

SCROFULA
Is that impurity of the blood which produces unsightly lumps or swellings in the neck; which causes running sores on the arms, legs, or feet; which develops ulcers in the eyes, ears, or nose, often causing blindness or deafness; which is the origin of pimples, cancerous growths, or "humors;" which, fastening upon the lungs, causes consumption and death. It is the most ancient of all diseases, and very few persons are entirely free from it.
How Can It Be CURED
By taking Hood's Sarsaparilla, which, by the remarkable cures it has accomplished, has proven itself to be a potent and peculiar medicine for this disease. If you suffer from scrofula, try Hood's Sarsaparilla.
"Every spring my wife and children have been troubled with scrofula, my little boy, three years old, being a terrible sufferer. Last spring he was one mass of sores from head to feet. We all took Hood's Sarsaparilla, and all have been cured of the scrofula. My little boy is entirely free from sores, and all four of my children look bright and healthy." W. B. ATHERTON, Passaic City, N. J.
Hood's Sarsaparilla
Sold by all druggists. $1; six for $5. Prepared only by C. I. HOOD & CO., Apothecaries, Lowell, Mass.
100 Doses One Dollar

RADWAY'S PILLS,
AN EXCELLENT AND MILD CATHARTIC
THE GREAT
Liver and Stomach Remedy
For the cure of all disorders of the Stomach, Liver, Bowels, Kidneys, Bladder, Nervous Diseases, Loss of Appetite, Headache, Constipation, Costiveness, Indigestion, Biliousness, Fever, Inflammation of the Bowels, Piles, and all derangements of the Internal Viscera. Purely vegetable, containing no mercury, minerals, or DELETERIOUS DRUGS.
PERFECT DIGESTION will be accomplished by taking RADWAY'S PILLS. By so doing
DYSPEPSIA,
Sick Headache, Foul Stomach, Biliousness, Will be avoided, and the food that is eaten contribute its nourishing properties for the support of the natural waste of the body. SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS. Price 25c per box, or, on receipt of price, will be sent by mail; five boxes One Dollar.
RADWAY & CO., 32 Warren St., N. Y.

ARE WE Right or Wrong?
A Shoe Dressing *must* restore the brilliancy of a worn shoe, and at the same time *preserve the softness* of the leather.
LADIES will the Dressing you are using do both? Try it!
Pour a dessert spoonful of your Dressing into a saucer or butter plate, set it aside for a few days, and it will dry to a substance as hard and brittle as crushed glass. Can such a Dressing be good for leather?
Wolff's ACME Blacking
will stand this test and dry as a thin, oily film which is as flexible as rubber.

25 Dollars worth of New Furniture for 25 Cents. HOW? By painting 25 square feet of Old Furniture with PIK-RON. TRY IT. WOLFF & RANDOLPH, 927 North Front Street, PHILADELPHIA.

KIRK'S SHANDON BELLS TOILET SOAP
NO OTHER
Leaves a Delicate and Lasting Odor After Using. If unable to procure SHANDON BELLS SOAP send 25c in stamps and receive a cake by return mail.
JAS. S. KIRK & CO., Chicago.
SPECIAL.—Shandon Bells Waltz (the popular Society Waltz) sent FREE to anyone sending us three wrappers of Shandon Bells Soap.
Send 10c in stamps for sample bottle *Shandon Bells Perfume.*

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MADRID CHEMICAL CO., Branch Office for U. S. A. 358 Dearborn Street, CHICAGO, ILL.
FOR SALE IN TOLEDO, O., BY
W. K. West, 407 Madison St.
Cook Bros. (old number) 66 Front St.

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Merrill Bl'k, { Corner Woodward and Jefferson Avenues, } Detroit, Mich.
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PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON
Is still treating with the greatest
SKILL AND SUCCESS ALL
PRIVATE, NERVOUS AND CHRONIC DISEASES
NERVOUS DEBILITY,
Lost Manhood, Mental and Physical Weakness, Exhausting Drains, and all the evil effects caused by excess or abuse, treated scientifically by new Methods, and a thorough and permanent cure guaranteed.
BLOOD AND SKIN DISEASES
as Syphilis, Scrofula, Eczema, Rheumatism, Eruptions, etc., radically cured without mercury.
URINARY AND KIDNEY
complaints, Gonorrhœa, Gleet, Stricture, Varicocele, and all diseases of the genito-urinary organs speedily and safely cured.
DISEASES OF WOMEN, of whatever nature, skillfully and successfully treated.
No Experiments. Thousands Cured. Consult the Old Doctor. Forty years in practice. Consultation personally or by letter free and confidential. No matter who has failed to cure you, write DR. CLARKE a full history of your case. Medicines sent everywhere free from observation. Hours, 9 to 7 Sundays, 9 to 12. Call on or address
Dr. F. D. CLARKE,
Merrill Block, Detroit, Mich.

MAN,
If from self abuse while young, or over indulgence in later years you have become sexually weak, and would be made strong—if you are strong but would be more vigorous, send four cents in stamps, for our Medical Book, and List of Questions, which will be sent free, sealed, and in a plain envelope, secure from observation. Address,
THE EVANS MEDICINE CO., Cleveland, Ohio

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Stadtman BUSINESS COLLEGE —AND— SHORTHAND SCHOOL, Corner Summit and Adams Streets. Phone 1246.
Many Persons Think that "A SCHOOL IS A SCHOOL," and do not stop to reason that one may have facilities for imparting instruction far superior to others. There are many Business Colleges.
But the Grade, how Does it Suit you?
If you think of taking a business or short hand course, a visit to this institution will convince you it is the school to patronize. Call or send for full information.
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NIGHT SCHOOL OPENS MONDAY, SEPTEMBER 28th. THREE MONTHS, $6.00.
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TO THE PUBLIC—The firms represented in this department are reliable in every way. Their goods are the best made, and they are recommended to the readers of the BEE in cities and towns everywhere, as proper persons with whom to deal. Letters addressed to any of them will receive courteous attention and orders will be promptly filled. These firms do much toward making business of this section brisk at all times and are worthy of your patronage.

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INSPECTORS TO SWEAR

That They Report All Irregularities.

Local Rates and the Lumber Traffic.

Earnings of Toledo Railroads—The B. R. T. and O. R. T. to Consolidate—Lumber Weighed Here—Cinders.

The berth of an inspector for the Joint Rate Inspection bureau is not the easiest one imaginable. While performing their duty conscientiously they are looked upon by some narrow-minded shippers as interlopers who obnoxiously present themselves just to make trouble and confusion. The rate inspector is a necessity for the protection of all concerned, and he doesn't conduct his business for his personal edification, as many shippers think. That the Toledo inspectors might be judged aright, Chief Rainer has notified District Inspector Henry Marshall, of the Toledo Joint Rate Inspection bureau, that hereafter the inspectors at this point will be placed under oath. "This," he says, "is not to be construed in any way as doubting the honesty and integrity. There can certainly be no objection raised to taking such an oath on the part of the inspectors who are discharging their duties faithfully. The same rule is in force by the Western Railway Weighing association, and the Inspection bureau at the seaboard." The inspector swears that he examines correctly, weighs and inspects all freight and billing, and reports all irregularities.

Local Roads and Lumber.

The following statements of the Middle States Lumber association, showing the lumber business on Toledo railroads, will prove interesting. The tables show the revenue and tonnage for the first seven months of the present year compared with the same periods of 1890 and 1885:

REVENUE.	1889	1890	1891
C. H & D	95 554 30	$94 157 01	$68 854 59
C. H V & T	38 883 69	44 651 16	36 366 92
C. C. C. & St. L	35 542 12	28,711 37	40 367 21
T. & O. C	18 908 11	18,150 74	2 427 75
B. & O	30 641 50	24,747 8	29,712 57
W. & L. E	14,961 69	18,087 79	17,119 08
L. E. & W	.....	.....	4,466 66
T. C. & O	.....	.....	8,202 91

TONNAGE.	1889	1890	1891
C. H. & D	161,083,100	154,881,400	11,718,760
C. H V. & T	82,422,6 0	98,87,,400	76,267 5 0
C. C. C. & St. L	67,514,300	55,200,9 0	76,254 800
T. & O. C	42,05,500	43,9 0,650	45 101,500
B. & O	49 041 4 0	51,394 4 0	5 0,5 4 0
W. & L. E	30,645,,0	36,05 ,000	48,667 0 0
L. E. & W	.....	.....	12,329 0 0
T. C. & O	.....	.....	24 535 700

They Tell the Story.

The Toledo telegraphers have returned from the St. Louis convention. They say that yesterday arrangements were perfected whereby the Brotherhood of Railroad Telegraphers and the Order of Telegraphers become as one organization, the B. of R. T. conceding everything, and it was agreed that the O. R. T. should at once make application to the Supreme Council for membership in the United Orders of Railway Employes. This is evidence that the present plan of general federation will continue notwithstanding its enemies. The consolidation yesterday was brought about through the influence of the Hon. Eugene T. Debs, of Terre Haute, Ind., Grand Secretary and Treasurer of the Brotherhood of Locomotive Firemen and Editor and Manager of the Firemen's Magazine, and one of the broadest, brainiest men in the country. The foregoing was a move in the right direction. There is no sense in having more than one organization for each class of railway men, and it is hoped by many to see other consolidations effected soon.

Wanted in Toledo Next.

Last evening Geo. W. Lips, sales, of the Lake Shore, Charles Fox of the Cincinnati, Hamilton & Dayton, and Richard Conlisk of the Lake Shore, left over the Clover Leaf for St. Louis, where they will represent the Toledo Railway Clerks' Association at the railway clerks' convention in that city. They will endeavor to bring the next convention to Toledo, and there is considerable hope that they will be successful. Toledoans will make every effort to entertain them in a royal manner if they come.

Weighed at Toledo.

During the month of August 15 carloads of timber were weighed at Toledo on the Cincinnati, Hamilton & Dayton railroad by the Middle States Lumber association, and 7,500 pounds excess was discovered, or 500 pounds to each car.

Increases All Around.

The earnings of the Columbus, Hocking Valley & Toledo railroad for the eight months past were $2,016 0 3, as compared with $1,846,086 for the same period last year. This shows an increase of $169,977.

The earnings of the Toledo, St. Louis & Kansas City railroad for the second week in August, 1891, amounted to $44,284, an increase of $13,145 as compared with the same week of last year.

The earnings of the Toledo & Ohio Central railroad for the second week in August, were $25,468, an increase of $4,953 compared with last year. The earnings of the Toledo, Columbus & Cincinnati road for the same period amount to $6,747, an increase of $313.

Cinders Here and There.

The Toledo Railway Clerks association meets this evening.

President S. R. Callaway, of the Toledo, St. Louis & Kansas City railroad, is in New York.

Traffic Manager A. G. Blair of the Wheeling & Lake Erie went to Cincinnati this afternoon.

J. J. Kirby, traveling passenger agent of the T., A. A. & N. M., left for Lansing, Mich., this morning.

An additional sleeper has been added to the equipment of the New York and Chicago flyer on the Lake Shore.

Secretary F. S. Chandler of the Toledo, Ann Arbor & North Michigan railroad, has returned from a trip over the line.

The Toledo general passenger agents who attended the G. P. A. association meeting at Old Point Comfort, Va., have started for home.

General Passenger Agent J. M. Hall of the Wheeling & Lake Erie railroad is in Baltimore to-day. He will be home the latter part of the week.

The Sunday trains Nos. 21, 22, 29 and 30 on the Flint & Pere Marquette railroad between Toledo, Addison, Marshall and Yorkville, have been taken off.

Manager Wm. Grogan, of the Toledo Car Lines association, will attend the meeting of the National Association of Car Service Managers at New York, Wednesday.

Commercial Agent, C. T. Wight, of the B. & O., left for New York and the east this afternoon, to be absent ten days.

F. P. Copper, of Tiffin, the genial traveling passenger agent of the B. & O., is in the city to-day.

The order that Lake Shore trainmen would be discharged if reported entering saloons has killed the saloon business, has killed the saloon business in some places on the line, and the saloon keepers are talking of boycotting the road.

Harvest excursion rates were in effect yesterday, as is usual. The business from Toledo was very light. The last of these excursions will be run September 29.

The earnings of the Toledo & Ohio Central railroad for the eight months past were $939,228, a decrease of $887 compared with the same period of last year.

C. C. Gridley is expected home to-day from LaPlatte, Mo.

The annual meeting of the stockholders of the Toledo, Peoria & Western Railroad company was held yesterday. Directors and officers were re-elected as follows: Directors, Chas. Moran, Cornelius B. Gould and Wm. H. Gebhardt, of New York; president, E. F. Leonard, Springfield; vice-president, F. N. Armstrong, Peoria; secretary, E. Dusner, Peoria.

AS TO DRAPERIES.

The Display Being Made by the Enterprising Stolberg & Parks.

Some time ago Stolberg & Parks, furniture dealers, concluded to add to their splendid store a drapery department. This resolution was soon put into effect, and the firm secured the services of Mr. William J. Martwick, an efficient drapery man, formerly with the firm of J. A. Colby & Sons, of Chicago, who is now in charge of the stock.

A BEE took a stroll through the store this morning, and noted the cheerful appearance of the place. This effect was caused by recent improvements made. The walls and ceilings of the immense store room have been newly decorated in the most improved style, which with all the new and latest designs in furniture, produces a most pleasing effect.

Several large rooms on the ground floor facing Adams street, have been fitted out for the draperies. The reception room is separated from the furniture department by fret and grill work draped with fine lace and silk curtains, arranged with much taste. This room is equipped with elegant antique oak furniture of the most recent pattern and all modern appliances for displaying goods.

Here may be found all the finest grades of imported laces and light draperies that could be purchased in a metropolitan market. Ladies can revel in pleasure for a day in this department, where may be found the choicest and varied displays of Brussels and Irish points, Renaissance, Louis XIV and XVI and all the latest novelties in laces.

Two fine brass beds are fitted out to show the splendid effect of the complete stock of bedroom and bed draperies.

The room is decorated tastily. The windows and doorways are draped with pretty laces and silks, and the doors hung with handsome rope curtains.

Completing the general cosiness of this department is a mantle piece, made of the stones of the first Summit street pavement. Overhanging this is a fine tapistry painting, draped in a most artistic manner. Four other rooms are devoted to fine portiers, door draperies and wall hangings, also including a complete stock of furniture coverings.

THAT BREWERY DEAL.

English Syndicate Dickering With Toledo Brewers.

F. E. Wilkinson, the English Agent, at the Boody--Negotiations for the Purchase of One Brewery Pending.

"F. E. Wilkinson, London, Eng."

The address appears on the Boody house blotter to-day, and it means in brief that the English syndicate is still after Toledo breweries.

Mr. Wilkinson represents the English syndicate, and has been here for two days investigating the matter.

There was a conference yesterday at the Buckeye brewery, and while it is given out that the English buyer was simply looking over the plant, it means a good deal more.

Mr. Wilkinson has kept himself very quiet during his stay in Toledo, and all attempts to see him have been unavailing.

Mr. E. W. Tolerton was called into the conference, but he is as dumb as an oyster.

"There is nothing that can be said at present," he said in reply to a Bee's enquiry this morning.

"Will the deal go through, Mr. Tolerton?"

"You must not ask me any questions and then you will not be misinformed."

More than this Mr. Tolerton would not say.

Mr. Geo. E. Pomeroy, who was also present at yesterday's meeting, was seen. "There is nothing really to be said in the matter," he said.

"Have negotiations been re-opened?"

"Mr. Wilkinson and a friend from Chicago simply called to see the plant, and there is nothing new in the deal."

Inasmuch as the deal was declared off last year, it is evident that negotiations must have been renewed.

It is said that the syndicate desire to get control of the Buckeye brewery, and it is well known that Mr. Coghlin is willing and ready to sell at his price, which is said to be reasonable.

LOCAL MARINE.

Line in the Screw of the Steamer St. Paul—Items About the Harbor.

While just starting down the river yesterday the steamer St. Paul, with the schooner Scotia in tow, grounded on the middle ground below the Hocking dock. As the tow line slacked it was caught in the screw of the steamer and before the engines were stopped it was badly tangled. The steamer was then backed to the dock and is now waiting for a diver to get the hawser out of the wheel. The vessels were bound for up the lakes, light to load ore.

After much trouble and numerous groundings the ore laden barge Zapotic finally reached the Onio Central dock last evening.

The Spencer, Pennington and B. F. Bruce leave with coal to-day.

The schooner Our Son is at the Ohio Central with ore.

The steam yacht H. P. Tobey is receiving a new set of cylinder rings.

The schooner Atmosphere arrived last night from Buffalo loaded with hard coal.

The schooner Shupe is loading at the Ironville docks with coal for De Pere, Wisconsin.

LOCAL HAPPENING.

The judiciary committee meets this evening.

A meeting of the fire commissioners will be held at 6 o'clock this evening.

Harbormaster Skeldon placed a new end beam in the Perry street bridge last night.

The new fire brick pavement on Machen street is nearly completed.

Council committees on streets, sidewalks and annexation meet to-morrow evening.

Yes, we are buying apple now and making cider for customers at the big cider mill on Lagrange street.

The asylum trustees are in session today. There is nothing except routine business before the board.

Thomas Durkon and Thomas Dunn, of 29 Huron street, were arrested this afternoon on a charge of disturbance.

The county commissioners to-day transferred $2,000 from the general fund to the stone road building fund.

The county commissioners to-day sold $15,000 worth of stone road repair bonds to Spitzer & Co., of Toledo, at $30 premium.

The Seventh ward marching club met and organized last night. There were 47 signers to the roll and another meeting will be held to-morrow night.

Custar division, K. P., is drilling every Monday evening, getting in trim for an exhibition drill on Thanksgiving eve.

The Italian workmen who came to Toledo to labor on the pipe line are all quartered in the old building in the rear of the Hanner house.

An agent of the Pettibone Manufacturing company, of Cincinnati, is showing a very fine style of overcoat to the police force to-day, in the hope of securing an order for an outfit for "the finest."

Edward Graham was arraigned in police court this afternoon on a charge of petit larceny, having stolen a satchel valued at about $2. He plead guilty and was sentenced to pay a fine of $20 and costs and 10 days in the work house.

The case in police court this afternoon against Henry Wellanburg, charged with creating a disturbance near the market this morning, was quickly disposed of by the complaining witness refusing to testify, the costs being paid and Wellanburg discharged.

The German and English Lutheran church has taken out a building permit for a $1,600 frame dwelling on Nevada street which will be used as a parsonage. James Rooney has taken out a building permit for a $3,500 frame dwelling on Collingwood avenue.

There will be a gathering in the parlors of the Y. M. C. A. at 8 o'clock this evening, for the purpose of arranging for the coming of the evangelist Frank Smith, to the city. All members and friends who are interested in the matter and desirous of helping or giving suggestions are requested to be present.

SOME SPICY CURRENT TOPICS

Of Local and Neighborhood Interest.

Notes and Comments on Incidents Occurring Daily—Prepared for Readers Who are Hustled for Time.

THE FISH ARE PLENTY.

Deputy Sheriff Tual and Deputy County Clerk Prue went up to Monroe fishing yesterday and returned last night with a splendid catch of black bass and pike. Fish are plenty at Monroe and the market price is way down.

THE CARLISLE WEDDING.

The Carlisle-Studebaker wedding occurs at South Bend, Ind., to-morrow evening. Toledoans will leave here to-morrow morning at 7:40 o'clock on the Lake Shore. The sleeper will remain at South Bend and will leave for Toledo about 3 a. m. Friday, arriving here at 9:20 a. m. A large number of Toledo people are going.

CIRCUIT COURT IN SESSION.

Circuit court convened this morning, Judges Scribner and Bently on the bench, Judge Haines being out of town.

After the calling of the docket, motion to advance cause in the cases of the state against Patrick Quigley, Morris Goldberger and Patrick Boyle were heard, and motion granted. The Boyle case will be taken up to-morrow morning at 10 o'clock.

ANOTHER ELECTRIC CAR ACCIDENT.

At 7:20 this morning the patrol wagon was called to the city park drug store on Nebraska avenue, to take to his home, 819 Tecumseh street, John Wallenbecker, who had been hurt by an electric car. Dr. Becker was called and attended the injured man. No bones were found broken and the man was not dangerously hurt.

MATRIMONIAL BOOM.

The following marriage licenses were issued to-day:

John M. Collins and Louise M. Krien; William J. Prottinger and Anna M. Sanders; Clifton M. Phillips and Carrie E. Hosg.; John W. Wert and Mrs. Mary Wood; Frank Singleton and Emma Thurlow; Aniel Snaffer and Maggie Cavanaugh; Herbert E. Richards and Helen B. Klotz; Edwin H. Lybarger and Arena M. Strong.

SALESMEN'S MEETING.

The Toledo Salesmen's association, at its meeting last evening initiated six new members. After the initiation services, which were of a very animated nature, the members indulged in a little social time. Cigars and cards were among the inducements for members to enjoy themselves. Arrangements will be made in the near future for the first grand dance of the season.

THIRTEENTH STREET PAVING.

The work on the improvement of Thirteenth street from Lafayette and Washington street, where a firebrick pavement is to be placed, is being pushed rapidly. Some time ago the Concolidated street railway company was granted the right to place an extension of their line in this street, but so far they have made no move toward laying track, which must be done before the paving is put down.

HUDSON'S DETROIT OPENI G.

The Hudsons are among the leading clothiers of the country, and are always arranging surprises for their customers. Many Toledoans have received the following note from J. L. Hudson, relative to the opening in Detroit to-morrow:

"J. L. Hudson requests the pleasure of your company at the opening of his new store at Detroit, Mich., Thursday, September seventeenth. No presents or flowers."

The opening will undoubtedly be a success.

CADET NOTES.

The regular drill last evening was witnessed by a large audience. Thirty-two men were in line. The dress parade and guard mount were interesting features.

The boys enjoyed the "smokers" last evening, the compliments of Cadet Adams who has lately joined the "benedicts."

Squad drill Friday evening.

"Corporal Julius Geleerd is now his new title. Julius leaves Saturday for Indianapolis, being a delegate to the cigarmakers convention. He will also visit Chicago before he returns home.

Cadet Johnson was at last reports rusticating at Los Angeles, California.

NEW CATHOLIC CHURCH.

The Catholics of Swanton yesterday transferred to the Very Rev. Father Boff, admnistrator of the diocese of Cleveland, three lots, on which will be built a new church, and also two acres of land, half a mile from town, for a cemetery. A number of citizens contributed. It is expected to have the church under roof this fall. The building will be 30x60. Father Thomas F. McGuire, who is one of the most indefatigable workers in the diocese, will have charge of the enterprise, which is a guarantee that it will be pushed to a successful conclusion.

WANT TO BREAK AWAY.

Sheriff Stuart, yesterday discovered evidence of a plot on foot by the prisoners in the County jail to effect a general delivery, and that parties on the outside are interested. While coming from dinner the sheriff noticed several pieces of paper fluttering from a jail window. Picking the pieces up, he put them together and figured out the following:

"Dear Flannigan,—You will do me a favor by getting me a saw."

The man Flannigan is a friend of Lewis, the prisoner, in on charge of embezzlement, and has frequently visited the jail.

A PRETTY WEDDING.

A delightful wedding occurred last evening at the Washington Street Congregational church by which Mr. Starling G. Souder and Miss Edna A. Coffin were made man and wife. Both of the young people are well known in this city and the marriage ceremony was witnessed by a large number of friends. Rev. O. D. Fisher officiated, and later in the evening a reception was held at the residence of the bride's parents, 928 Oakwood avenue. Mr. and Mrs. Souder will be at home after October 15 at 1052 Bartlett street. They left last evening for a trip east.

MARTIN NEUHAUSEL SERIOUSLY INJURED.

Martin Neuhausel, of the firm of Neuhausel Bros., was very seriously hurt by an electric car at the corner of Adams and Summit streets last night at about 7:45. He stepped off a car just in front of one going in the opposite direction and was knocked down and seriously injured before the car could be stopped. Dr. Chapman was called and the injured gentleman taken in McGlynn's ambulance to his home on Franklin avenue.

Mr. Neuhausel was injured internally, and until 8 o'clock this morning was in a very serious condition. Since then he has been resting easier, and the doctors are holding a consultation to determine the extent of his injuries. Mr. Neuhausel's numerous friends will hope for his speedy recovery.

THE ISABELLAS.

The regular monthly meeting of the First Toledo circle of the Isabella association was held with Mrs. Bissell, Summit street, yesterday afternoon, Mrs. Rosa L. Segur presiding. An original and very interesting paper on "The Life and Character of Columbus," was read by Mrs. Sara J. Foley, the discussion upon which was animated and instructive. The routine business of the circle was transacted, and its growing numbers encourage members to think its usefulness will be augmented in the future. A committee to prepare an outline of study for the circle was appointed, the committee consisting of Mrs. A. P. Stevens, Miss Emily Bouton, and Mrs. Claude O. Murphy. The committee will report at the next meeting, which will be held with Mrs. Foley, 620 Lagrange street. Miss Mary Law will prepare the paper for the next meeting.

WANTS THE LOT BACK.

Another Law Suit Springing From the Columbus Post Deal.

In common pleas court to-day Clara B. Smith filed suit against Joshua R. Seney and wife, for the re-conveyance of lots 13, 14 and 15, block 46 of Mott's second addition.

The plaintiff alleges that the deed to the above property had been given the defendant, merely as security for notes given by Samuel G. McCullough. Dement Smith and Frank Smith, for $2,000 each.

It appears these notes were given in June, 1889, and the plaintiff states that on December 27, 1890, the defendant purchased of Frank Smith, Dement Smith, and Samuel G. McCullough, 200 shares of the capital stock of the Columbus Post for $22,500, and as part payment to cancel the two notes.

The plaintiff charges that his contract is in full force, and the defendant should deliver to her the deed to the property, which had been transferred, recorded and now claims to own.

WORKING A BLUFF.

The Owners of the Kirby Raise Their Ante.

General Opinion is That They are Bluffing—The City of Toledo People Will Accept Any Amount.

The following appears in this morning's Sandusky Register relative to the contemplated race between the City of Toledo and the Frank E. Kirby. After copying the article in yesterday's BEE, it says:

For the information of the BEE and the public we will state that the amount named in Mr. Ashley's proposition was placed in the hands of the publishers of the Register yesterday on arrival of the steamer Kirby in this city, and the amount has been raised to $1,000 by authority of the following dispatch received at the Register office last evening:

DETROIT, Mich., Sept. 15, 1891.

Sandusky Register:

I authorize you to double the amount now in your hands on the Kirby.

W. O. ASHLEY.

It now remains for the City of Toledo people to accept the challenge or withdraw quietly from the controversy. Blow and bluster do not make the fastest boat. Money talks and they now have an opportunity to settle the question by a fair contest. Will they do it? An anxious public is waiting for the answer.

Manager Cone agreed to race the Kirby for $100 or more, and the Kirby has, it is said, deposited $1,000 that it can beat the City. The general opinion in Toledo is that it is a big bluff, but whether the stakes are $1,000 or $5,000 the race will come off, and when it does considerable Detroit and Sandusky money will be transferred from these places to Toledo. But a red apple on that.

The Free Press of this morning says:

It is claimed for the City of Toledo that on Sunday she made nine miles in 22½ minutes, and then went six miles under check in 25½ minutes, or 15 miles in 48 minutes.

SPORTING.

Games Yesterday.

LEAGUES

	Pitchers—	R	H	E
Philadelphia	Esper—	5	7	5
Cleveland	Young—	4	9	4
Boston	Clarkson—	4	7	2
Chicago	Gumbert—	8	10	2

AMERICAN ASSOCIATION.

	Pitchers—	R	H	E
St. Louis	McGill—	7	13	9
Baltimore	McMahon—	6	3	5
Louisville	Fitzgerald—	11	13	3
Boston	Buffinton—	5	12	5
Milwaukee	Davies—	7	9	3
Athletics	Chamberlan—	5	8	1

The National League.

	W.	L.	P.	Per cent
Chicago	76	44	120	.633
Boston	69	50	119	.580
New York	62	48	110	.564
Philadelphia	61	55	116	.526
Pittsburg	54	67	119	.457
Brooklyn	51	66	117	.436
Cleveland	53	69	122	.434
Cincinnati	46	72	118	.390

American Association.

	W.	L.	P.	Per cent
Boston	82	37	119	.689
St. Louis	78	44	122	.639
Baltimore	66	53	119	.555
Athletics	64	58	122	.525
Columbus	58	67	125	.464
Milwaukee	53	67	120	.442
Louisville	42	79	121	.347
Washington	40	77	117	.342

Amateur.

There will be a meeting of the Auburndale base ball club Friday evening at Milburn hotel parlors. All members are requested to attend.

Auburndales and Starrs play their second game for the championship Sunday.

Auburndale v Starrs Sunday, September 20. Game called at 2:30.

The Foxes challenge the Ironville Unions, Heroes, Commercials or Athletics for the championship of the city, the best two out of three. If any club wishes to play us answer by Thursday's paper.

PERSONAL MENTION.

Major Byron M. Clendenning, of Celina, was in the city to-day.

Mrs. E. S. Fray will return to her winter home in Toledo some time this month.

The first Rambai circle since the vacation meets with Mrs. Cornelia Shaw this afternoon.

Misses Lottie and Grace Lemmon are the guests of Miss Clara Dennison for a few days.

The Emerson club resumed its meetings this week, Mrs. Mary J. Cravens giving the opening paper.

Mr. Russell Pettibone, of Cincinnati, adjutant of the First regiment, O. N. G., is in the city to-day.

M. G. Robinson, cashier of the Commercial National bank of Saginaw, Mich., is in the city, the guest of A. D. Stewart.

Dr. and Mrs. Fred Jaeger this week entertained Mrs. Mabel Fowle and children, of Cygnet, and J. Piyin Elderkin, of Chicago.

The first meeting of the Century club, season of 1891-2, will be with Mrs. Sarah E. Bissell, and Miss Mary Law will read the paper.

Miss Grace Hardesty is visiting with her grandmother, Mrs. John Cangney, at Catawba island, this week. She will be joined by her mother, Mrs. H. H. Hardesty, to-morrow.

Mrs. T. G. Dunn and daughter, who have been the guests of Mrs. J. Robison, of Lafayette street, have returned to their home in Detroit.

Misses Belle and Emma Roberts, from Lansing Junction, Mich., are the guests of their uncle and aunt, Mr. and Mrs. G. P. Roberts, No. 532 Middle street.

Mrs. Alonzo Riffle, who has been visiting with her uncle, Guido Marx and other Toledo friends and relatives, has returned to her home in New Orleans.

Mrs. Elizabeth Livermore, of North Carolina, who with her children, is visiting her parents, Mr. and Mrs. H. J. Hayes, Huron street, will remain in the city until the first of October.

Mr. R. J. Wickenden, brother of City Engineer Wickenden, arrived in New York Saturday from Paris and will visit his brothers in Toledo in a few days. Mr. Wickenden is arranging for an exhibition of his paintings in Chicago.

Mr. E. H. Smith yesterday received a letter from his wife and daughter, who are traveling in Europe, stating that they had left Paris for Geneva, where they would remain two weeks, after which they would proceed to Leipsic to spend the winter.

To-morrow afternoon Miss Florence Belgarnie will give a parlor lecture on Charlotte Bronte, at Mrs. Segur's residence, Broadway and Segur avenue. All ladies interested in the author of "Jane Ayre" and "Shirley" are invited to be present. This evening Miss Belgarnie will meet with the working girls at Walbridge hall at 8:30.

LOST.

Yesterday forenoon, near the corner of St. Clair and Jefferson streets, a check of this date, given by Curtis & Brainerd to C. F. Curtis, for $4,000, check No. 1375. All persons are cautioned against purchasing the above check, as it is the property of Curtis & Brainerd. Finder will be rewarded by returning to the office of Curtis & Brainerd.

IN TRADING CIRCLES

Both at Our Home and Abroad.

Wheat Quotations for the Day—Price Current for Produce and Other Articles.

The market quotations in the BEE are compiled from United Press special dispatches and from reports received by the Toledo Produce Exchange, and specially arranged by Mr. Daulson B. Smith, secretary of the Exchange.

OFFICE OF THE TOLEDO BEE, TOLEDO, O., Sept. 16

London wheat and corn markets quie and steady; Liverpool wheat easy; corn steady.

The receipts of wheat at seven principal western points to-day are 1,471,424 bu, compared with 459,311 bu on the same day last year.

Chicago lake freights advanced to 3½c on wheat from Chicago to Buffalo, and to 4c from Duluth, with strong demand for vessels.

In the next official visible supply statement the stock of wheat will probably be increased materially, as it is proposed to make several "private" warehouses in Minneapolis "regular" during this week. They now hold about 1,100,000 bu.

Michigan's wheat crop—Lansing, Mich., Sept. 16.—The latest returns from threshers received by the secretary of state indicate that Michigan's total wheat crop will exceed 28,000,000 bus instead of less than 27,000,000 bus, as estimated two weeks ago.

St. Paul specials say that the farmers in the northwest disregard the late Alliance output, and most of them must sell.

The World's Population—Prof. Von Juraschech has published a new edition of his geographical statistical tables containing the latest estimate of the world's population. This he computes to be 1,554,000,000. The average density is about twelve to the square kilometre. Europe contains 358,000,000 and America 124,000,000.

The value of cotton exported from this country in August was $2,465,382, and for 12 months $90,441,840. The value of oil exported in August was $4,698,348, and for eight months $30,176,878.

The receipts of wheat to-day at seven principal western points are 1,012,113 bu, in excess of the corresponding Wednesday, in 1890.

The export clearances yesterday from four Atlantic ports were 968,416 bu of wheat and flour to an aggregate of 1,030,000 bu. Corn exports, 46,000 bu. English markets as reported herein, are steady at London and weaker at Liverpool.

Whatever strength was imparted to the grain markets by the reported seizure by Great Britain of a port on the Island of Mitylene has been lost by the explanation that it was only a picnic—an outing for the marines and sailors. So that little episode has lost its force, and as there is nothing new to replace it, the bears are encouraged and markets are not supported by a corresponding number of buyers and prices are lower. The movement continues on a large ratio, as will be seen above. The shipment of flour and wheat for three days equals 2,850,000 bu from our four northern ports.

The most sensational, misleading bear statement of the wheat situation is telegraphed from Philadelphia and printed in some of the wesiern papers. It is a deliberate attempt to depress values all over this country by false representations of our production, and of the amount already sold for export. It represents the northwestern states as producing 200 millions of wheat, and that we have already sold 107 millions to go abroad from the winter wheat crop, and that foreign markets are congested and choked. All this excessive and untruthful attacks upon the interests of this country are traitorous and vicious.

The wheat markets have been lower, but regained part of the loss. Corn is decidedly lower.

In New York December wheat closed at 81 3/8, a loss of 3/8; September corn at 66½c, a loss of 1½; October at 61¾, a loss of 1⅝. In Chicago December wheat closed at 97c, a loss of ⅝. September corn at 60¼, a loss of 1¾; October at 53⅜, a lots of 1⅜.

In Toledo. The trading in wheat futures has been less active. It has been a dull day and prices are ¾ to 1c lower, and corresponding mostly with New York. The opening trades were at about as low prices as the closing, and the fluctuations between were narrow. On the call October wheat sold at 96¾c, December at $1 00 and May at $1 06¾. After the call September sold at 96¾ c, and closed at 96c, a loss of ¾ c; October at 96¾c; December at $1 00½, and closed at $1 00, a loss of 1c.

Cash wheat was in fair demand with sales of 50,000 bu. No. 2 soft, sold at 95½ to 96 and closed at 96, a loss of ¾c. No. 3 soft at 93; No. 48.6 to 85¾. Rejected No. 1 at 83; No. 2 at 76; corn, more trading. No. 2 for December at 43c. May at 44½@44c; No 2 white at 63¾c; No 2 yellow at 62c; No 3 yellow at 62. Oats—No 2 white at 33c; No 2, 31c.

Rye was cheaper; No 2 for September a 91c; October at 91@91¼c.

Clover seed was very active and cheaper. Sales were large. Prime for cash and September is $1 60; October at $4 55 to $4 47½; December at $4 57½ to $4 52½; No 2 at $4 30 to $4 15, closing at $6 20.

Daily Receipts and Shipments.

The following table shows the receipts and shipments at the points named:

	RECEIPTS.			SHIPMENTS.		
	Wh't	Corn	Oats	Wh't	Corn	Oats
N Y	537000	18850	140000	427766	40902	260
Balt	329677	1500	40000	306000	.....	.....
Phila	91697	16474	27919	235953	47777	10030
Boston	3100	18330	50515	.....	.....	.....
Toledo	68353	24096	17800	76000	4816	1718
Chicago	557216	195870	387871	352691	239527	219212
Milw'ke	74800	580	18000	550	.....	.....
St. L	128000	10000	57000	88000	17000	65000
Detroit	32707	1172	8854	.....	2257	7091
Duluth	40608	.....	.....	417535	.....	....
Minn	205 23	.....	.....	70060	.....	.....

F eights.

Lake freight to Buffalo...Wheat, 2c Corn, ..o
Erie Canal, including ch'gs ¾c. " ..o
Toledo to New York " 7¾c. " ..o

Markets by Telegraph.

New York, Sept. 16.—Money 4@5. Exchange heavy; posted rates $4 82@4 84½; actual rates $4 81¾@4 81½ for 60 days and $4 83¾@4 84 for demand.

Governments steady; currency 6s 110 bid; 4s coup 117 bid; 4s registered 99½ bid.

The market opened this morning with an unusually large volume of business, especially in Atchison, Ontario and Western, St. Paul and Erie. The opening figures were ½@¾ per cent higher. The demand for stocks was very urgent but only a fractional improvement was recorded during the early trading. Ontario and Western was the feature, however. On the revival of the Vanderbilt purchase by the New York Central it was freely bought and advanced in the early dealings 1 per cent to 22, only to fall back again to the opening price. Later it recorded a fractional gain. Toward the end of the first hour Kansas & Texas came to the front. It was actively bought and advanced from 25½@27¾c. Its strength imparted some strength to the remainder of the list and at noon prices were generally fractionally higher than those of yesterday. The market continued strong for most of the list and trading was active. The Northern Pacific were the features for activity and strength, while Union Pacific was conspicuous for its weakness. The latter declined 1 per cent, but aside from that stock the list at noon was strong at 2@2½ per cent. Hiehly. At this writing the market is firm. The sales amounted to 284,000 shares.

London, Sept. 16—1 p. m.—Wheat cargoes off coast at opening steady; maize nothing offering. Wheat cargoes on passage and for shipment quiet and steady; corn cargoes nominal.

Mark Lane—Wheat and maize at opening quiet.

Liverpool, Sept. 15—1 p. m.—Wheat market easy, demand poor and holders offer freely. American mixed corn steady, demand poor, 6s 5d. Winter wheat No 2 to No 1 7s 9½d@7s 10d. California wheat No 2 to No 1 8s 7d@8s 8d. Wheat and corn off coast demand poor.

New York, Sept. 16.—Cotton quiet; middlings 8 9-16; futures steady; September, $8 64; October, $8 64; November, $8 65; December, $8 82.

Flour quiet; city mill extra $3 0@3 25 for West Indies; superfine, spring, $3 5@3 75; winter, $3 25@3 85; fine spring, $3 2@3 50. Wheat opened weak and 1¼c lower and declined ¾ more in the early trading. From this there was a rally of ½@¾c on red winter cash $1 03; 1 03¾; October, $1 06¾; December. corn opened weak and ¾c lower and fell ½ more in the first hour. From this there was a rally of ½c; No 2 mixed cash 51; 67¾, September; 53 October; 53 December. Oats dull but steady; No 2 mixed cash 33; September; 31¾ October. Rye dull; barley nominal; molasses nominal. Sugar, refined, quiet, centrifugal crushed 5½c; granulated, 4 7-16c; mould A, 4 9-16c. Coffee quiet; fair rio cargoes, 19c. Rice nominal. Pork dull; new mess, $11 75@12 25. Lard quiet; October, $7 27; December, $7 37. Butter firm for fine grades, but otherwise dull; western extra, 24½@25c. Cheese quiet. Eggs steady. Turpentine quiet, at 38@38½c. Rosin dull; strained to good, $1 17½@1 20. Tallow nominal. Petroleum dull. Freights dull; grain to Glasgow, steam 5d.

Chicago, Sept. 16—Opening: Wheat—May, $1 01¾; December, 96¼c. Corn—October, 44c; May, 45c. Oats—October, 27½c; May, 31½. Pork—October, 11 05@11 10; January, 12 95. Lard—October, 6 92½; May, 7 15. Ribs—October, 7 10; May, 7 15.

Live Stock.

New York, Sept. 16.—Cattle—No fresh receipts, feeling steady. Dressed beef was firm at 7@9¼c per lb for native sides. Shipments to-morrow 3,236 quarters of beef.

Calves—Receipts 276 head. The market was steady. Sales of veals at $5 00@7 75 per cwt; grassers at $2 25@2 50.

Sheep and Lambs—Receipts 3,273 head The market for sheep was steady; lambs, firm. Sheep sold at $4 00@5 50 per cwt and lambs at $5 00@6 60. Dressed mutton was steady at 7@9¼c per lb, and dressed lambs weak at 8@10½c.

Hogs—Receipts 5,802 head, including 2 cars for sale. The market was st. ady. Sales at $5 10@5 00 per cwt.

Buffalo, Sept. 16.—Cattle.—Receipts 28 loads through, 42 loads for sale. The market was slow for common grades, but steady and firm for good fat. Sales of good to butchers' cows at $2 75@3 00 per cwt.

Hogs.—Receipts 9 loads through, 15 loads for sale. The market was slow for heavy grades, but strong, active and fully 10c higher for good quality Yorkers. Sales of heavy grades corn fed at $5 40@5 50 per cwt.; medium weights corn fed at $5 35@5 40; good to best corn fed Yorkers at $5 40@5 60.

Sheep and Lambs—Receipts 1 load through, 15 loads for sale. The offerings were mostly common. Good stock steady; common dull and lower. Sales of extra fancy sheep at $4 90@5 00; good to choice do at $4 50@4 75; good to choice native lambs at $5 25@5 40; common to fair do at $4 75@5 00; Canadas, common to extra, at $5 00@5 20.

Chicago, Sept. 16—The Evening Journal reports: Cattle—Receipts 11,000 head; shipments 4,300 head. The market was slow to steady. Sales of good to choice native steers at $5 4 @5 90 per cwt; no prime or extras on sale; others at $3 50@4 60 Texans at $2 40@3 10; stockers at $1 75@3 45; rangers at $3 6@5 00; good cows and heifers at $2 25@2 80.

Hogs—Receipts, 16,000 head; shipments, 8,000 head. The market was steady to lower. Sales of rough and common at $4 50@4 75 per cwt; mixed and packers at $4 80@5 05; prime heavy and butchers' weights at $4 95@5 40; prime light at $5 15@5 25; second class light at $4 25@5 00.

Sheep—Receipts, 7,000 head; shipments, 2,

The Bee.

BY THE TOLEDO BEE CO

ELMER WHITE, G. G HADLEY, F. P. CHAPIN

ESTABLISHED 1876.

ONLY 15years old, and the leading paper of Northwestern Ohio. It is the pioneer low priced paper, is *always* for the people and is read by the great masses. For these reasons THE BEE has always enjoyed the largest circulation, and is consequently the best advertising medium.

OFFICE 136 AND 138 ST. CLAIR ST

THE BEE Is regularly placed on file and may be seen at the BEE'S New York Office, Room 206 Potter Building, opposite Postoffice, New York City.

TOLEDO, OHIO, SEPTEMBER 16, 1891.

DEMOCRATIC STATE TICKET.

For Governor,
JAMES E. CAMPBELL, Butler County.
For Lieutenant Governor,
W. V. MARQUIS, Logan County.
For Auditor of State,
T. E. FECKINPAUGH, Wayne County.
For Attorney General,
JOHN P. BAILEY, Putnam County.
For State Treasurer,
C. P. ACKERMAN, Richland County.
For Judge of Supreme Court,
GUSTAVUS H. WALD, Hamilton County.
For Commissioner of the Public Schools,
CHARLES C. MILLER, Erie County.
For Member Board of Public Works,
JOHN McCAMARA, Summit County.
For Food and Dairy Commissioner,
A. J. TRUMBO, LawrenceCounty.

JUDICIAL TICKET.

For Common Pleas Judge,
GRAYSON MILLS, Erie County.

DEMOCRATIC Senatorial Convention.

The Democrats of the Thirty-Third Senatorial district will assemble in the city of Ottawa, Putnam county, on Thursday, September 24, at 10 o'clock a. m. for the purpose of placing in nomination two candidates to represent the district in the Ohio Senate.

The basis of apportionment is fixed at one delegate for every 100 votes and fraction over 50 cast for Hon. T. E. Cromley, candidate for secretary of state in November, 1890.

Each county will be entitled to representation as follows:

	Vote.	Delegates.
Wood	4,120	41
Lucas	7,360	74
Putnam	3,541	35
Henry	3,333	33
Fulton	1,993	20
Hancock	4,674	47
Total		250

By order of the committee.
H. C. GROSCHNER, Chairman.
W. H. HANDY, Secretary.

Democratic County Convention

The Democrats of Lucas county are requested to meet in the various wards and townships, at one place to be designated by the County Central Committeeman, on Friday evening, Sept. 18 between the hours of 7 and 9 o'clock to vote under the primary system for a member to the County Central Committee and delegates to the county convention, to be held at Walbridge Hall, on Saturday, Sept. 19 at 10 a m. which will nominate

Three Representates to the Legislature,
A County treasurer,
A Sheriff,
A County commissioner,
An Infirmary director,
A Coroner,
And select 74 delegates to the senatorial convention which meets, at Ottawa, Sept. 24.

The basis of apportionment is fixed at one delegate for every 50 votes and an additional delegate for each fraction over 25 votes, cast for Hon. T. E Cromley at the November election in 1890, which will give the wards and townships the following representation:

Townships and Wards.	Delegates.
Adams	2
Maumee	4
Monclova	2
Oregon	4
Providence	2
Richfield	2
Spencer	2
Springfield	2
Swanton	2
Sylvania	2
Toledo—1st ward	14
2d ward	9
3d ward	10
4th ward	13
5th ward	13
6th ward	12
7th ward	20
8th ward	16
9th ward	9
Washington	6
Waterville	2
Whitehouse	2
Waynesfield	2
Total	150

Supervisors to take charge of the primary election will be announced by the committee.
M. M. EPPSTEIN, Chairman.
F. T. VANFLEET, Secretary.

The demonetization of silver in 1873 is now referred to as the Shermanization of silver, which is a good way of telling in one word the history of how it was done.

The nomination of Flower and Sheehan for governor and lieutenant-governor of New York means the election of the whole democratic state ticket by fifty thousand majority. Good politics at Saratoga to-day.

Along with the other bountiful crops this year is that of tobacco in the Miami valley, which is reported to be more in quantity and better in quality than ever before. This will be an incentive for the further cultivation of tobacco in favorable sections of Ohio.

If, as is now quite generally anticipated, Russia attempts the confiscation of German factories and industrial plants within her territory, and seeks to compel the German-born owners to choice between naturalization and flight, there may be another story told than that of the unhappy Jew. The German is not "a man without a country."

The stoppage of the Keystone investigation, so far as the government can do it, just as the accountants became hopeful they were getting at the bottom facts, reminds the Boston Herald of a story President Lincoln used to tell of a hunter who followed a bear some time and then gave up the chase because "the trail was getting too fresh."

The Chicago Mail notes that one day last week importers of tin in that city paid $1,800 increased duty on a Welsh tin-plate consignment. It follows indisputably that when the articles manufactured from this tin are put on the market this added cost of material will proportionately increase the market price, and the buyers of the manufactured article must pay it. The tariff is a tax every time, and there is no getting round it.

Comparison is sometimes the most effective setting in which an event can be seen. The enormity of Russia's crime against nineteenth century civilization is made clearer when we are told that more families have been affected by the savage enforcement of the May laws and subsequent ukases against the Hebrews "than were called upon to mourn the loss or wounding of relatives during the great American war."

The convict lease system has received new life in Tennessee, the bill to abolish the system having been voted down in the legislature. All the enactments of this special session have been adverse to the demands of free labor, and in the interests of corporate monopolies. The law makers have industriously sown dragon's teeth and placed the state they represent on a line of action from which it must some day retreat at a cost now incalculable.

Everybody who glories in the wealth-producing capacities of the country would like to believe that the United States has tin which can be profitably mined. The difficulty about believing the tin tax prophets who promise that "American tin will be on the market in another year" is that the same promise and prophecy was made a year ago for this year. When the tin schedule of the tariff was enacted the assertion was that we should have the tin industries in full swing and the product on the market when the schedule became operative, but now that it is operative even the tin buttons for the Ohio campaign cannot be made of native tin, but are of the Welsh product. How can ever so willing people believe today's promises of next year's yield, when to-day has no yield as promised last year? "To-morrow is the day that never comes" is a proverb we learn in our nurseries, and practical experiences as we grow older do not permit us to forget the lesson.

Two practical suggestions are made in connection with the appointments to fill vacancies on the Interstate Commerce commission. One of these is that the vast territory west of the Mississippi should have a representative on the commission. This portion of the country, two-thirds the width of the continent, has an aggregate railroad milage of 73,000 miles. Another and perhaps more important suggestion is that none of the appointees shall be a practical railroad man, one who is thoroughly conversant with the business of railroad construction and management, and has a knowledge gained by experience of the questions involved in transportation. The commission, which has not been the shining success its advocates confidently predicted it would be, may be made much more efficient if this last suggestion commends itself to President Harrison and governs one of his appointments to this commission.

While our friends, the enemy, are worrying over the silver plank in the Ohio democratic platform it may be well for them to study up on the act of July 14, 1890, now in force. This act provides for "the purchase of the silver product of the American mines." The United States is not America, though by common and incorrect usage the people of this nation attempt to monopolize the word. It is not for the purchase of the silver product of the United States only that the act provides then, even if that was the original intention. As a matter of fact the output of our own silver mines for the calendar year 1890 is estimated by the director of the mint to have been 54,500,000 ounces, of which 8,791,598 ounces were used for art purposes. Unless the product of domestic mines this year is greater than it was last year, which is not known, the treasury department is now, in complying with the act of 1890 which makes it compulsory on the department to purchase 4,500,000 ounces of silver a month, forced to buy foreign silver. It is undoubtedly buying quantities of it which were mined in Mexico.

The Reform Press association was lately established at Washington to supply authentic information and reliable news to various farmers' and laborers' papers throughout the country, relative to the movements of their own organizations and to general affairs. It was held that the existing press associations were wickedly subordinated to certain interests which were inimical to the common people, and that the news they furnished was not reliable. Now the Reform Press association, 'so young and so fair," has fallen from grace. It has been sending out ostensibly by authority of its backer, the Farmers' alliance, the circulars advising the farmers to hold their wheat, but Ignatius Donnelly, officer of the Northern National alliance and president of the Minnesota alliance, wants it distinctly understood that his alliance had nothing to do with the circulars. It would seem from this that the new association is not any more infallible in intent than the older ones. So far as its ability to collect news is concerned, it cannot compete with the older ones. The patrons of its papers are therefore not likely to be well served, and will probably speedily conclude that the general news of the day, as compiled by the newspapers which have long served them, may safely be read and sifted by the light of the individual's common sense and good judgment.

THE COBDEN CLUB SPOOK.

Of all the time-worn-out devices to which protection shriekers have recourse during campaign days none have grown so threadbare as has the spook of the Cobden club, which phantom was supposed to be ready to shower British gold into any state in this country when an election was on, in the interests of "free trade and British industries."

What the Cobden club was in its palmiest days is now well understood by every intelligent American. It was a group of political economists who believed in and defended the scientific principles on which rest the benefits of unrestricted commerce. In these palmy days the members of this club circulated, as far as they were able, in all English-reading countries the propaganda of their doctrine. They were not men of wealth, and sometimes found difficulty in raising a fund to pay for their annual banquet, which cost in the neighborhood of an English pound a head. They never had surplus enough to buy a ward heeler at a primary. Not long since the demise of the club was reported, and it has certainly been very inactive for years.

For all of these reasons it was expected the Cobden club liar would be silent or find a new romance this year. But he seems to be as destitute of brains as lacking in veracity. He has tried to raise his spook again. Senator Quay's paper was his organ, and what the Pittsburg Times said the other protection sheets were quick to copy. The lie was credited to Mr. Thomas H. Dudley, and was as follows:

While at the Cobden club I learned that decided effort was being made to defeat McKinley for Governor of Ohio, and if money can do it, it will be done. No specific amount has been named, but $1,000,000 can readily be secured by voluntary contributions.

Mr. Dudley is a Pennsylvania republican, but he refuses to stand sponser for this choice bit of idiocy. To representatives of the Philadelphia Record and of the New York Evening Post he has promptly and specifically denied that he said any such a thing as the Pittsburg Times put in his mouth. What he now says is that "the members of the Cobden club are not such fools." If Mr. Dudley did say what the Times said he said, he has taken a complete back action. Will the papers which published the Times' purported interview "please copy" the denial or recantation, whichever they may be pleased to call it?

READY FOR THE CONTEST.

Mills, of Texas, to Talk to the Farmers.

The Democratic Campaign in Excellent Shape.

In the Event of Republican Success Neither Sherman Nor Foraker Can Be Senator.

Columbus, Sept. 16.—(Special)—The friends of Sherman and Foraker are not backward in stating that if they cannot secure their own choice for senator they will not support each other, prefering to take up a third man, and it now looks as if Charley Foster would be the recipient of any honors that the kickers may want to dispose of.

Within the past three or four days positive information has been received that McKinley has been applealed to by the Foraker men to aid them in their fight, or else he will go down in defeat, while on the other hand the Sherman men claim McKinley and all his friends and, if by chance the legislature should be republican, many known Sherman men who have been nominated for the senate and the house openly declare that they will not vote for Foraker in any event.

If these men should keep their pledges Foraker will never receive the commission, but that Foster, who first discovered him, will be the recipient of the Foraker vote and from the Sherman men he can secure strength enough to secure the senatorial plumb.

This last scheme is the outgrowth of considerable scheming among three of four members of the committee over which Hahn presides. Hahn has received within the past two days upwards of $35,000 from the employes of the state board of public works, state officials and federal office holders, and on Thursday of this week will receive about $40,000 form Philadelphia and Pittsburg, and about the middle of October it is said a syndicate will furnish any amount of money desired by the republican committee.

One of the clerks of the republican state executive committee says that the campaign will not cost McKinley one cent of money, and all that he would be out in the event of defeat is his time, and that will be well paid for by the tariff robbers of the eastern states, who estimate that McKinley's time and the work performed for them is worth about $30,000 a year.

This same clerk stated that the attaches of the committee from Chairman Hahn down to the messenger were receiving nearly double the salaries ever before paid.

Chairman Neal.

Col. James E. Neal is acknowledged to be one of the easiest men to approach that ever held the position of chairman of either party's committee, and to his credit be it said that he has worked like a Trojan and has gotten things in almost excellent shape.

Two years ago many leaders of the party two weeks before the election were of the opinion that Foraker would be elected, but Neal, in an interview published in the Bee, stated that Campbell would beat Foraker 10,000 votes and that both branches of the legislature would be democratic.

It is his opinion at the present time before the campaign is opened that Campbell will have a larger majority over McKinley than he had over Foraker, and the legislature, notwithstanding the Poe-Ryan robbing scheme, will be democratic in both branches.

In a few days Chairman Neal will announce the list of speakers who will show to the people of Ohio why the McKinley robber tariff bill should be repealed, and that a reform tariff law should be upon the statute books of this great country.

One appointment that has been made will give the farmers a chance to learn something of the truth of tariff reform. It will come from the lips of the great Texas orator, Rodger Q. Mills, and he will speak at Mansfield, September 19th, Delaware, the 21st, Springfield, the 23d, Circleville, the 24th, Lancaster, the 25th, Newark, the 26th, and Chillicothe, the 29th.

Col. Neal's scheme of having the democratic governors here on the 6th of October has caused the republican committee to make arrangements for a meeting at Dayton on October 24th, and letters entreating McKinley, Foraker and Sherman to come together there and bury the hatchet was consumated last night and letters sent out this morning.

Dan Ryan's Poll-Books and Tally Sheets.

While there is no doubt of Dan Ryan's honesty in regard to the purchasing of poll-books and poll-sheets, one fact stands out that he made a great mistake by not ignoring all those publishers and printers who might have a scheme on hand for him to adopt their plan when he could easily have prepared one himself and saved the state $7,500. The election board of this city has refused to purchase the articles desired by them of the firm to which Ryan awarded the contract and will purchase from the lowest bidder.

NORTHWESTERN OHIO POINTRES.

Ottawa county democrats will nominate a strong ticket Saturday. Representative Bense will not be a candidate for renomination.

The campaign in Defiance county has not opened, but when it does it will be a very one-sided affair. Defiance democrats always win.

John L. Geyer will make an effective campaign for the senate down in the 32d district. Senators Shaw and Geyer will represent that district for the next two years.

Henry county will expect a successor to Hon. D. D. Donavan this fall. His name will be known after next Saturday's democratic convention has finished its work.

Jim Lucky, of Elmore, will not tear his nether garment for the republican cause this year. Mr. Lucky's experience has been unfavorable, but of a very educational nature.

John W. Winn, democratic candidate for representative in Defiance county, is a brilliant speaker, and will make his mark in the legislature as the first representative Defiance county ever had there.

Hon. Roger Q. Mills will open his campaign in Ohio, at Mansfield next Saturday. He is one of the most impressive speakers in the country and can ably expose the high protection fraud. It will be a great meeting for Northern Ohio.

It now developes that B. F. James was nominated for representative by the republicans of Wood county, because he is in favor of a new court house in Bowling Green, a project which Capt. O. P. Norris opposed. The farmers generally are opposed to it throughout Wood county, and James will scarcely be able to introduce a bill in the legislature providing for the issuing of bonds for that purpose, because he will not be there. He will be badly beaten if the signs are read aright.

CANNOT FIND THEM.

Many democrats you meet know some republican who will not vote for McKinley. It would be a task of no small proportions to find a democrat who will not support Campbell.—Youngstown Vindicator.

NOT IN A DAY.

As things go American tin-plate is likely to get into the home market before American pork gets into the foreign. A trade disintegrated by 11 years of idiotic legislation cannot be restored in a day.—New York World.

STRAIGHT THIS YEAR.

Democratic tickets are worn straight this year. All the democrats need to do is to put the X at the head of the ticket and the judges will do the rest.—Mansfield Shield and Banner.

REASONABLY CERTAIN.

In their desperate efforts to save Ohio the republicans are not paying the slightest attention to Iowa, and that state is reasonably sure to go democratic this fall.—New Orleans Delta.

LOCAL LABOR NEWS.

The Barbers Reject the Bosses' Proposition—Meetings Last Evening.

The Barbers' union at its regular meeting last evening discussed and laid over the proposition of the bosses to receive payment for services on a percentage of the receipts. The proposition was to take 50 per cent. The matter will be discussed at a meeting Sunday evening.

The importation of Italians to work on the pipe line, referred to in yesterday's BEE created some comment in labor circles. Investigation revealed the fact that no one in particular is to be blamed.

At its regular meeting last evening the Bricklayers' union decided to remove its headquarters from Meyers' to Mulcahey's hall.

The Painters' union held a brief business meeting last evening and discussed matters pertaining to the Labor Day parade.

The carpenters denounce the few members who are attempting to use the organization for political effect. The ticket wont go.

DEMOCRATS ON THE ALE RT

Rousing Ward Meetings Last Evening.

The Second and Fifth Right in Line—Central Committeemen to be Elected—Caucus Friday Evening—Ward Notes.

It may not be amiss to call the attention of the democratic ward organizations to the fact that at the caucuses on Friday evening it will be necessary for each ward to elect a member of the county central committee. The name of the candidate for central committeeman should be printed on the ticket for delegates to the county convention something in this wise:

Central Committeeman,
JOHN DOE.

It is all important that good men be elected, as much will depend on the work of the county central committee, whether our ticket shall or shall not be elected. Send your best man to the central body.

Second Ward Club Organized.

The Second ward democrats are right in line. A large and enthusiastic meeting was held last evening in Price nix hall for the purpose of organizing a Second ward democratic club.

M. J. Cooney was elected temporary chairman, and C. W. Murphy, secretary.

The following were appointed to have charge of the caucus Friday evening: Supervisors, Captain John O'Connor, Robert Hughes; clerk, M. P. Murphy.

The secretary was authorized to procure a voting place for the caucus.

A committee of three, Joseph Fournier, Robert Hughes and M. P. Murphy, was appointed to draft a suitable preamble for the club's charter.

Nominations for officers to be elected at the next meeting were then made.

Fred Wagenknecht, Robert Hughes and Theodore Schmidt were appointed a committee to procure permanent headquarters.

A list of delegates, two from precinct A, three from B, two from C and two from D, were selected to be voted for at the caucuses on Friday.

After the signing of the charter herein given the meeting adjourned subject to the call of the committee on headquarters.

Toledo, Sept. 15, 1891.

We, the undersigned, hereby signify our intentions to become members of the Second Ward Democratic club, and that we pledge ourselves to use all honorable efforts not only to get out a full vote for registry but also see to it that the full vote of the ward is canvassed and polled and that furthermore we will individually work for the success of our party in the ward, city, county and state:

Joseph J Fouriner	Wm A Gashe
R I Hughes	Fred Myers
M P Murphy	T G Bradley
John O'Conner	Chas Hughes
James Launew	James Ashe
Thomas Carr	C E Schieble
James Conlisk	H F Hanigan
J Cain	William Goeshe
M J Cooney	Fred Wagenknecht
Henry Van Carson	Neil Daley
Phil Reid	James Pheatt
Theodore Schmidt	Cash Young
P T Brady	John Grady
Wm Brady	Wm Murphy
John Holland	Tom Nyhan
Fred Page	Daniel Nyhan
J M Eleey	Fred Wise
Wm Haskell	Louis Ginn
Joseph Dupez	Richard Gordy
Wm Creighton	Mich O'Hearn
Dan Donovan	Mat Donovan
Ed Morretz	James J Cogans
Chas Ehbers	Henry Zugg
W H A Billinglen	Mike Kircher
Capt John Enright	M McLaughlin
	Tom Henery

Fifth Warders in Line.

The Fifth Ward Democratic club held a rousing meeting at Everman's hall last evening.

Dr. Munn, Richard Fitzgerald and Frank Coleman were appointed a committee to draft bylaws and constitutions.

The list of charter members was enlarged by the addition of quite a large contingent of active democrats.

A list of 13 delegates to be voted for at the caucus Friday evening, was prepared and endorsed as follows:

Precinct A—O. A. Browning, Louis Rohr, Rudolph Brand.
Precinct B—J. C. Stanton, B. H. Broer, John H. Dean.
Precinct C—Dr. Munn, Geo. Meyer, Geo. M. Doner.
Precinct D—O. C. Bourdette, Fred Titgemeier.
Precinct E—R. A. Ford, David Miller.

John H. Dean, O. C. Bourdette and J. C. Stanton were appointed a committee to secure permanent headquarters.

The club adjourned to meet again next Tuesday evening when a large attendance is expected.

Ward News and Notes.

This evening the First Ward club will hold a special meeting, to which all democrats are cordially invited.

The Seventh Ward club will meet tomorrow evening and prepare a list of delegates for the Friday night caucus.

Remember the success of the party in Lucas county will depend a great deal on the Central committee. Elect your best men.

There should be a large turnout in the Sixth ward to-morrow evening when the democrats of the upper part will meet to organize a club.

The Fourth, Eighth and Ninth wards are still out in the cold. No wards in the city need active organizations more than the Fourth and Eighth.

Friday evening the democrats of the Third will meet at the court house for the purpose of organizing a club. Every democrat should be present.

NEW YORK POLITICS.

There is no doubt about J. Sloat Fassett's Platt-form.—Atlanta Journal.

Fassett's first name is Jacob, but he writes it simply J., and the voters are likely to make it Dennis.—Chicago Times.

The slap which the New York republicans gave the billion-dollar congress in their platform was not in the nature of an invitation to Tom Reed to stump that state for Fassett.—Kansas City Star.

Handicapped as he is with the double weight of administration bossism and Platt bossism, Fassett will be beaten out of sight by Flower or any other respectable candidate for governor of New York nominated by the democrats.—St. Louis Republic.

There is nothing in American politics more corrupt and debasing than the part played in municipal affairs by the rural republicans of New York under the lead of Thomas C. Platt, and Mr. Fassett is, first of all, the representative and a leader of those whose chief end in political management is to increase the chances for plundering the rich communities of the state in aid of "the boys" who constitute Platt's strength.—New York World.

DOES NOT EXPLAIN IT.

McKinley has not yet been able to explain why he opposed the incorporation of Blaine's reciprocity scheme in his tariff bill.—Bucyrus Forum.

BARBARA MOSS ABROAD.

Visiting Fontainebleau With President and Mad. Carnot.

The "Arc de Triomphe de l' Etoile."

The Bois de Boulogne—Hotel des Invalides—Versailles—Various Delightful Views of Bits of Paris.

Staff Correspondence Toledo Bee.

An epidemic of visiting seems to have broken out among the crowned heads of Europe. King George of Greece, Alexander of Servia, the Grand Duke Alexis, Victoria and her daughters and grandchildren are all on the royal go, Emperor William has just got home, and it is said the czar of Russia and all the rest of them who married Danish princesses will meet at the old homestead for a family reunion and put by the cares of state and not talk politics (perhaps). Then to-day, the French fleet and British navy vessels are courtesying to each other in English waters, and English newspapers are saying all sorts of pretty things about the friendship with France which "must and shall be preserved." The triple alliance is under a cloud for a moment, and the royal picnics aforesaid, along with the state of affairs in China, fill the news atmosphere, as of course the cables will tell you before this gets started.

We missed the ovation given King George, by running off to the coast. Not that there were any vacant places at the banquet table because of our absence, but when Paris decks herself for a holiday everybody in the gay city is "in it." However, your humble correspondent was one of a party which a few days later had the honor of escorting President and Madame Carnot to their summer home at Fontainebleau. I am not putting on any airs at all; we were not on the program. It happened to be so ordered, and the kind fates are hereby publicly thanked.

We chose a morning with a rainbow in it when we should go to Fontainebleau. It is two hours from Paris, on the Lyons railway south. As we rode to the station we noticed the tri-color fluttering on every breeze. Flags are always flying in Paris, but this morning they were multiplied by so many we asked why and wherefore, and were told that the President and Madame were to go to the palace on an afternoon train.

'Twas a delightful morning ride through pretty villages, past picturesque country homes, with heights on one side and green garden valleys on the other, scarlet poppies, buttercups, and green hedges festooned with fragrant white creeper. We cross the Marne river near its confluence with the Seine, and later cross the Seine on a fine suspension bridge, and cross it a second time in the short journey. The belle riviere seems loth to leave Paris and its environs and go winding off into the country. From a long viaduct—more than a hundred feet high, over which our train passes we have a beautiful view of the wooded slopes and nestling home spots in the midst of them. Then we stop at an ancient Roman town named Melun, and which Cæsar called Melodunum. After burnings, sackings, pillages and what not, at various intervals, here it is to-day—out-Phœnixing Phœnix, and 12,560 inhabitants dwell on the historic eminence. Like every other ancient town in France, it has a church and a chateau "which the tourist must not fail to see," in fact, two of them; one built in the eleventh century and one in the sixteenth. We get only glimpses of these and go flying on through the charming valley and presently enter "the forest of Fontainebleau," the beauty of which is that it is a forest just as nature wills it, man's only interference being the most pardonable one in the way of broad, smooth roads through it in every direction. It covers 42,500 acres and is the most beautiful woods in all France.

The city of Fontainebleau is a clean, pretty town of something over thirteen thousand people. It is so completely overshadowed by the great palace and its fame, most visitors from out of the country forget, if, indeed, they ever knew that it is there at all.

We lunched at a little table under an awning, out on the sidewalk, the way half the people in the cities of France do, then entered the forest and strolled to the palace—the palace so full of the ghosts of kingly victories and queenly woes they might look at us by the dozens from every window. But there is nothing ghostly in the appearance of the place. The surrounding gardens are full of blossoming flowers, the wind whispers gently through the wilderness of leaves, and beyond them the Seine flows on its sinuous way; the banks either side dotted with buttercups, daisies and wild forget-me-nots, and the odors of Araby the blest are abroad in the air.

The palace covers a great area of ground, but its exterior appearance is not impressive compared with the magnificence of its interior. We enter at the "Cour du Cheval Blanc" (the court of the white horse) named for a statue which once stood at the entrance. (The different portions of the building surround five separate courts). Here we are met by a French guide who speaks so slowly and so plainly one with even a little knowledge of the language can follow him quite well.

Standing on these broad stone steps, Napoleon I bade an effectionate adeau to the grenadiers of his old guard after his abdication and as he was about to depart for Elba. And here a year later he reviewed the same troops before he again rode at their head into Paris. We looked out over the court and tried to imagine the scene. Only the uniformed sentinels were in sight and the guide was waiting. In the party with us were a distinguished-looking Arab from somewhere, and his fair-haired English bride. True to tradition they looked at each other more than they did at the mural decorations and true to human nature we stole occasional glimpses at them.

Fontainebleau was the favorite residence of Napoleon I. It was here the divorce tragedy was consummated and from this erstwhile happy place Josephene took her lonely way to Malmaison. The wonderful ceilings and walls, the paintings and elegant furniture of the various suites of rooms baffle description. It would be a tiresome recital, but it is a rich lesson in history and a glorious satisfaction to the lover of beauty to look upon it all. It is like a dream to "unaccustomed eyes." The immortal names in the art reriods of France are written here in their works, and so well preserved is everything one can half imagine the old-time occupants throwing their ermine mantles across the gold-frame brocaded chairs, and flinging their feathered cockades and precious-stoned snuff boxes around, when for a brief interval, the doors drive of the city. The park is extensive were closed on ceremonials and they were only men and women glad to be at home by themselves. And yet with the keys turned in the locks the cares and anxieties crept in after them.

In the beautiful chapel Louis XV was married and Napoleon III was bantized.

We were interested in a special suite of rooms in which Pope Pius VII was held prisoner by Napoleon I. until he should agree to sanction the decree of divorce. From June, 1812 to January 1814, the holy head of the church was detained in these apartments. His bed chamber is hung with tapestry and his bed canopied with satin damask. At intervals, you remember, the man of Alpine ambition and iron will would go in and plead his cause before him.

In one ante-chamber the whole story of Queen Esther is told in the Gobelin tapestry on the walls, and the best chamber of Anne of Austria is similarly adorned.

A peculiar interest attaches to the "petite apartments" of Napoleon I. On the mantel in his bed chamber in this suite is an exquisite white marb'e bust of Marie Louise, but no trace of poor Josephine except her elegant room, which were afterwards occupied by another. Near the Emperor's bed is the willow cradle of the little King of Rome, with white silk canopy. One room is called the "halle des Assiettes" (plates), from the walls which are set with fine porcelain plates on which different scenes are painted. It is probably the only one of its kind in the world, and Louis Phillippe, who ordered the decoration, must have had a consuming desire to do a novel and unique thing.

The royal theater is a cosy little place, with all the upholstering in gold brocaded satin "picked out" with white. It's simply an empty show-room now, gorgeous enough in its desolation. The grand ball room is a royal place, over a hundred feet long, and the sides are all alcove windows which swing back, fairly opening the room into the gardens on either side. In all the rooms of the various royal families are the most elegant chairs, in patterns some which have "come in" again, mosaic and inlaid cabinets, Louis XIV clocks, bronzes, mirrors, vases, statuary and the rarest articles of vertu, gifts to the royal families from royal friends and politicians of other lands. The bath rooms are lined with mirrors, seated with down-cushioned divans and hung with satin draperies, exquisite in tint and harmony. Whatever pertained to the Napoleons and the Louis's is exquisite in taste and crusted with elegance.

The throne room is less elaborate than some of the others, the throne consisting of an ample crimson plush chair, under a canopy of dark red, fringed with gold. A gold "N" embroidered in the back cloth is the only ornamentation, the ceiling in this room is very beautiful and the rock crystal chandelier is one of the most elegant things in the palace. The library in which never a book is disturbed, contains 35,000 volumes, numbers of them choice and rare.

Passing through a hall which leads to the right wing, the guide finds the door closed upon him. Asking admittance, it opens, betraying a serving maid on her knees scrubbing and waxing the floor, and she explained in explosive French how she could hardly get through before le Presidente and Madame should arrive. It was one of those touches of nature that remind one of the kinship of the world, the one tie between palace and cottage—they must needs be scrubbed to be clean. We were kind to the maid and so went out another way and did not "track."

We hired a cab with a many-buttoned driver to take us through the winding forest-ways, allowing us to pay a visit to the acres of rocky ravine that look as if the infernal regions had burst forth and some of the debris cooled above the broken earth. In one great basin of stone is quite a lake.

And now, with the return to the palace gates began the most exciting episode of the day. All the dead kings and queens, their sins and their woes their trophies and their treasures, were forgotten, for down the broad avenue lined with trees, flags and people, the very live president and his wife were momentarily expected. We took our station in line by the roadside and Cabby seemed to catch the spirit of it. They came on an ordinary train like ordinary persons, and a carriage drawn by four white horses wearing flags and scads of silver bells was all the "state" there was about it. A carriage, following, with four dignified looking men who might have been cabinet ministers, constituted the only train of attendants. The president and madame rode by themselves and smiled to the cheers on either side. I believe from the bad pronunciation of our "Vive la Republique" they knew we were Americans for they surely gave us a double courtesy and the madame's lovely smile was accompanied by an expressive little gesture of the hand. Then Cabby skipped in third and away we sailed in the procession as if we belonged there. I would have given my bank book then and there for the stars and stripes. It was an opportunity to glorify my country and do homage to the young republic, which may never come again. We escorted them to the palace gate, saw them alight, hoped the maid had got over the hall finished and that their first '91 dinner in the palace would be a palatable one, and flew back to the station in high feather, just in time for our train.

The president is a distinguished-looking man if he were simply an unofficial citizen. He has a frank, candid, and thoughtful face, rather serious in expression, and Madame Carnot is more than beautiful—has a noble and good countenance. Both have the dark hair and eyes characteristic of the pure French, and when the silk hat of the president was lifted a well-defined bald spot was visible. We are told that the president and his wife seek the utmost simplicity in all they do, in contrast with the pomp and circumstance, the blare of trumpets and the rolling of drums that the royalty which preceded them delighted in. Certainly no president in our own country ever went about with less parade.

We hear little of Napoleon III in the histories of the palaces, yet it was he who restored Fontainebleau to more than its former glory, and he who, in imitation of his illustrious uncle, made Paris more magnificent than ever the city was before in the reign of any monarch. He is too recent and the wraith of poor Eugenie is yet hovering about the scenes of their former splendor.

The morning rainbow fulfilled the sailors' prediction and we went back to Paris in a pouring shower which was succeeded by a brilliant sunset. Even the natives proclaim themselves amazed at the eccentricity of the weather.

* * * * * * *

The result of the softening influence of time on human passions has scarcely more striking illustration than in the treatment of a nation's heroes, whatever their crimes through a misleading ambition. Napoleon died, lonely, exiled and forsaken, but the one desire of his heart is fulfilled and the world can never forget him while the city of Paris lifts its beautiful proportions upon the banks of the Seine. He builded for his own fame and for the future though not as he designed. The largest triumphal arch in the world is the "Arc de Triomphe de l' Etoile," which bears aloft the story of his famous victories in enduring stone. It was begun by Napoleon in 1806 and completed to its present state by Louis Philippe in 1836. It is doubtful if the top finish which it yet lacks is ever erected. The structure entire is 162 feet high, 146 wide and 72 in depth. On the huge blocks of stone are carven battle scenes, peace conferences, heroic single figures, shields and entablatures, and, besides these representations, the names of one hundred and forty-two battles and of six hundred and fifty-six great generals who fell in them during the years of the republic and the first empire. It may be a record of exceeding great glory but it is written and cemented with blood.

By a spiral stair-case, 261 steps, the top is gained, where a grand view of the city may be had. It is more satisfactory than the view from the wonderful Eiffel tower, which is so high that things melt into indistinctiveness. Twelve broad avenues radiate from the place of the Arc; these Napoleon had made straight and wide leading to the various portions of the city, that from this eminence he might command all Paris with his field glass and his guns. These avenues lead into the principal gardens and palaces; the Champs Elysees, which runs through the park of the same name, one and a third miles long, lined with elm and lime trees, planted in the seventeenth century, is the fanciful fashionable promenade and the Bois de Boulogne, a beautiful park, of 2280 acres. It is the property of the municipality, and has lost its old-time dark reputation as the haunt of robbers, dualists and criminals. Millions of dollars have been expended upon it; outside the lines of the fortifications it has suffered greatly during the sieges of the city.

In one of the drives in the Boulogne woods, we met the American writer, Mme. Rives-Chanler, in the carriage with another lady and a gentleman, possibly her husband, our informant didn't know. It was but a momentary glimpse of a rather striking looking young woman whose appearance was due partly to her quite artistic attire.

From the Arc de Triomphe a cord of warlike successes unrivaled in the world's history, we went to the tomb of the hero of it all—swift transition from earthly glory at its height to a handful of undistinguishable dust in the depth of the grave. The hospital for old and disabled soldiers in connection with the church of the tomb gives name to the place—"the Hotel des Invalides." The two occupy thirty or more acres. The gilded dome above the tomb rises three hundred and forty-four feet and its decorations are all of a military character. As we enter, the exquisitely beautiful altar at the end of the church, opposite us, is the first object of admiration. By some peculiarity of the material or the coloring of the windows either side, the delicate tracery seems always to be flooded with sunlight. Directly beneath the dome and in front of this altar, in an open circular crypt, is the sarcophagus, an immense block of rich red-brown granite, plain and massive. Its weight is sixty-seven tons and we are informed by our glib-tongued conductor it cost 140,000 francs to bring it from the quarry in Finland. The pavement of the crypt is in mosaic work representing a wreath of laurel, and the walls are of polished slabs of granite, adorned with marble reliefs representing historic scenes. Twelve colossal statues are ranged between these slabs and stands bearing old battle flags, sixty in number. The names of the chief battles are in the pavement in an outer circle about the laurel wreath. The lofty dome above the crypt is rich in artistic paintings and the dim blue-white light which falls from a stained window in the apex of the dome to the otherwise gloomy crypt below, adds impressiveness to the rather solemn place.

My first visit was with a party of Cook's tourist, when a laughable incident occurred. As we stood at the side of the crypt looking thoughtfully down on the sarcophagus and listening to the history of the mosaics and the marbles, and chance was offered, a lady asked, "When were the remains brought from St. Helena?" "I tell that farther around," said the honest talking machine, "but as the lady has asked me, I tell her now: it was in the year 1824." She shook her head negatively, and we passed around behind the high altar where is the entrance to the crypt, on either side of which are the sarcophagi of Duroc and Bertrand. Napoleon's faithful generals, and his friends to the end. Here the guide went on with his narrative: "and Bertrand followed his beloved emperor's remains when they were brought from St. Helena in eighteen hundred forty to their present resting place." The inscription over the heavy ornamented bronze doors reads: "I desire that my ashes repose on the banks of the Seine in the midst of the people of France whom I love so well."

It was quoted from his will.

In lofty side chapels are monuments to Generals Vauban and Turenne, and in smaller chapels either side as we pass to the door are monuments and tombs of Napoleon's brothers and family, all of whom he invested with royalty, or at least made attempt so to do. We passed through the armory, hall of flags, corridors of the hospitals and got a view of some of the veterans, and out into the fine and extensive gardens which fill the quadrangle. The museum on the second floor in the wing contains an interesting collection of the costumes of war and various relics in glass cases. In the handsome esplanade, outside the railing of the front court, are a dozen or more cannon, unmounted, taken by Napoleon in famous battles. History tells us his army brought two thousand three hundred and thirty-three captured cannon from the battle of Austerlitz. The remainder of this outer court is a garden.

Had Napoleon died on the throne of France and did his descendants yet occupy it greater reverence could scarcely be paid his memory than is expressed in the magnificent surroundings of the little handful of dust—all that remains of him whose warlike tread once shook the continent of Europe.

* * *

We went by carriage to Versailles, something more than ten miles from Paris. I was surprised to see a city of nearly fifty thousand people. I had supposed it was a small town which had grown up about the famous palace and gardens. Mr. Murray (you have heard of him) tells us that 36,000 men and 6,000 horses were employed in these palace gr

DREADFUL PSORIASIS.

Covering Entire Body with White Scales. Suffering Fearful. Cured by Cuticura.

My disease (psoriasis) first broke out on my left cheek, spreading across my nose and almost covering my face. It ran into my eyes, and the physician was afraid I would lose my eyesight altogether. It spread all over my head, and my hair all fell out, until I was entirely baldheaded; it then broke out on my arms and shoulders, until my arms were just one sore. It covered my entire body, my face, head and shoulders being the worst. The white scabs fell constantly from my head, shoulders and arms; the skin would thicken and be red and very itchy, and would crack and bleed if scratched. After spending many hundreds of dollars, I was pronounced incurable. I heard of the CUTICURA REMEDIES, and after using two bottles CUTICURA RESOLVENT I could see a change; and after I had taken four bottles I was almost cured; and when I had used six bottles of CUTICURA RESOLVENT, one box of CUTICURA, and one cake of CUTICURA SOAP, I was cured of the dreadful disease from which I had suffered for years. I cannot express with a pen what I suffered before using the REMEDIES. They saved my life, and I feel it my duty to recommend them. My hair is restored as good as ever, and so is my eyesight.

MRS. ROSA KELLY, Rockwell City, Iowa.

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The new Blood Purifier internally (to cleanse the blood of all impurities, and poisonous elements), and CUTICURA, the great Skin Cure, and CUTICURA SOAP, an exquisite Skin Beautifier, externally (to clear the skin and scalp, and restore the hair), have cured thousands of cases where the shedding of scales measured a quart daily, the skin cracked, bleeding, burning and itching almost beyond endurance, hair lifeless or all gone, suffering terrible. What other remedies have made such cures?

Sold everywhere. Price, CUTICURA, 50c; SOAP, 25c.; RESOLVENT, $1; Prepared by the POTTER DRUG AND CHEMICAL CORPORATION, Boston, Mass.

Send for "How to Cure Skin Diseases," 64 pages, 50 illustrations, 100 testimonials.

PIMPLES, black heads, red, rough, chapped, and oily skin cured by CUTICURA SOAP.

IT STOPS THE PAIN.

Back ache, kidney pains, weakness, rheumatism and muscular pains relieved in one minute by the Cuticura Anti-Pain Plaster. 25 cents.

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Matinees Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday. The celebrated comedienne, Miss Vernona Jarbeau in her brilliant musical comedy.

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Next week—"Pearl of Pekin.

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One night, Wednesday, September 16, Willard Spenser's fascinating comic opera,

THE LITTLE TYCOON.

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A grand company of 50 people and orchestra. PRICES—25, 50, 75c and $1. Seats at Holmes'. Sept. 18-10—Charlotte Thompson.

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Repairing of all kinds of Hats a Specialty.

208 Summit Street.

HARVEST SONG.

Laugh out, laugh out, ye orchard lands,
With all your ripened store:
Such bounteous measure nature yields;
What could heart ask for more?

With earth's broad lap abrim with food,
The azure skies above,
The heavens whisper, "Earth is good;"
Earth answers, "Heaven is love."

The winds that wander from the West
O'er fields afar or near
Find plenty nowhere manifest
In richer stores than here.

The golden rick, the bursting bin,
Of rich and ripened grain
Bespeak the wealth which all may win
In industry's domain.

The cornfields set in grand array
Of solid rank and row
Are streams of wealth which set this way,
And soon shall overflow.

Laugh out, laugh out, ye ripened fields,
With your unceasing mirth:
The joy your bounteous measure yields
Shall bless the whole round earth.
—[Dart Fairthorne in Harper's Bazar.

BEESWAX.

The report of the registrar general of Ireland shows that upward of 100,000 acres of land in Ireland have gone out of cultivation since 1850.

The biggest day's receipts in the history of the Brooklyn bridge were taken on April 30, 1889, the day of the centennial anniversary celebration. They amounted to $5,018.80.

A very choice lot of tea known as Golden Tips, grown in Ceylon, and believed to be the finest ever offered, was sold in London a few days ago at £25 a pound. It was purchased for exhibition abroad.

The use of crude petroleum for fuel is constantly extending. It is said that 15,000 barrels, equal to 40,000 tons of coal, are consumed daily in Chicago. It is used in 17 states, and as far west as Omaha.

What is said to be the largest lumber mill in the world is at Fort Blakeley, Wash. Last year this mill turned out 69,000,000 feet of lumber, over 28,000,000 laths and a large amount of other stock.

A grandson of Thomas Hart Benton, Missouri's great senator, lives in Neosho, Mo. He is a smart young lawyer and is ambitious to become a member of the court of appeals of the St. Louis district.

The Kansas City Journal urges that the carloads of wheat that arrive there from the west and southwest be converted into flour there instead of shipping it off as wheat. The mills already established there are prosperous.

The introduction of the typewriter, and its now almost universal use, has practically ruined the ordinary ink business, and canvassers for ink manufacturers are pushing all sorts of gift enterprise schemes to help the sale of their goods.

Miss Lia Hewitt, daughter of Col. Hewitt, of West Virginia, is the only woman railroad engineer in the United States. The road on which she operates is the Cairo & Kanawha Valley railroad—a narrow gauge line connecting with the Baltimore & Ohio.

There is something about the cedar logs that are now being exhumed in Cape May county, N. J., and that are said to have been buried for more than two thousand years, that imparts a soft and melodious tone to a violin, and the logs are being cut up for the making of such instruments.

There are said to be but few people in England who can rival Mrs. Annie Besant in dinner-table oratory. Her voice is clear and melodious, and her mental grasp of the subject under discussion is remarkable. Her great speech at Westminster Hall in her own defense before the chief justice of England won the admiration of the Queen's attorney general.

Racers such as the Teutonic charge from $20 to $40 more for a first-class passage to New York than other swift ships of the same line, but a good deal of the additional profit is absorbed by coal alone. The so-called five-day ships consume per day from 60 to 80 tons of coal more than other great ste amships, and this item alone means an extra cost of from $180 to $240 per day.

George J. Gould, who is about thirty years old, did not receive a collegiate education, but as soon as he came of age was taken into his father's office and into a partnership with the firm of brokers of which Jay Gould was at that time a member. Very quickly he was a director in this company and that, until soon he sat at the council board of pretty nearly all the corporations in which his father held a large interest.

At Bayreuth the other day an amusing incident took place. M. Van Dyck, the tenor, was playing Parsifal to Madame Materna's Kundry, and in trying to escape from her wiles, being overcome with enthusiasm, he seized his hair with both hands, forgetting the presence of a wig. The ludicrous scene may be imagined, and poor Van Dyck was obliged to return to the wings for a mirror.

While the cruiser Philadelphia was on her recent trip from Bar Harbor to New London, and when 30 miles to the eastward of Nantucket, the lookout aloft reported land showing above the fog two miles ahead. As no land is marked in the map for that locality, his report was doubted, but when he persisted in his assertion several officers mounted to the top and distinctly saw a shore on which were a lighthouse and several farm houses. It was a mirage.

A bear from the neighboring swamps paid a visit to the town of Sylvania, Ga., a few days ago. He did not appear at all savage, and trod the streets unmolested. An excited crowd gathered and viewed him—from afar. He climbed up one of the large oaks on Main street and remained there contentedly until the small boys began to pelt him with sticks and stones. He then made a rapid descent, and the small boys wisely scattered. He lingered around quite a while after that viewed all the points of interest, and at last trotted off leisurely in the direction of the swamp.

Foreign bicyclists are enthusiastic over the long ride of Charles Terront, who rode from Paris to Brest and return, a distance of 744 miles, in 71½ hours. He never slept during the ride, and his only refreshments were a few cups of bouillon. It appears that on the way a pneumatic tire burst, delaying him an hour and a half, and permitting Laval to head him. But, in spite of the mishap, he arrived first by more than three hours. On his return he presented a weird appearance, covered with a thick coating of dust, face like marble, cheeks hollow, back bent and neck sunk into his shoulders. He hardly looked human, and was scarcely able to speak.

Mr. Janssen, the French savant who is endeavoring to establish an observatory on the summit of Mont Blanc, will find it rather difficult to carry out his very laudable project. M. Imfeld, the Swiss engineer whom he has employed on the work, writes to say that the weather is awful on Mont Blanc, and that he realizes only with great difficulty that he is in August and not in mid-winter. Some of the workmen have had their feet frozen, and the others only have been retained through a promise of higher wages. The spot occupied by the engineer and his men is swept daily by violent snowstorms, and they have been utterly unable to get near the summit of the mountain.

The wonderful story of Patrick O'Keeffe is now the sensation in Savannah. Twenty years ago he was a poor sailor, making a livelihood on the small craft that navigated the neighboring streams. To-day he is monarch of all he surveys—absolute ruler of the island of Nyph, in the Pacific ocean, in the tropics. In 1867 he killed a man in a quarrel and fled. Bringing up in Hong Kong he began a small fruit and lumber business between the Pacific islands and Hong Kong. He was successful, and after a few years secured the island of Nyph from the natives by a trade of some sort. The island abounds in rosewood and fruit, and O'Keeffe bought a schooner and brig and started business on a big scale. His vessels ran to Hong Kong, and he soon built up an extensive trade, which has steadily increased until now he is reckoned as a very wealthy man.

Almost all the "marbles" with which boys amuse themselves in season and out of season, on pavements and in shady spots, are made at Oberstein, Germany. There are many large agate quarries and mills in that neighborhood, and the refuse is turned to good account in providing the small stone balls for experts to "knuckle down" with. The stone is broken into small cubes by blows of a light hammer. These small blocks of stone are thrown by the shovelful into the hopper of a small mill, formed of a bedstone having its surface grooved with concentric furrows; above this is the "runner," which is of hard wood, having a level face on its lower surface. The upper block is made to revolve rapidly, water being delivered upon the grooves of the bedstone where the marbles are being rounded. It takes about 15 minutes to finish a bushel of good marbles ready for the boys' knuckles. One man will turn out 160,000 per week.

THE TWO CONFERENCES.

Toledo's Visitors and Who Will Entertain Them

During the Sessions of Next Week —Generous Hospitality Will Be Extended.

The committee on arrangements for the entertainment of the ministerial and lay delegates to the two conferences which meet in Toledo next week, have quartered the visitors with those who have generously thrown open their homes for their care. The list will probably undergo some slight changes, but it is as near correct as can be made until the delegates arrive. In the meantime, to prepare for contingencies, the committee would be pleased to have the names of any other citizens who will entertain should it be necessary.

MINISTERIAL CONFERENCE.

Bishop John P. Newman, Dr. J. F. Berry, Dr. A. J. Kynett, Dr. G. W. Gray, Dr. A. B. Leonard—M. Churchill, 504 Magnolia.

Mrs. Dr. Beebe, Mrs. Anna Clason, a Japanese student J. T. Gracey, D. D.—S. W. Flower, 1905 Michigan.

Albright, Lewis M.—H. A. Bond, 559 W. Washington.

Albritton, Josiah L.—Wm. Beatty, 1534 Huron.

Austin, Cyrus B.—J. R. B. Ransom, 1724 Adams.

Ayres, Joseph—James Hale, Milburn ave.

Ayres, Melvin T.—Wm. Doty, 1515 Huron.

Avann, Joseph M.—E. P. Breckenridge, 1845 Collingwood.

Brackney, Rev.—N. S. Brackney, West Toledo.

Bailey, David H.—R. H. O'Bryan, 511 Bridge.

Balmer, Robt. H. —W. R. Jones, 722 Bush.

Barkdull, Thomas N.—James Hale, ss Milburn ave., 2 w Albion.

Barker, Aratus—Austin Bishop, 2267 Detroit ave.

Barnes, Adam C.—A. D. Stewart, 442 Twelfth.

Barron, Chas. S.—Austin Bishop, 2267 Detroit ave.

Brown, Henry—Wm. Webster, 1412 Huron.

Baumgardener, Stewart—F. H. Tanner, 1453 Huron.

Baumgardner, Jacob—Jacob Baumgardner.

Belt, Leroy A.—F. H. Tanner, 1453 Huron.

Berry, Atkinson—Chas. Potts, 627 Prouty.

Bethards, Joseph H.—Joseph H. Bethards, 509 Magnolia.

Biggs, Peter—Mrs. H. P. Whitney, 2920 Monroe.

Bigley, Hamilton J.—C. W. Wertz, 826 Dorr.

Blair, Jabez S.—Mrs. C. A. Thatcher, 1724 Adams.

Boardman, Benajah N.—Chas. Deshon, 803 Elm.

Boggs, Samuel M.—W. R. Jones, 722 Bush.

Boltin, Joseph C.—Mrs. A. E. Kline, 1764 Summit.

Bower, John T.—Mrs. H. Harris, 738 Western ave.

Bower, David—L. S. Churchill, 623 Mulberry.

Boyer, Henry—Henry Boyer, 874 Prouty ave.

Brackney, Nathan S.—N. S. Brackney, West Toledo.

Brake, T. W.—Leroy E. Clark, 125 Prescott.

Bates, John L.—Mrs. D. Reaume, 105 Auburn.

Brumbaugh, Edward C.—W. H. H. Leeder, 649 Knower.

Bashford, D. J. W.—Frank Southard, 938 Grand ave.

Betts, J. F.—N. P. Chapman, 557 Plymouth.

Boggs, Sam—Jahial Beadle, 607 Federal.

Campbell, Thomas H.—Mrs. G. W. Bartlett, 510 Magnolia.

Carr, Jesse—E. R. Finch, 530 Oliver.

Carter, Daniel—Mrs. J. A. Hawthorne, 1458 Huron.

Cater, Joseph H.—Geo. Browning, 339 Oliver.

Clemons, James C.—Mrs. A. S. Johnson, 2521 Erie.

Colgan, John R.—M. D. Booth, 1609 Collingwood.

Colgan, Stephen J.—J. T. Kerruish, 817 Urbana.

Cook, Dwight R.—Mrs. Jacob Tanner, 1835 Superior.

Cook, Leonard O.—I. I. Millard, at St. James Hotel.

Crider, Jonathan C.—Sidney Bennett, 706 Galena.

Culver, Richard M.—Geo. Browning, 339 Oliver.

Collett, William E.—J. T. Kerruish, 817 Urbana.

Cook, Edwin—N. P. Chapman, 557 Plymouth.

Craig, Wm.—W. W. Halstead, 325 Troy.

Dailey, Ellis T.—D. W. Lee, 96 Auburn ave.

Day, Benjamin W.—M. A. Gibson, 20 Bluff.

Deal, William—Mrs. J. A. Haigh, 625 Chestnut.

Donnan, John W.—Mrs. A. E. Kline, 1764 Summit.

Dunham, Edward S.—Geo. W. Blake, Bancroft.

Dunlap, William—A. N. Briggs, 718 Buffalo.

Farnsworth, Chas.—Dr. J. D. Ely, 411 Superior.

Figley, Melvin M.—S. W. Phillips, 514 Sixth.

Finley, Joseph J.—Hood Bros.

Fish, Andrew J.—C. A. Harley, 1814 Adams.

Fitzwater, James H.—N. B. Bacon, 719 Superior.

Frisbie, Andrew J.—Mrs. Mary Null, 1334 Summit.

Farley, George W.—John Farley, 522 Bartlett.

Gascoigne, Mortimer—C. H. Acker, 414 Thirteenth.

Gavitt, Elnathan C.—E. C. Gavitt, 1407 Adams.

Good, Joseph—Hood Bros.

Gowdy, Charles F.—Mrs. Jas. F. Harris, 1763 Superior.

Graham, John—Rev. J. H. Behards, 59 Bush.

Green, W. J.—Otto Swartz, 1231 Erie.

Gordon, B. F.—J. C. Wuerfel, 823 Erie.

Gamble, E. F.—Ed Fitzgerald, 551 Plymouth.

Hall, Ashford—E. A. Phillips, 2002 Ashland ave.

Harmount, Alexander—John Craig, 2105 Madison.

Hathaway, David H.—W. H. S. Leeder, 649 Knower.

Harshbarger, Jonas F.—Mrs. Geo. K. Detwiler, 124 Twentieth.

Havighorst, Christian R.—J. W. Callard, 629 Elm.

Hebbard, Moses B.—Mrs. B. B. Barnes, 17 Huron.

Helms, David F.—Frank Jaquet, 2215 Parkwood ave.

Henderson, Isaiah R.—Wm. Bartlett, 529 Magnolia.

Herbert, Benjamin—P. P. Pope, 1602 Adams.

Herbert, Lemuel—J. Emerson, 524 Buffalo.

Herbert, Lemuel G.—Otto Swartz, 1231 Erie.

Hickernell, Calvin B.—L. C. Webster, 1237 Broadway.

Hill, Caleb—John Farley, 522 Bartlett.

Hill, John W.—Mrs. Ellen Hill, 813 Elm.

Hill, William E.—Charles Hill, 809 Elm.

Hutinsuiller, Simeon D.—Simeon D. Hutsinpiller, 134 Michigan.

Hoag, Charles—Chas. Hoag.

Hodges, Wilber J.—J. W. St. John, 1721 Summit.

Holland, John W.—E. R. Heitt, 2211 Parkwood ave.

Hollington, Ambrose—M. W. Day, 524 Bush.

Hopkins, Abraham—Edward Arnold, 2132 Bartlett.

Howey, Mathias C.—M. R. Davis, 1529 Superior.

Hillman, John L.—Mrs. Alta Miller, 1818 Michigan.

Hughes, Arthur L.—Mrs. Wm. G. Gardner, 1432 Erie.

Holding, C. B.—C. B. Holding, 542 Williams.

Hook, Wm.—Jas. Kewley, 3041 Summit.

Honeyworth, J. W.—Wm. Nason, ws Franklin, 1w Tracy.

Hall, J. R.—I. I. Millard, St. James Hotel.

Higbie, Frank E.—A. E. Foster, 438 Fassett.

Hale, W. P.—J. T. Greer, 1437 Huron.

Heuphill, G. R.—Mrs. A. Van Houten, 704 Maumee.

Jameson, Ira M.—R. P. Taft, 1537 Huron.

Jameson, Henry C.—Elmer Lott, 1213 Huron.

Jones, C. E.—Mrs. T. Turner, 1916 Michigan.

Kalb, Isaac N.—Mrs. D. A. Luts, 1614 Ontario.

Keister, Henry J.—Frank Jaquet, 2215 Parkwood.

Kelley, Jeremiah M.—J. J. Swigart, 1214 Jefferson.

Keiser, S.—Frank Russell, 2119 Erie.

Lance, William W.—John Craig, 2105 Madison.

Lawrence, Richard—W. St. John, 1721 Summit.

Leatherman, Walter H.—Robt. Barber, 1699 Miami.

Lease, Gershom—E. F. Aldrich, 319 Oliver.

Lemasters, Phillip—Mrs. J. W. Skelton, 1735 Superior.

Leonard, Alonzo B.—C. H. Acker, 414 Thirteenth.

Lindsey, Solomon—S. W. Flower, 1905 Michigan.

Long, James—J. W. Hiett, 319 Fifteenth.

Longfellow, Joshua M.—M. C. Gurthrie, 613 Sixth.

Love, Nathaniel B. C.—Mrs. J. T. Greer, 1437 Huron.

Lucy, John A.—Milo Bashare, 1311 Adams

Littell, William G.—A. Bailey, 130 Irving.

Longworth, Enoch G.—Mrs. J. T. Hamilton, 2419 Erie.

Lindsey, L. H.—J. C. Wuerfel, 823 Erie.

Maltbie, Harrison—Capt. Ed A. Wiliams, 1847 Superior.

Markwith, Morrison M.—Mrs. Sarah Leighter, 521 Stickney.

Marsh, William V.—L. S. Churchill, 623 Mulbery.

Mather, Daniel D.—J. W. Hiett, 319 Fifteenth.

Mathews, George—J. J. Swigart, 1714 Jefferson.

Miller, John C.—M. A. Gibson, 20 Bluff.

Miller, John W.—John W. Miller, 95 Auburn ave.

Miller, Frederick—Wm. Kneale, 1419 Superior.

Mills, John M.—Mrs. E. Schroder, 2112 Madison.

Money, Frank M.—D. C. Walter, 103 Prouty ave.

Morrison, John W. H.—Rev. H. Boyer, 874 Prouty ave.

Mounts, James F.—Mrs. E. Ecker, 315 Indiana ave.

Myers, Eli—Miss Mary Gibson, 1222 Utah.

McBride, L. C.—Mrs. W. W. Halstead, 325 Troy.

McCammon, E. E.—H. C. Owen, 428 Euclid ave.

Moore, D. H., D. D.—S. D. Hutsinpiller, 134 Michigan.

Nelson, Alexander—Mrs. G. Herman, 1515 Superior.

Newton, Isaac—C. W. Bond, 234 Seventeenth.

Newcomb, John F.—Miss M. M. West, 935 South.

Norville, J. N.—Mrs. Anna Owen, ss Foulkes, 2w Tracy.

Olive, R. B.—Frank Russell, 2119 Erie.

Omerod, John—Mrs. Ellen Curry, 1825 Superior.

Parlette, John—Chas. Holland, 1623 Superior.

Perkey, Martin—Mrs. Ellen Curry.

Perkins, Hiram M.—Mrs. C. Barkdull, 1619 Superior.

Philpott, William H.—J. W. Miller, 95 Auburn ave.

Pope, Jackson T.—P. P. Pope, 1602 Adams.

Pope, Parker P.—P. P. Pope, 1602 Adams.

Powell, Benjamin B.—Silas Crawford, ss Baxter, 1e Bishop.

Priddy, Greenbury H.—Henry Bobst, 16 Franklin.

Ranch, Reuben—Mrs. L. J. Seek, 1758 Summit.

Rinehart, David B.—Mrs. Mary Null, 1334 Summit.

Richardson, Mark—Mark Richardson.

Roberts, Samuel L.—Samuel L. Roberts, 444 Euclid ave.

Rodgers, Lorenzo D.—W. R. Jones, 722 Bush.

Rowand, Benjamin L.—Geo. Quick, 626 Mulberry.

Rowley, Charles E.—Rev. Frink, 1332 Huron.

Rutledge, David—Dr. Theo. Kline, 321 Seventeenth.

Rife, M. E.—C. M. Keith, 2441 Summit.

Robinson, Friend—H. B. White, 1805 Superior.

Scoles, Wm. H.—A. A. Huber, 417 Eleventh.

Scott, Manoah D.—Mrs. N. B. Bacon, 719 Superior.

Scott, Samuel W.—W. S. Pember, 911 Willow.

Seaman, William R.—Joseph Gasser, ns Monroe, 1w Auburn.

Shaw, John C.—Mrs. Ralph Herman, 2219 Erie.

Shreves, Oramel—Theodore Shunk, 539 Segur ave.

Shultz, John M.—Rev. Frink, 1332 Huron.

Shultz, William R.—Joseph Gasser, ns Monroe, 1w Auburn.

Simms, Joseph L.—M. C. Trout, 424 Thirteenth.

Sinclair, Jeremias C.—Mrs. Albert Sheeler, 514 Walbridge.

Smith, Isaac N.—Chas. Holland, 1623 Superior.

Smith, William H.—Dr. C. W. Munson, 724 Oakwood.

Spencer, Wilson U.—I. N. Huntsberger, 2053 Franklin ave.

Smith, Albert E.—Mrs. M. H. Allen, 1627 Superior.

Scouten, Martin F.—Llewellyn Miles, 3017 Erie

Swearenger, Melvin J.—Riley Crittenden, 836 Colfax.

Swank, Jesse—R. P. Taft, 1537 Huron.

Taneyhill, Charles W.—Mrs. J. A. Hawthorne, 1458 Huron.

Thomas, Alva C.—A. E. Forester, 438 Fassett.

Thomas, Aaron A.—Rev. C. M. Gardner, 325 Columbus.

Wallace, Richard—J. G. Robinson, 1722 Adams.

Warner, Henry—Mrs. Mary Meggison, 620 Prouty ave.

Waters, Wesley G.—Geo. Vogel, 104 E. Woodruff.

Weaner, Cornelius—M. C Gurthrie, 613 Sixth.

Webster, Loring C.—L. C. Webster, 1237 Broadway.

Wharton, Fletcher L.—F. G. Thompson, 16 Huron block.

Whitlock, Elias D.—M. H. Davis, 2017 Vermont ave.

Wilcox, Jason—Mrs. D. M. Keen, at the Miss Fannings, 1712 Adams.

Williams, Jefferson—Mrs. Jas. W. Skelden, 735 Superior.

Williams, William G.—Mrs. H. E. Marvin, 1317 Summit.

Willson, Lucius E.—W. R. Cook, 344 Third.

Wiltsie, George B.—J. M. Mixer, 217 Twelfth.

Winter, William W.—Mrs. F. C. Chapin, 1324 Huron.

Wolff, Christian W.—T. H. Tracy, 547 Lincoln ave.

Woodruff, Robt. C.—Mrs. Anna M. Wales, 327 Magnolia.

Wright, Joseph A.—S. L. Roberts, 444 Euclid ave.

Wykes, Joseph—T. H. Tracy, 547 Lincoln ave.

Weingate, Joseph—Mrs Anna Owen, ss Foulkes, 2w Tracy.

Wiltsie, T. L.—E. W. Tollerton, 1704 Jefferson.

Young, Jason—J. Peterson, 1531 Ontario.

Young Stephen O.—G. Herman, 1515 Superior.

Zimmerman, Charles H.—James McLean, 1717 Huron.

LAY ELECTORIAL CONFERENCE.

Bellefountaine District—L. A. Belt, P. E.

Anna—Wm. Young, Wm. Clague, at Mrs. Kate Dorrel, 1740 Huron.

Ansonia—S. E. Witherode, Thomas Kewley, at Mrs. Kate Dorrell, 1740 Huron.

Belt Center——J. W. St. John, 1721 Summit.

Bellefountaine—A. Butler, Mrs. Ecker, 315 Indiana.

Bradford—S. E. Ogdon, Thomas Kewley, at Mrs. Kate Dorrell, 1740 Huron.

DeGraff—G. Burdette, E. R. Finch, 530 Oliver.

Gettisburg—P. Miller, Theodore Shunk, 539 Segur ave.

Hardin A. W. Grossvener, Albert Sheeler, 514 Walbridge ave.

Huntsville—D. Wonden, M. Bashare, 1311 Adams.

Jackson Center—Wm. McCauley, Wm. Doty, 1515 Huron.

Kenton———, Mrs. Anna Wales, 327 Magnolia.

Lockington———, Mrs. S. M. Rowe, 1447 Superior.

Port Jefferson—J. P. Hagerman, J. M. Ely, 720 Mulbery.

Quincy—E. Schules, J. M. Ely, 720 Mulbery.

St. Paris———, Mrs. S. M. Rowe, 1447 Superior.

So. Kenton———Hood Bros., at St. James Hotel.

Sidney———, C. M. Keith, 2441 Summit.

Versalles———, Hood Bros., at St. James Hotel.

West Liberty—Dr. Allen, John M. Ely, 819 Erie.

Zanesville—M. Guttridge—John M. Ely, 819 Erie.

Toledo District—P. P. Pope, P. E.

Bowling Green—G. C. Nearing, A. A. Huber, 417 Eleventh.

Cygnet—J. E. Falls, Wm. Bartlett, 529 Magnolia.

Delta—H. M. Miles, W. D. Burgess, 910 Huron.

Elmore—Dr. W. J. Permar, W. D. Burgess, 910 Huron.

Freeport—Dan Yates, Capt. G. W. Stoddard, 502 Columbus.

Genoa—Millbury———, Mrs. Ernestine Wey, 1728 Erie.

Gibsonburg———, Robt. Barber, 1699 Miami.

Grand Rapids—W. K. Evans, W. D. Burgess, 910 Huron.

Lakeside—S. R. Gill, J. M. Mixer, 217 Twelfth.

LaCarne—I. S. Kirk, Capt. G. W. Stoddard, 502 Columbus.

Liberty Center—M. Weakley, Mrs. J. K. Deppen, 1131 Erie.

Metamora—R. Blaine, L. J. Seek, 1758 Summit.

Maumee—L. D. Wilcox, I. L. Vanwormer, 525 W. Bartlett.

Oak Harbor—J. P. Andspaugh, F. Vallentine, ns. Grand, 4 e. Front.

Pemberville———, Wm. Pember, 911 Willow ave.

Perrysburg—Wm. Barton, Rev. J. H. Bethards, 509 Bush.

Port Clinton—H. H. Hesselbart, L. J. Seek, 1758 Summit.

Swanton—Mrs. L. D. Boyer, Chas. Potts, 627 Prouty.

Sylvania—T. Gibbs, E. R. Kinney, 540 Crittenden.

Albany Street—James Kewley, James Kewley, 3041 Summit ave.

Broadway—R. Hamilton, R. Hamilton, 346 Forrer.

Clark Street—Bethany—E. M. Warner, E. M. Warner, East Toledo.

Detroit Avenue—J. L. Arnold, J. L. Arnold, 722 Detroit ave.

Monroe Street—A. Bishop, A. Bishop, 2267 Detroit ave.

St. Johns—William Beatty, William Beatty, 1534 Huron.

St. Paul's—E. R. Hiett, E. R. Hiett, 2211 Parkwood.

Third Street—R. Harris, R. Harris, 154 Worthington.

West Toledo—S. Blanchard, S. Blanchard, 3450 Collingwood.

Tontogany—Portage—R. J. Colloins, E. R. Kinney, 540 Crittenden.

Waterville—J. L. Pray.

Wauseon—James Pease, Mrs. J. K. Deppen, 1131 Erie.

Weston—Dr. W. W. Hill, M. D. Booth, 1609 Collingwood.

Defiance District—Gershom Lease, P. E.

Antwerp—H. C. Boyland, L. S. Churchill, 623 Mulberry.

Archbold———, James McLean, 1717 Huron.

Ayersville———, James McLean, 1717 Huron.

Bryan—Seth Kemble, L. S. Churchill, 623 Mulberry.

Cecil———, Mrs. W. R. Jones, 722 Bush.

Continental———, Wm. Webster, 1412 Huron.

Defiance———, Mrs. E. Schroeder, 2112 Madison.

Defiance Circuit———, Rev. J. H. Bethards, 509 Bush.

Deshler———, H. C. Owens, 428 Euclid.

Dupont———Mrs. J. H. Von Glahn, 1057 Oakwood.

Edon—D. D. Keiss, A. D. McNitt, 510 Troy.

Evansport—A. G. McCord, A. D. McNitt, 510 Troy.

Edgerton—P. A. Upp, Chas. Potts, 627 Prouty.

Fayette—S. J. Pike, Mrs. J. A. Haigh, 625 Chestnut.

Florida—J. H. Barr, A. Bailey, 130 Irving.

Grelton———, R. H. O'Bryan, 511 Bridge.

Hector———, A. H. Buck, 528 Lagrange.

Hicksville—R. F. Kerr, E. P. Breckinridge, 1845 Collingwood.

Holgate—M. Ames, Alfred Ames, 2507 Summit.

Kalida—Lewis Jeffries, Mrs. Ed. Fitzgerald, 551 Plymouth.

Leipsic—John Edwards, Wm. Kneale, 1419 Superior.

Melrose———, J. B. Eckhardt, 718 Utica.

Montpelier—W. S. Boon, Wm. Kneale, 1419 Superior.

Napoleon———, E. A. Phillips, 1002 Ashland.

Ottawa—S. F. DeFord, Mrs. G. K. Deweiler, 124 Twentieth.

Payne———, Otto Swartz, 1231 Erie.

Paulding———, Otto Swartz, 1231 Erie.

Pioneer—D. K. Steadman, D. A. Lutts, 1614 Ontario.

Scott———, Jas. McClean, 1717 Huron.

Sherwood—E. J. Potter, J. Emerson, 524 Huron.

Stryker———, G. Herman, 1515 Superior.

Tiffrow—C. W. Spring, Mrs. A. Zelner, 415 Langdon.

West Unity—W. C. Caslet, G. Herman, 1515 Superior.

Williams Center—G. H. Tomlinson, Mrs. C. Temple, 1525 Superior.

Delaware District—L. M. Albright, P. E.

Agosta———, Peter Egley, 2322 Chase.

Broadway———, Peter Egley, 2322 Chase.

Delaware—Asbury———, C. W. Munson, 724 Oakwood.

William Street—S. Lybrand, Dr. A. W. Jones, at St. James hotel.

Dunkirk—W. H. Martin, J. D. Ely, 411 Superior.

Delaware Circuit———, Louis Henley, 407 Columbus.

Forest—A. D. Rifer, Mrs. S. E. Allmon, 3234 Erie.

Fowler———, H. B. White, 1861 Superior.

Harpster—M. M. Holansbead, E. J. Campbell, ws. Oak, 2 s. Brown.

Kenton Circuit———, E. R. Hiett, 2211 Parkwood.

Larrie———, Louis Henley, 407 Columbus.

Marion—W. Z. Davis, J. G. Robinson, 1722 Adams.

Marseilles—J. B. Pumphrey, W. D. Burgess, 910 Huron.

Marysville—J. W. Tilton, J. B. Ransom, 1724 Adams.

Marysville—Wm. Haynes, E. P. Wigton, 2323 Chase.

Marysville Circuit—Henry Amarine, Rev. J. H. Bethards, 509 Bush.

Mt. Victory—Rev. Henry Johnson, Wm. Pixley, 1863 St. Clair.

N. Lewisburg—J. B. Cowgill, Mrs. C. Temple, 1525 Superior.

Prospect———, I. N. Huntsberger, 2053 Franklin.

Richwood—Dr. James Cutler, James Blass, 1207 Superior.

Richwood Circuit—A. D. Hoover, Dr. W. A. Jones, at St. James hotel.

Upper Sandusky—Wm. Frazier, Jas. W. Wickenden, 1306 Starr.

West Mansfield—A. Curl, lodge J. W. Russell, 608 Bush; bds. A. Vine, 526 Buffalo.

York Center———, lodge J. W. Russell, 608 Bush; bds. A. Vine, 526 Buffalo.

Findlay District—A. C. Barnes, P. E.

Ada—M. E. Cunningham, C. F. Watts, 2050 Franklin.

Adrian—A. Poutius, Mrs. Wm. St. John, 1746 Summit.

Arcadia—C. S. Kelly, Mrs. Wm. St. John, 1746 Summit.

Portage—Bairdstown—D. H. Thomas, Mrs. Ernstine, 1728 Erie.

Bettsville———, Mrs. Jacob Tanner, 1835 Superior.

Bluffton—W. R. Howard, Austin Bishop, 2267 Detroit ave.

Carey—C. N. Cosgray, Mrs. Sarah Leighter, 521 Stickney.

Columbus Grove—J. A. Slemmons, Mrs. J. F. Hamilton, 2419 Erie.

Dunkirk—D. F. Fryer, Mrs. Wm. St. John, 1746 Summit.

Findlay—First church—J. W. Zeller, G. W. Bartlett, 510 Magnolia.

Howard—J. Dalzell, D. C. Walters, 103 Auburn ave.

Third—W. J. Davids, Mrs. D. Reaume, 105 Auburn ave.

Fostoria—H. J. Lockart, Jas. Blass, 1207 Superior.

Fostoria Circuit—J. R. Purkey, Mrs. Alice Meachem, 1327 Utah.

Fremont—H. R. Finefrock, Wm. Beatty, 1534 Huron.

Gilboa—J. Bromley, A. L. Case, 1334 Germania.

Hoytsville—J. B. Leathers, A. L. Case, 1334 Germania.

Houchtown—C. F. King, Mrs. Wm. St. John, 1746 Summit.

McComb

IN METHODIST CIRCLES.

Fourth Quarterly Conference at St. John's Church.

Close of a Successful Five Years' Pastorate of Rev. J. H. Bethards —Notes Here and There.

The fourth quarterly conference and annual meeting of St. John's church was held last night, every member of the body being present. There was much interest in the meeting because of the fact that it was the final gathering during the present conference year and in the pastorate of Rev. J. H. Bethards.

Reports of the various societies within the church were submitted, all of them showing excellent work done and a cash balance in their treasury. The Sunday school figures gave an average attendance for the year of 296.

The old corps of official members were reappointed, with the addition of Mr. George W. Bartlett to the steward list.

Mr. William Beatty was unanimously elected as delegate to the lay conference, and a like compliment was paid Mr. Frank H. Tanner for alternate, Mr. Homer Hood for district steward, and Mr. James McClean for recording steward, a position which the latter has filled acceptably for the past seven years.

Pastor Bethards, in submitting his last report, was deeply moved, and his feelings were shared by his associates. Over two hundred and fifty have been received into the church during the past five years, nearly half of them from probation, and of the 250 the names of 170 are still on the records, which is more than half of the present membership. During the past year the receipts have reached nearly $4,000. All claims have been paid, and there is not a cent of debt on the charge of any character, with a small balance in the treasury. Besides the regular expenditures, the stone pavement in front of the church was paid for and a fine stone walk also put down. On the whole, the church is in excellent condition.

The following testimonial to Mr. Bethards was adopted by a rising vote:

"As this week closes the term of service of Rev. J. H. Bethards, who, for five years past has been the pastor of St. John's M. E. Church, it is but fitting that this quarterly conference expresses the gratitude due him for his successful administration of the church affairs and his able supervision of the spiritual welfare of the congregation.

"Brother Bethards came to this charge and assumed the pastorate under difficulties, in the way of debts, etc., which seriously interfered with the best work of the church. Under his supervision these have been wiped out, and many improvements made, so that the church is now in a more prosperous condition than ever before, and a united congregation can bear witness to the many good qualities of their beloved pastor.

"It is with feelings of the deepest regret that we part with him, but he will rest assured that he will ever be followed by the best wishes of St. John's congregation for his continued success in the work of the Master.

"With these assurances of our love and regard, we heartily commend him to any charge to which he may be assigned by the coming conference."

Notes About the Field.

Toledo's list of entertainers are printed elsewhere.

Van Wert charge has asked for the return of Rev. J. H. Fitzwater.

Next week's lay conference has one women delegate—Mrs. Boyer, of Swanton.

Rev. J. W. Miller, of Monroe street, it is expected, will have another charge next year.

Van Wert will likely secure the next session of the conference, as the church has asked for the body.

Toledoans generally will have an opportunity of hearing Bishop Newman at Memorial hall on Sunday, September 29.

Bishop Newman will arrive next Tuesday afternoon, and will be the guest of Mr. Milton Churchill, Magnolia street, during his stay in the city.

L. S. Churchill, chorister of St. John's church, is drilling a chorus of voices to lead the singing at evening services during the conference.

Presiding Elder Pope, of this city, and Rev. C. W. Taneyhill, of Port Clinton, secretary of the coming conference, will visit the Detroit conference to morrow.

Judge William Lawrence, of Bellefontaine, is coming up as one who may be successful in the race for delegate to general conference. B. Meek, of Fremont, is also favorably mentioned.

At last night's meeting of St. John's quarterly conference, Mr. S. W. Flower was indorsed as a candidate for lay delegate to the general conference, and the church's representative was instructed to present his name.

St. John's official board organized for next year on adjournment of quarterly conference last night. Mr. George W. Bartlett was elected secretary and Mr. Frank H. Tanner re-elected treasurer. These officers, with Mr. W. D. Burgess, were appointed as the finance and apportionment committee.

Three gentlemen are named from the Toledo district as suitable candidates for delegate to the general conference—S. W. Flower, of St. John's; E. P. Breckinridge, of St. Paul's, and A. G. Williams, of Perrysburg. All are first class men, but it will be necessary to unite on one of them if success is to be obtained.

HOW THE PYRAMIDS WERE BUILT.

A moneyed man, who was looking yesterday at the process of laying an artificial stone pavement in front of one of his many properties, startled the friends who were standing about him by remarking: "I believe that the Egyptian pyramids were built in just that way." Pressed for an explanation he said that while he had never been in Egypt he had read the works of all Egyptolorists, including Brugsch and Piazza Smyth, and had never found in any of them a theory which would satisfactorily account for the manner in which the pyramids were construc ted. "Now," he said "you must remember that the pyramids are built of stone which bears no resemblance to anything found within 500 miles of their location. It is incredible that the Egyptians of four or five thousand years ago should have possessed the mechanical ingenuity to move these enormous blocks of stone from the granite quarries of Abyssnia or Syria to the pyramids. Is it not much more natural to suppose that the ancient Egyptians possessed the secret of making artificial stone, and that the pyramids were contructed by layer upon layer of Nile river mud hardened by just such processes as we employ to make artificial stone? It is a much more plausible explanation of their construction than the laborious and unintelligent suppositions that the stones were carried across the desert to form the foundation and base of the pyramids. I firmly believe that the Egyptians of the ante-Christian era understood the manufacture of artificial stone, and they built the pyramids out of it.

VERY VALUABLE, BUT COSTS NOTHING.

The best example of getting something for nothing which has come to our knowledge, is the direction of the great specialist, Dr. Greene, 35 W. 14th street, New York, to give to the sick and suffering consultation and advice free. Enormous fees are charged by physicians of the great skill and wonderful power to cure disease possessed by Dr. Greene, and the fact that he can now be consulted, personally, or by letter, free, is a matter of congratulation for every community. Dr. Greene is the discoverer of that great nerve remedy Dr. Greene's Nervura, and all his wonderful medicines are purely vegetable and perfectly harmless. Our people will be especially interested in the fact that this eminent physician has made a specialty of treating the sick through letter correspondence. If you write him a description of your case, he will return a carefully considered letter, giving you a perfect understanding of your disease, advice, etc., without charge. Sufferers who have failed to get relief cannot afford to neglect this great opportunity, but should write to Dr. Greene at once. Be sure and send for his symptom blank to fill out.

SAXON TROOPS.

Berlin, Sept. 16.—A dispatch from Erfurt says that all the Thuringian princes, except Duke Ernest of Saxe-Coburg-Gotha were present at the review of the Saxon troops by Emperor William. The dispatch adds that when the emperor crossed over Coburg this morning he said to the minister of Saxe-Coburg-Gotha that he was very sorry he had not seen the duke at the head of his regiment.

Duke Ernest is colonel of the Sixteenth Thuringian infantry.

FAVOR A STATE LEAGUE.

Toledo C. K. of A. Branches Take Action on the Matter.

Last evening representatives of the various Toledo branches of the Catholic Knights of America met at St. Mary's hall, Cherry street, for the purpose of discussing the advisability of withdrawing from the national organization and joining the proposed state league.

Among those present were Dr. J. T. Lawless, Dr. Whiteford, J. C. Phelan, J. C. Thompson, P. J. Mettler, Anton Lenn, Michael Walsh, J. P. Gahan, August Mertz, Stephen Brown and George Speyer.

The preponderance of sentiment was in favor of withdrawing from the national association. Toledo will be well represented at the state meeting to be held at Hamilton, O., next Sunday.

THE CIRCUIT COURTS.

Time of Their Meeting Has Been Fixed.

Interesting Information for People Who Have Legal Work to Do.

Columbus, Sept. 16.—The circuit judges of Ohio met in the supreme court room and fixed the dates for holding court in the various districts during 1892 as follows:

First judicial circuit—Joseph Cox, James M. Smith and Peter Ewing.

Hamilton county on January 4 and November 9; Clermont, April 5 and October 3; Butler, April 11 and October 10; Mercer, April 25, October 24; Clinton, May 2 and October 31.

Second judicial circuit—Charles C. Shearr, Gilbert H. Stewart and John A. Shank.

Franklin county on January 4 and September 12; Madison, March 21 and October 3; Green, March 28 and October 6; Miami, April 5 and October 17; Shelby, April 14 and October 27; Champaign, April 18 and November 10; Darke, April 25 and October 31; Preble, May 9 and November 14; Fayette, May 16 and November 21; Clark, May 30 and December 5; Montgomery, June 13 and December 15.

Third judicial circuit—Judges Thomas Beer, John J. Moore and Henry W. Seney.

Allen county, May 31 and December 5; Auglaize, May 2 and October 17; Crawford, February 9 and October 4; Defiance, January 26 and September 27; Hancock, March 7, October 24; Hardin, April 5, November 29; Henry, February 2, September 27; Logan, January 19, September 15; Marion, January 12, September 12; Mercer, May 23, October 12; Paulding, May 16, November 14; Putnam, March 1, October 9; Seneca, April 12, September 13; Union, February 23, September 13; Van Wert, February 15, October 10; Wyandot, May 13, November 22.

Fourth judicial circuit—Judges Thomas Cherrington, Daniel A. Russell and Milton L. Clark.

Washington county, on January 19 and September 26; Athens, January 25 and September 29; Hocking, February 9 and October 6; Vinton, February 16 and October 10; Meigs, February 23 and October 14; Gallia, March 1 and October 18; Lawrence, March 8 and October 24; Scioto, March 15 and October 31; Monroe, March 30 and September 22; Adams, April 6 and November 11; Brown, April 12 and November 15; Highland, April 20 and November 22; Pickaway, April 27, and November 28; Ross, May 10 and December 6; Pike, May 24 and December 13; Jackson, May 31 and December 20.

Fifth judicial circuit—Judges John W. Albaugh, Charles Follett and John W. Jenner.

Fairfield county on January 5 and September 13; Richland, January 19 and September 27; Wayne, February 9 and October 4; Stark, February 23 and October 11; Knox, March 8 and October 18; Licking, March 15 and October 25; Muskingum, March 29 and November 1; Morgan, April 12 and November 9; Ashland, April 19 and November 15; Holmes, April 26 and November 22; Coshocton, May 3 and November 29; Tuscarawas, May 10 and December 6; Perry, May 17 and September 20; Morrow, May 24 and December 13; Delaware, May 31 and December 20.

Sixth judicial circuit—Judges, Charles H. Scribner, George R. Haynes and Charles L. Bently.

Lucas county, on January 4 and September 12; Wood, April 18 and October 17; Huron, May 2 and October 31; Erie, May 16 and November 14; Fulton, May 31 and November 28; Williams, June 13 and November 30; Sandusky, June 6 and December 12; Ottawa, June 21 and December 6.

Seventh judicial circuit—Judges, Peter Lauble, William H. Frazer and Hamilton B. Woodbury.

Columbiana county, on January 19 and September 22; Carroll, February 2 and September 28; Lake, February 9 and October 6; Geauga, February 23 and October 4; Ashtabula, March 1 and October 18; Mahoning, March 15 and October 25; Trumbull, April 12 and November 15; Portage, May 3 and November 9; Jefferson, May 17 and November 22; Harrison, May 24 and November 29; Noble, May 31 and December 6; Guernsey, June 7 and December 8; Belmont, June 14 and December 13.

Eighth judicial circuit—Judges, William H. Upson, C. C. Baldwin, and H. J. Caldwell.

Cuyahoga county, on January 12 and October 18; Summit, April 11 and September 21; Lorain, April 25 and October 3; Medina, May 2 and October 10.

Judge Upson, of Akron, was elected Chief Justice for the ensuing year.

ADAM AND EVE REVERSED.

A Hindoo Woman Exhales a Vapor Which Turns Into a Man.

The narrator of the following, says the New York Morning Journal, was himself an excellent amateur prestidigitateur:

"The apartment being filled, the magicians began their performance. The audience sat on the floor about the fakirs so that they had no way of concealing themselves or of hiding anything. At their request I examined them, and satisfied myself that they had nothing about them. Then one of the women stepped into the inclosure, the rest remaining behind the spectators, who formed a close ring about them.

"The light was now turned down a little, and in a moment the woman's face began to be illuminated by a ghastly light that extended quickly over her entire body. She then began to move round and round, uttering a low, murmuring sound the while, gradually quickening the pace until she was whirling about like a top. A moment of this and the light that had clung about her seemed to be whirled off by centrifugal force and assumed a pillow-like form beside her.

"As soon as this was accomplished she stopped, turned, and began to mold the light with her hand, and though I could distinctly see her hands move through the light as if it were a cloud, it began to assume human form. We saw the arms, hands, and legs all molded, and finally a face and headgear.

"She next called for a light, and the candles being relighted, there stood an utter stranger, a native, seemingly evolved out of cloudland. He stepped forward and grasped me by the hand; his hand was moist as if with perspiration, and he was a very healthy spirit. After he had talked and drunk a glass of arrack he took his place beside the woman again and began to whirl about.

"The lights were dimmed, but not so that we could not see, and in a few minutes the figure began to fade, soon assuming the appearance of a pillar or form of light and then attaching itself to the woman and seemingly being absorbed by her. All this was done in a very short space of time, and before the eyes of at least fifty people, and not ten feet from myself. The girl appeared greatly exhausted afterward."

"Billy" Florence, who has just got home from an extended vacation in Europe, says that Mr. Irving's "Henry VIII" will be the grandest stage production of any theatrical epoch, and will amaze theatergoers by its historical accuracy and scenic pomp and beauty.

An artesian well in South Dakota sends up a stream of water 125 to 140 feet into the air. The flow is estimated at 8,000 to 10,000 gallons per minute, according to the South Dakota Huronite.

WRECKED BY TYPHOONS.

Narrow Escape from Death in the Waters of China.

Blown Upon the Shore and Into a Tree-top—Saved by a Hen-coop—A German Who Alone of a Ship's Company Survived.

We were running down the coast of China from Shanghai to Hong Kong. It was in the month of August and the southwest monsoon was blowing strong against us so that our headway was slow. I had been on deck conning with a glass the coast of the Flowery Kingdom, the junks and other craft that studded the waters. Something in the appearance of one of the junks attracted my attention and I strolled in the direction of the chart-room to ask the captain about it.

He came out of the chart room as I neared the door, hurried along without noticing my presence and went straight to the bridge, whence he shouted an order through the speaking-tube that led to the engineer's room. Then he called for the first and second officers.

"What's the matter?" I asked of the third officer, who was superintending the relashing of one of the boats on the starboard side of the ship.

Matter enough. You'll find out for yourself in an hour or two. We'll have a typhoon on us before long unless the signs are wrong."

The course of the steamer was altered so as to bring the wind on the port beam and thus carry the vessel away from the centre of the storm. Steadily the wind increased and the clouds became more dense. Everything about the ship was made as fast as possible, but in spite of all the lashings several articles were torn away and carried off into the seething waters. I had expected to see the waves run "mountain high", but they did nothing of the kind; the force of the wind was so great that waves could not form other than in that broken shape which we call "a choppy sea." Even the choppy sea disappeared after a time, and the waters were blown flat, just as you may see them on a small lake or pond swept by a gust of wind. The wind was blowing fully 80 miles an hour.

The sky darkened, the air was hot and stifling in spite of the rate at which the wind was blowing, and soon the rain fell in torrents. Everybody on deck was lashed to something, or clung with all his strength to prevent being blown overboard, and it occurred to me that the passengers would be safer below than above. Just as the thought came around the captain gave the order for us to descend, and the cabin doors were soon closed upon us and securely lashed. Then we watched for a time through the bull's-eye windows the effect of the wind upon the waters, but the spray and rain were so dense that very little could be seen. After a while we gathered about the saloon table; the vessel was rolling and pitching so fearfully that we had to cling to the table and chairs in order to retain our places. We could hear the roaring of the wind, the swishing of the waters, the patter of the rain on the deck, and every few moments the steamer was tossed upward as though in a Brobdingnagian blanket in the hands of a thousand giants.

Cards were proposed by one of the party, but no one else cared to play, and evidently that individual was not at all sorry that his proposal was rejected. Then we fell to telling stories of adventure. Naturally the stories turned in the direction of storms such as we were now encountering.

"I was once on a junk near Ningpo," said one, "when a typhoon came up suddenly, and we were blown on shore along with dozens of other junks and smaller craft. Hundreds of people were drowned, houses were overturned, fields were devastated, trees were torn up by the roots, and immense damage was caused for many miles around."

"How did you escape with your life when the junk went ashore?"

"I dont know exactly how it happened," was the reply. "Half of the crew were drowed; yes, more than half of them. When she struck I jumped overboard and let the wind and waves carry me where they would. By the greatest good fortune I was carried into the limbs of a tree that the wind was bending low, but had not yet uprooted, and it was the tree that saved me from being dashed to my death."

In our party was a German who had taken little part in the conversation thus far in the voyage. Consequently the rest of us were surprised when he was the next to speak.

"I've been overboard in a typhoon," said he, "and with no land in sight. It was ten years ago, between Bangkok and Hong Kong. I was on a German schooner that had been trading in the Gulf of Siam and was on her way to Hong Kong. We were caught in a typhoon about a hundred miles off Hong Kong, and were in the worst of it. All of our yard sails were carried away, our masts went by the board and the wind finally turned us on our beam ends. Everybody who wasn't lashed fast was carried into the sea and swept away in an instant. I was one of those who went overboard, and with me went a hencoop, which I managed to seize as it drifted past me. The wind carried it so rapidly that it fairly dragged me as a boat is towed at the stern of a steamboat.

"In a minute or so after going over the rail I could see nothing of the schooner; neither could I see any of my companions who were with me in the water. The rope by which the hencoop had been lashed was still fastened to it, and I managed to pass it under my arm so that it gave me some support. And all the time the wind was blowing fearfully. I was blinded by the spray and the torrents of rain, and really I did not expect to live an hour where I was. Half the time my head was under water, and it was very difficult to get breath.

"But I clung with desperation, as a drowning man always clings to any sort of support. The water was warm, so that I was in no danger of being chilled and benumbed, at least not for a while. By and by the wind fell a little, then a little more, and then I tightened the rope under my arms and lifted myself further out of the water. A terrible thirst came upon me, and I managed to assuage it a little by catching in my mouth some of the raindrops as they fell. Then my strength began to fail; I felt like fainting, and well knew that if I became insensible I should certainly drown.

"As I was making a great effort to to rouse myself I caught sight of a steamer coming through the mist almost directly towards me. The lookout forward saw the hencoop, then he made out that a man was fast to it, and then the steamer slacked her speed so as to bring me close alongside. It was still too rough for lowering a boat; Malay sailor came down the rope like a cat, passed the bight of it around me, and then, after casting off the hencoop, he scrambled back again, and I was hauled on board. I fainted. I was on the steamer Danube, and her captain took good care of me and landed me safe in Hong Kong. The schooner and all of the rest belonging to her were never heard from."—New York World.

There is only one man now living in Edinburgh who knew Sir Walter Scott. This is James Stille, the bookseller, who began his apprenticeship with John Ballantyne & Co. in the year after Waterloo. He is full of reminiscences of Sir Walter, who was to him both the greatest and the best of men.

WE GOT IN FIRST.

New York, Sept. 16.—The Herald's Valparaiso dispatch this morning says the United States was the first to officially recognize the provisional government. Yesterday the German government followed suit. Recognition from the other foreign governments is expected to take place within a few days.

New Clearings in Frontier Settlements

Often give birth to miasma, as one of the first fruits of an upturning of the soil. Malaria is a relentless foe to the unwary arrived emigrant. If he be unprepared to meet it by the use of a reliable preparative and preventive. It therefore, behooves those seeking the far west in search of homes to provide themselves with a medicinal guaranty against chills and fever, bilious remittent and ailments of kindred origin. Hostetter's Stomach Bitters has for nearly half a century been esteemed the best. From Maine to Oklahoma, from Victoria to San Juan del Sud, its acknowledged superiority meets with no challenge in localities where it has been used. Medical testimony, the most positive and direct, backs up the general verdict, no less in regard to its virtues in case of liver complaint, dyspepsia, constipation, rheumatism and kidney ailments, than in cases of malarial disease.

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1,320..Brick cottage, Ontario st near Bush.
1,275..Wakeman st near Oak, 2 story frame.
1,500..Missouri st near 15th, 2 story frame.
900..Indiana ave near Lenk, 4 rooms, new.
1,250..Sherman st near Elm, cottage.
1,500..Lagrange st near Bancroft, 2 story frame.
850..Orchard st near Hawley, cottage.
4,000..Huron st near Elm, large modern dwelling.
2,000..Bartlett st near Lawrence ave, new 2 story frame.
1,250..Bloomfield st near Union depot, cottage.
4,500..Collingwood ave cor Bartlett, new dwelling.
1 250..Tecumseh near Collingwood ave, 2 story frame.
2,200..Erie st near Galena, new 2 story frame.
1,000..Modern frame dwelling 21st st near Jefferson.
1,000..Niagara st near Galena, new cottage.
1,350..Franklin ave near Cherry, 2 story frame.
1,350..East Broadway, E T, new cottage.
1,000..Navarre ave near E Broadway, dwelling.
700..1½ story frame house, Seaman st.
1,850..Wade st near Union depot, cottage.
750..Charles st near Curtis, cottage.
1,700..Congress st near Orchard, frame dwelling.
850..Ewing st near Blume, cottage.
1,575..13th st near Illinois, 2 story frame.
650..Nebraska near Junction ave, cottage.
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Double house and lot on Western ave, $2,500.
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ARRIVE.	NORWALK DIVISION—EAST.	DEPART
*7 35 a m.	Boston & Chicago Special.	
9 45 a m.	Boston & Chicago Accom..	*5 20 p m
*2 50 p m.	Fast Mail	*2 35 p m
*10 35 p m.	New York Express	*9 35 a m
*8 05 a m.	Chicago Mail	
7 35 p m.	Buffalo Accomodation..	6 10 a m
1 40 p m.	Norwalk Accomodation.	3 40 p m

SANDUSKY DIVISION—EAST.

	Boston & N Y Special	*5 30 p m
*8 05 a m.	New York & Chicago Lim..	*11 35 p m
*1 35 p m.	Chicago & New York Ex..	*10 30 p m
9 35 a m.	Buffalo & Chicago Accom.	5 10 p m
	Atlantic Express	*4 00 a m
7 45 p m.	Accommodation	8 55 a m

OLD ROAD—WEST.

	Boston & Chicago Special.	*7 40 a m
*10 05 p m.	Fast N Y & Boston Ex..	
*2 50 p m.	Fast Mail	
*8 15 a m.	Bost & Chicago Accom...	*7 50 p m
4 40 p m.	Michigan Accomodation..	9 55 a m

AIR LINE DIVISION—WEST.

8 55 p m.	Chicago & Boston Special.	
4 45 a m.	Atlantic Express	
1 50 p m.	New York & Chicago Lim.	*3 30 a m
	Chicago Fast Mail	*3 10 a m
	Chicago Express	*2 00 p m
	Pacific Express	*11 05 p m
6 45 p m.	Buffalo & Chicago Accom.	10 05 p m
12 0 a m.	Kendallville Accomodat'n.	6 00 p m

JACKSON BRANCH.

9 15 a m.	Express	9 50 a m
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8 50 p m.	Express	9 50 a m
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2 00 p m.	Express	11 05 p m
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9 25 a m.	Express	7 42 a m
4 45 p m.	Express	10 10 a m
12 0 p m.	Express	4 05 p m

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*1 00 a m.	Cin & Ind Express	10 15 a m
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5 00 p m.	Cin & Ind Express	*11 40 p m
12 15 a m.	Cincinnati Express	6 45 a m
1 40 a m.	Cincinnati Express, Sundays only	

8 00 a m	Findlay & B Green Express	6 45 a m
4 00 p m	Findlay & B Green Express	3 30 p m
1 00 a m	Findlay & B Green Express	6 30 p m
21 55 a m	Findlay & B Green Express	10 15 a m

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*5 40 a m.	St Louis Express	*3 20 p m
1 40 a m.	Defiance Accom.	4 45 p m

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1 30 p m.	Mackinac & Det Ex.	4 20 p m
*10 05 a m.	N Y & Boston Express	*7 45 a m
*11 20 p m.	New York Express	*9 35 p m
*8 20 p m.	Detroit Express	*5 05 a m

WHEELING & LAKE ERIE RAILWAY.

4 55 p m.	Pitts, Steubville & Mar Ex.	7 40 a m
1 50 p m.

THE FAR WESTERN EDITOR.

I've been ruminatin' on the editors I see,
That came from 'way back yonder on a sort o' jamboree,
A lot o' well-fed fellers, wearin' hilfalutin clothes,
An' tol'able good lookin' fur as manly beauty goes.
An' I find myself contrastin' their condition with the boys
That hold the frontier sentiment in sort o' equipoise—
The Arizona Kicker brand, whose brainy bugle toots
Whar' the musical six-shooter robs the courts o' libel suits.

Back east opinion architects have nothing else to do
But write an' think, an' think an' write about everything 'at's new;
But in the free an' easy west, across the dreary plains,
The bulk o' editorial work is done outside o' brains,
The editor is coroner an' jestice o' the peace,
An' makes out legal papers from a last will to a lease,
Umpires the dorg fights of his town, the two or four-legged sort,
And acts as final referee in all degrees o' sport.

He's lookout for a faro game, an' of'n takes a trick,
A prescrickin' o' medicine w'en anybody's sick;
He plays a hefty poker game (assisted by his sleeve),
Laughs with the people in their joys, an' grieves with them as grieve.
He allers makes the speeches on the Fo'th day o' July,
An' plays the parson's hand when thar's a nuptial knot to tie;
An' now an' then contracts to do some practic'l work at law
W'en either party wants a man 'at slings a hefty jaw.

His sanctum table allers sets a-facin' to the door,
So's when an angry citizen comes smellin' arter gore,
He ain't got no advantage an' kin seldom git the drop
On the publisher an' editor an' owner o' the shop
He wears his britches in his boots an' never combs his hair
Except fur legal holliday or extra big affair;
An' thinks a starchy collar is a mark o' servitude,
An' wearing socks excusable in nothin' but a dude.

He's prominent at lynchins, calls the figgers at a dance,
Works a minin' speculation every time he gets a chance,
Keeps a pair o' runnin' horses fur the territorial fair,
An' never skirks at meetin' when he's asked to lead in prayer,
So I find myself contrastin' his condition with the men
Who preach out to the nation with a stubby-p'inted pen;
An' he seems to be more usefuller, a dogonation sight,
Than them 'at don't do nothin' top o' God's green earth but write.
—Capt. Jack Crawford, "the Poet Scout," in St. Paul Pioneer Press.

MILLIONS OF BANANAS.

How the Fruit Is Imported From the South to New York.

Five hundred million bananas!

That is about what comes to this country through the port of New York every season. New Orleans probably handles quite as many. It is only of late that Boston, Philadelphia and Baltimore have engaged in the banana trade.

The banana trade is the growth of the last 15 years. It is true there were bananas imported previous to this, but the biggest trade then didn't run more than 2,000 bunches every 10 days or so. Now it averages upward of 100,000 bunches a week for this city alone. A heavy importer tells me that the trade increased for several years quite as rapidly as means were devised to satisfy it. The smallest increase was for this year, being not over 5 per cent over last year's product, whereas that year was at least 25 per cent better than the previous one. The slight increase this year is due to the dry season that caught the banana farmers and the consequent decreased production.

"If you want any idea of the demand," said Mr. Kerr, a Murray street importer, "I need only say that we took off 10,000 bunches from one of our ships yesterday and haven't a banana left to-day. There are banana ships unloading somewhere every day, too. There are seven houses here engaged in the business, and all together run some thirty steamers. These steamers carry from 10,000 to 20,000 bunches each trip. Most of them return to the banana country in ballast, though we own our vessels and send them back with breadstuffs and provisions. We handle about a million bunches a year. There are about a million and a half more handled at piers 3 and 6 on this side, and across town on the East River, at piers 7, 9 and 10, perhaps two million more. In round numbers, close on to five million bunches a year come to this port. These bunches weigh from fifteen to seventy pounds and contain from 40 to 135 bananas to the bunch.

"A good many erroneous ideas are entertained as to the banana trade. Some people suppose that bananas, like oranges, appear only within certain seasons and are preserved by some mysterious process so as to last the year round. Others that they are reproduced, crop after crop, perennially. Neither of these suppositions are wholly right or wholly wrong. Our Cuba trade lasts only during the summer months, opening about March and closing about October 1. Whereas the trade of Jamaica and Port Limmon, on the South American coast, near Aspinwall, continues unbroken the year round. It takes about ten months to mature the fruit, and when the fruit is matured the plant dies; but the banana farmer permits the growth of a certain number of sprouts at different stages, so that one plant follows another from the same root at short intervals. For instance, when a plant is about mature and the fruit is ready to be removed there is a second growth or say six months and a third growth or say three months, and a fourth growth just starting—all from the same root. The climate and other conditions being favorable, the same root will thus produce four crops a year, though the same stalk produces but a single crop and its usefulness is over. As every oncoming shoot is in a different stage of progress from its fellows the harvest goes on all the time. Banana farming has proved very profitable, though the exceedingly low prices at which bananas are sold by the importers and jobbers and the waste in transit would seem to indicate that the producer gets the smallest profit of the whole business.

The New York importer meets the New Orleans importer at the competitive point of Chicago. Very few New York bananas reach Chicago, and the competition is sharp even at Cincinnati. The banana is a fluctuating commodity. It must be handled quickly. Therefore the jobbers get it into the retailers' hands as soon as possible. Although the fruit comes here green and hard, it will begin to turn yellow and soft within three summer days, and in five days is dead ripe. In this stage a great deal of waste follows every handling, for it bruises easily, the slightest bruise turns black and rot follows. All of this damaged stuff goes into the hands of the street venders, who never consider a banana too far gone to sell to somebody. Of course the damaged bunches are disposed of for whatever they will bring.

"Now and then the simultaneous arrival of several shiploads by accident makes a glut in the market," said the Murray street importer, "and then we have to hustle. If this is in the summer time we must get rid of our cargo at any price, and right away. In winter we can hold and jobbers can move more leisurely. In fact, in winter the green bananas have to be artificially ripened for the market. This is done by hanging the bunches in a tight room and employing gas stoves to maintain an even temperature. The summer difficulty of spoiling by over-ripeness is offset by the winter difficulty of spoiling by freezing. The bunches are packed in hay to obviate both difficulties. While we have lost and are always in danger of losing entire cargoes of tropical fruits the danger decreases every year from the fact that we book our orders in advance. For instance, as I said, we unloaded 10,000 bunches yesterday. All of these went right from the dock, mostly on cars on floats alongside the pier, to fill orders. We have a cablegram to-day saying another of our vessels, with 15,000 bunches, sailed. We notify her customers that she'll be here Tuesday. They'll send in for what they think they want. Jobbers used to hang back for a gut, but they often had to pay bigger prices for doing so, and now it is mostly a question of orders. During the orange season, which runs from September to April, we handle from 2,000 to 3,000 barrels of oranges a week, in conjunction with bananas.

It is a great sight to witness the unloading of a banana steamer. The cargo, being perishable, is handled with great celerity. All the longshoremen who can work conveniently are put at it. As the jobbers also want to handle rapidly, there is an army of trucks and a pandemonium of sounds and confusion. There are lighters loaded with freight cars bearing the signs of all the trunk lines in the country alongside the pier, and into these cars tus big bunches of fruit are hustled and packed on end. The truckmen howl and the longshoremen howl, and the bosses on deck and below howl in unison. Everybody howls and everybody is on the dead jump. If there were any banana peelings on that banana dock there would be a score of broken legs every day. But the fruit is green—green as grass. You couldn't peel it without a butcher-knife, and as for eating it, you might as well eat raw sweet potatoes.—N. Y. World.

THE LAST TWO.

It was within half an hour of sundown when I came to a cabin in a bit of cove high up in the Smoky mountains, pretty close to the North Carolina line. An old, gray headed woman stood in front of the cabin, looking up and down the road.

"Cribbins to ye, stranger," she saluted, as I came up. "These yere roads dun make a-folks powerful weary some times."

"Cribbins" is the term used by mountaineers for "welcome," and no matter what the poverty may be their hospitality has no limit.

"I can't dun foresee what the ole man has met up with," she said, as I got rid of my knapsack and sat down on a log near her.

"Gone to town?" I asked.

"Shore, but it's past time war' back. Never did see how worried I've bin this day."

We were talking away when we suddenly caught sight of a mule down the road. The animal was walking, and it looked as if the man on her back was partly lying down. She went away at a run and I followed, and two minutes later she was wringing her hands and crying. The burden borne by the mule was a man over 60 years old, his hair snow-white and his face full of wrinkles, and he was lying forward with his arms clasped around the animal's neck. There was blood on the saddle-flaps, on the old man's garments, a trail of blood running back along the rocky road. The old man held on to a rifle and he had not lost consciousness.

"I—I wiped him!" he whispered, as I held him up in the saddle. "He's—he's lyin' down thar!"

I didn't know what he meant, and didn't wait for explanations. We go him to the cabin and upon a bed a soon as possible, and when we had stripped off his clothing we saw a bullet hole in his side. He had lost a great deal of blood and fainted away as we carried him in. As the wife washed the wound I poured whisky down the old man's throat, and after a while he revived. He looked at me for a moment and then queried of his wife:

"Who's him, Jen?"

"Him's a stranger who's stopped to crib," she explained. "Oh! daddy, how did it all come about?"

"He rid out on me, and we both fired to once. Him's whipped out! Him's lying stone dead up at the big turn!"

"Will he die, stranger?" she asked of me.

She knew he must, and he realized it also. We made him as comfortable as we could, checked the flow of blood to some extent, and as he sank into a sort of stupor I asked:

"Who shot him, and who has he wiped out?"

"The old man, Buck," she replied. "We've bin fussin' with the Bucks ever since the wah. Fust, my son Dan'l him shot a Buck. Then a Buck shot him. Then Bill went—then Tom—then Pete, but fur every one of them a Buck had to go, too. They had one the most. I shot him myself, and I'll be t'har whar the branch crosses the road."

"It was a family feud, then!"

"I reckon you might call it so."

"And at last only your old husband was left of your family?"

"Only him, and Buck he was old and feeble, too."

"And these two old men met to-day and continued the quarrel?"

Before she had time to reply the old man sat up in bed, looked around with wild eyes and hoarsely shouted out:

"He rid out at me, Jen, and we both fired, and him is a-lyin'—"

He fell back, gasped once or twice, and was dead. As the poor old wife rocked and moaned and uttered brief prayers, I saw the ghastly pallor creep over his face and set its seal on every line. And though I could not see it through the distance and the darkness, I knew that at the Big Turn, half a mile below, the corpse of another old man lay on its back, with eyes wide open and staring at the bright stars set in the canopy of heaven.

It was the last of a feud which had known no mercy for young or old.—M. Quad, in N. Y. World.

ASTROLOGY FOR SEPTEMBER

A Bad Month for France, Italy, Turkey and the West Indies.

Zadkiel says that in this month Saturn holds on his way through Virgo, which sign is entered by Mars on the 4th inst. The political barometer still points to the stormy outlook, and the first half of this month will live in history as one of momentous events. Farmers and mariners are warned to look out for squalls about the 11th to 15th, and the 18th; the West Indies are especially likely to suffer from a devastating storm, and possibly from an earthquake. All eyes will be turned to Paris and Constantinople, on which either war or revolution will bring much suffering. The czar will feel the sting of Saturn, and his armies will meet with little if any success, and are most likely to be defeated. Saturn creeps up to the quartile of the place of the solar eclipse of December 12 last, and so brings some serious troubles on Melbourne and its vicinity, and this season will be an unhealthy one there. The king of Italy is plagued by Uranus, and finds his plans thwarted, his health failing, and his treasury depleted. The 19th, 22d and 25th are best birthday anniversaries of this month and promise some advancement and pleasant events; in some instances, marriage. The 12th to 14th are very evil anniversaries, threatening financial losses, sickness or accident, particularly to those born in either 1833, or 1853, or 1861. All should avoid risky business or speculation, especially in foreign securities, this month. Jupiter now benefits those born on or about the 1st of March, or when the moon held the 10th to 12th degrees of the sign Pisces. Saturn afflicts a certain popular duchess. The planet Uranus enters the sign Scorpio on the 20th inst., thus opening a new chapter in the history of Morocco, where serious trouble will soon follow.

Raphael states that the new moon for the month occurs on the 3d, shortly after 5 p. m., when Libra will be rising and Cancer culminating, Uranus will occupy the first house, Saturn and Mercury will be in the twelfth, the sun, moon, Mars and Venus will occupy the eleventh, and Jupiter will just have passed the casp of the sixth in opposition to the lights and Venus. The map is not a striking one. The oriental position of Uranus will cause an unsettled time in the land, strikes and demonstrations. Saturn posited exactly on the cusp of the twelfth denotes disease of a virulent type among large cattle and horses, also much crime and full prisons. There will be also some danger of bowel complaints, such as cholera or diarrhoea, and of a very fatal nature. Mars in the eleventh will trouble our foreign relations, and the diplomatic machine will not work smoothly or satisfactorily. The Lights in opposition to Jupiter denote an unfavorable time for landed proprietors, merchants, the church and divines. There will be many and serious shocks of earthquake during the reign of this lunation. Mars will be in Virgo the greater part of the month, and as Saturn is there also we may expect most unfortunate events to occur in France and in Paris, and also in Turkey. The transit of Saturn through this sign will shake the Ottoman empire to its foundations, and it will be fortunate if it escapes insurrection or partition. Let the sultan take heed!

DON'T PASS THIS ITEM.

There may be in it something that interests you, may be not; but it is matter of fact all the same. Mrs. Emma Richards of 425 Penn. avenue, Scranton, Pa., writes: "I had been sick four years; was not able to sit up more than an hour a day. I suffered terribly from diarrh œa and dropsy of the feet. I called Dr. Hand, who said I had symptoms of worms. After taking one dose of his Worm Elixir I was relieved of 287 worms, after which I commenced to improve, and in two months was able to do my own work." This is the children's Ideal Worm Medicine.

For sale by R. C. Spohn, D. Harpster & Co., Bowers & Friederich, Geo. C. Nill, Thos. Vanstone.

HOME SEEKERS' LOW RATE EXCURSIONS.

On September 15th and 29th, the Lake Shore & Michigan Southern railway will sell excursion tickets to the farming regions of the south, southwest, west and northwest, at greatly reduced rates. Tickets will good for thirty days from date of issue. Full information can be had by applying to A. J. Smith, general passenger agent, Cleveland, O., or to your nearest ticket agent.

The Lake shore is the great through car line between the east and west, and offers superior advantages to travelers.

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"By a thorough knowledge of the natural laws which govern the operations of digestion and nutrition, and by a careful application of the fine properties of well-selected Cocoa, Mr. Epps has provided our breakfast tables with a delicately flavored beverage which may save us many heavy doctors' bills. It is by the judicious use of such articles of diet that a constitution may be gradually built up until strong enough to resist every tendency to disease. Hundreds of subtle maladies are floating around us ready to attack wherever there is a weak point. We may escape many a fatal shaft by keeping ourselves well fortified with pure blood and a properly nourished frame."—Civil Service Gazette.

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HEAL THYSELF

The Peabody Medical Institute has many imitators but no equal.—*Herald.* (Copyrighted.)

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$2,300, 9-room house, lot 50x200, Monroe st $1,600, new 2-story dwelling, 8 rooms, Auburn ave.; $1,800, fine 2-story house, lot 60 foot front, Albion st; $1,400, nice cottage, barn and henery, Milburn ave; $1,150, new pleasant house on Bush st; $1,200, 2-story house, Lorle st near Monroe:; $1,100, cottage on Lorle st; $925 cottage on Hazel st near Detroit ave; 975, cottage on Bush st, 5 rooms and summer kitchen, well cistern and cellar; two 2-story houses on Market, $1,250 each; $1,050, cottage on Bush st near Albion; $1,100, 2-story house on Hazel st. We have 5 acres rich garden land one mile from the grounds on Upton st; one acre of above is orchard of good bearing trees, large brick and frame house, all for $1,900. Call on us for bargains in Auburndale lots; we have some of the choicest building lots at bottom prices. Call on us for reliable fire insurance; our companies' assets amount to over $12,000,000

FOR MEN ONLY. A NEW BOOK ON "Inventics and Abuses." Explains the only method to permanently cure Nervousness, Lost Manhood, Impotency, all Weak, Stunted, Undeveloped organs and parts of the body. Also the quickest cure for nervous, sexual, and general physical debility and decay. The effects of early errors and later excesses, weakness of body and mind, unnatural losses, nervousness, partial or total impotence, etc., cured "to stay cured." Every condition of robust and noble manhood fully restored, unless beyond human aid. *Written by one thirty years a States and Territories, and foreign countries.* You can consult them, and may the mistake of your life if you fail to answer this and investigate a system of treatment which is as assuringly unfailing as any human means can be. This is no "free" scheme, but is in good faith, and at once, can save you invaluable life's book mailed (in plain cover) for 10 cents. Address ERIE MEDICAL CO., Cor. of Main and Swan streets, BUFFALO, N. Y.

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No Money Required of Responsible Parties to Commence Treatment.

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Consultation and Examination Free and Strictly Confidential in the Private Parlor of the Burnett House from 8 a. m. to 9 p. m., one day only.

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The France Medical and Surgical Institute of Columbus, Ohio, is the only Medical Institute in the state incorporated with a capital of $30,000.

FRANCE MEDICAL AND SURGICAL INSTITUTE,

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DRS. FRANCE AND OTTMAN, of New York, the well known and successful Specialists in Chronic Diseases and Diseases of the Eye and Ear, on account of their large practice in Ohio, have established the FRANCE MEDICAL INSTITUTE, where all forms of Chronic, Nervous and Private Diseases will be successfully treated on the most Scientific principles. They are ably assisted by a full corps of eminent Physicians and Surgeons, each one being a well known specialist in his profession

CANCER positively cured without pain or use of the knife, by a new method.

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YOUNG MEN—Who have become victims of solitary vice, that dreadful and destructive habit, which annually sweeps to an untimely grave thousands of young men of exalted talent and brilliant intellect, may call with confidence.

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TO MIDDLE-AGED MEN.—There are many from the age of 30 to 60 who are troubled with frequent evacuations of the bladder, often accompanied by a slight burning or smarting sensation, weakening the system in a manner the patient cannot account for. On examination of the urinary deposits, a ropy sediment will be found, or the color will be a thick or milkish hue. There are many men who die of this difficulty, ignorant of the cause, which is a second stage of seminal weakness. We will guarantee a perfect cure in all such cases, and a healthy restoration of the genito-urinary organs.

DISEASES OF WOMEN.—We have a special department, thoroughly organized, and devoted exclusively to the treatment of diseases of women. Every case consulting our specialists, whether by letter or in person, is given the most careful and considerate attention. Important cases, and we get few which have not baffled the skill of all the home physicians) have the benefit of a full council of skilled specialists. In treatment of diseases peculiar to females, our success has been marked, over two-thirds of our patients being ladies, old, young, married, single, rich and poor. Our method is entirely free from objectionable features of the general practitioner, namely, "Local treatment." We seldom find it necessary. We prepare remedies, constitutional and local, as the case demands, and instruct ladies how to treat themselves.

MARRIAGE.—Married persons, or young men contemplating marriage, aware of physical weakness, loss of procreative powers, impotency, or any other disqualification, speedily restored.

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Who desire to increase their income can secure a permanent situation, on salary or commission as preferred, with the most successful Accident Insurance Company in America by Address, with References,

W. D. CHASE, Secretary, Geneva, N. Y.

City Auditor's Office.

TOLEDO, O., Aug. 19, 1891.

THE COMMITTEE ON WAYS AND MEANS of the Common Council of the city of Toledo, Ohio, and the undersigned, invite sealed proposals at this office to

MONDAY, SEPTEMBER 21, 1891,

at 7 o'clock p. m., for the purchase of street improvement bonds, to the amount of two thousand one hundred and fifty (2,150) dollars, bearing date Aug. 17, 1891, and payable as follows: Two hundred and fifteen dollars on Feb. 17, 1892, and two hundred and fifteen dollars at the expiration of every six months thereafter, to and including Aug. 17, 1896, at the office of the city treasurer, with interest at the rate of five (5) per cent per annum, payable semi-annually at the same place as evidenced by coupons to be attached to said bonds.

Said improvement bonds are issued pursuant to section 2704 to 2707 of the revised statutes of the State of Ohio, and also under an ordinance of the common council of the city of Toledo, Ohio, "To provide for the issue of improvement bonds to pay the cost and expense of the improvement of Lenk street, from Dorr street to bridge over Swan creek"—passed Aug. 10, 1891.

The denomination of these bonds will be first payment one bond of $895 95-100, and thereafter two of $5 0 and one of $1,250 each payment.

The said bonds will be sold at not less than par and accrued interest, to the highest bidder.

Bidders will be required to state the gross amount they will pay for the Bonds besides the accrued interest to date of delivery at Toledo, Ohio. They will also be required to deposit with each bid an amount of money or a certified check on some responsible bank equal to at least five (5) per centum of the par value of the Bonds so bid for, as a guarantee of good faith, and that the bid so made (if successful) will be fulfilled in accordance with the terms thereof, and the requirements of the Law and Ordinances. When the bids have been examined, and the award made according to Law, all moneys or checks deposited as guarantees shall be returned to the depositor, or held by the City Auditor subject to his call, except that of the successful bidder, which shall be held and considered, and accepted as part payment of the Bonds so awarded or sold, but should there be any repudiation of the contract or agreement, or refusal to accept and pay for the Bonds so sold, then and in that case the deposit shall be forfeited to the City of Toledo, and shall become the property of said City, in compensation for loss and expenses attending the sale of said Bonds and as liquidated damages for repudiation of bid. And no bid will be received if not accompanied by money or check aforesaid.

The right is reserved to reject any or all bids.

Proposals should be addressed to the "Auditor of the City of Toledo, Ohio," and be indorsed "Proposals for Improvement Bonds."

W. T. WALKER, City Auditor.

First pub wed aug19,26 sep 2,9,16

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THE COMMITTEE ON WAYS AND MEANS of the Common Council of the city of Toledo, Ohio, and the undersigned, invite sealed proposals at this office to

MONDAY, SEPTEMBER 21, 1891,

at 7 o'clock p. m., for the purchase of street improvement bonds, to the amount of six thousand five hundred and seventy-two 88-100 ($6,572 88-100 dollars, bearing date Sept. 14, 1891 and payable as follows: Six hundred and thirty two 88-100 dollars on March 14, 1892, and six hundred and sixty dollars at the expiration of every six months thereafter to and including Sept. 14, 1896 at the office of the city treasurer, with interest at the rate of five (5) per cent per annum, payable semi-annually at the same place as evidenced by coupons to be attached to said bonds.

Said improvement bonds are issued pursuant to section 2704 to 2707 of the revised statutes of the State of Ohio, and also under an ordinance of the common council of the City of Toledo, Ohio, "To provide for the issue of improvement bonds to pay the cost and expense of the improvement of the Alley between Erie and Ontario streets, from Monroe to Jefferson street"—passed Aug. 10, 1891.

The denomination of these bonds will be first payment one bond of $109 88, and thereafter one of $110 each payment.

The said bonds will be sold at not less than par and accrued interest, to the highest bidder.

Bidders will be required to state the gross amount they will pay for the Bonds besides the accrued interest to date of delivery at Toledo, Ohio. They will also be required to deposit with each bid an amount of money or a certified check on some responsible bank equal to at least five (5) per centum of the par value of the Bonds so bid for, as a guarantee of good faith, and that the bid so made (if successful) will be fulfilled in accordance with the terms thereof, and the requirements of the Law and Ordinances. When the bids have been examined, and the award made according to Law, all moneys or checks deposited as guarantees shall be returned to the depositor, or held by the City Auditor subject to his call, except that of the successful bidder, which shall be held and considered, and accepted as part payment of the Bonds so awarded or sold, but should there be any repudiation of the contract or agreement, or refusal to accept and pay for the Bonds so sold, then and in that case the deposit shall be forfeited to the City of Toledo, and shall become the property of said City, in compensation for loss and expenses attending the sale of said Bonds and as liquidated damages for repudiation of bid. And no bid will be received if not accompanied by money or check aforesaid.

The right is reserved to reject any or all bids.

Proposals should be addressed to the "Auditor of the City of Toledo, Ohio," and be indorsed "Proposals for Improvement Bonds."

W. T. WALKER, City Auditor.

first pub wed aug 19,26 sep 2,9,16

City Auditor's Office.

TOLEDO, O., Aug. 19, 1891.

THE COMMITTEE ON WAYS AND MEANS of the Common Council of the city of Toledo, Ohio, and the undersigned invite sealed proposals at this office to

MONDAY, SEPTEMBER 28TH, 1891,

At 7 o'clock p. m. for the purchase of Street Improvement Bonds to the amount of twenty-four thousand six hundred and forty-eight 95-100 ($24,648 95-100) dollars, bearing date August 31, 1891, and payable as follows: Eight hundred and twelve dollars on February 28, 1892 and twelve hundred and fifty dollars at the expiration of every six months thereafter, to and including August 31, 1901, at the office of the City Treasurer, with interest at the rate of five (5) per cent per annum, payable semi-annually at the same place as evidenced by coupons to be attached to said bonds.

Said Improvement bonds are issued pursuant to section 2704 to 2707 of the revised statutes of the State of Ohio, and also under an ordinance of the common council of the City of Toledo, Ohio, "To provide for the issue of Improvement Bonds to pay the cost and expense of the improvement of Cherry street, from the center of Franklin avenue to the center of Locust street, by turnpiking the central thirty feet thereof and providing the necessary drainage culverts, etc."—passed Aug. 10, 1891.

The denomination of these bonds will be first payment one bond of $1,189 58-100 dollars, and thereafter one of $1,200 each payment.

The said bonds will be sold at not less than par and accrued interest, to the highest bidder.

Bidders will be required to state the gross amount they will pay for the Bonds besides the accrued interest to date of delivery at Toledo, Ohio. They will also be required to deposit with each bid an amount of money or a certified check on some responsible bank equal to at least five (5) per centum of the par value of the Bonds so bid for, as a guarantee of good faith, and that the bid so made (if successful) will be fulfilled in accordance with the terms thereof, and the requirements of the Law and Ordinances. When the bids have been examined, and the award made according to Law, all moneys or checks deposited as guarantees shall be returned to the depositor, or held by the City Auditor subject to his call, except that of the successful bidder, which shall be held and considered, and accepted as part payment of the Bonds so awarded or sold, but should there be any repudiation of the contract or agreement, or refusal to accept and pay for the Bonds so sold, then and in that case the deposit shall be forfeited to the City of Toledo, and shall become the property of said City, in compensation for loss and expenses attending the sale of said Bonds and as liquidated damages for repudiation of bid. And no bid will be received if not accompanied by money or check aforesaid.

The right is reserved to reject any or all bids.

Proposals should be addressed to the "Auditor of the City of Toledo, Ohio," and be indorsed "Proposals for Improvement Bonds."

W. T. WALKER, City Auditor.

first pub wed aug 19,26 sep 2,9,16

City Auditor's Office.

TOLEDO, O., Aug. 19, 1891.

THE COMMITTEE ON WAYS AND MEANS of the Common Council of the city of Toledo, Ohio, and the undersigned invite sealed proposals at this office to

MONDAY, SEPTEMBER 21, 1891,

at 7 o'clock p. m., for the purchase of sanitary fund deficiency bonds to the amount of ten thousand, ($10,000) dollars, bearing date Sept. 1, 1891, and payable Sept. 1, 1905, at the Importers' and Traders' National Bank, in the City of New York, with interest at the rate of 4½ per cent per annum, payable semi-annually at the same place, to be evidenced by coupons to be attached to said bonds.

Said bonds are issued pursuant to an Act of the General Assembly of the State of Ohio, "authorizing cities of the third grade of the first class to borrow money and issue bonds therefor to supply deficiencies in sanitary fund of said cities, passed March 24, 1890, and also under an ordinance of the common council of the City of Toledo, Ohio, "to provide for the issue of bonds to supply the deficiency in sanitary fund," passed April 7, 1890, and a resolution directing this issue Aug. 10, 1891. All proper demand having been made to the council of said city by the Board of Health in accordance with the statutes.

Bidders will be required to state the gross amount they will pay for the Bonds besides the accrued interest to date of delivery at Toledo, Ohio. They will also be required to deposit with each bid an amount of money or a certified check on some responsible bank equal to at least five (5) per centum of the par value of the Bonds, so bid for, as a guarantee of good faith, and that the bid so made (if successful) will be fulfilled in accordance with the terms thereof, and the requirements of the Law and Ordinances. When the bids have been examined, and the award made according to Law, all moneys or checks deposited as guarantees shall be returned to the depositor, or held by the City Auditor subject to his call, except that of the successful bidder, which shall be held and considered, and accepted as part payment of the Bonds so awarded or sold, but should there be

Toledo Bee

The BEE will give the people all of the news and advertise their wants. Having a circulation much greater than any other Toledo daily paper it is much the best advertising medium. It secures quicker and better returns. Consult your interests by advertising in the BEE when you want anything or have anything to sell.

Parties advertising in these columns and having the answers addressed in care of THE BEE, will please ask for check to enable them to get their letters, as none will be delivered except on presentation of check. All answers to advertisements should be inclosed in envelopes.

Advertisements of Wants, For Rent, For Sale, Lost, Found, etc., not exceeding four lines (28 words), will be inserted in these columns for 50 cents a week, two weeks $1; one month $2. For one insertion 25 cents, two times 39 cents, three times 50 cents and four times 40 cents will be charged. Over four lines at proportionate rates, payable in advance. Parties desiring situations will be given three insertions free.

No credit is allowed for advertisements ordered in for a certain number of times and stopped before expiration.

MALE HELP WANTED.

Advertisements under this head: Once, 5cts; Three times, 10cts; Six times 20cts.

MAN wanted to take care of horse and work around house. 515 Monroe st. 16sep3

WANTED—A competent girl at No. 321 Eighteenth st.; keep second girl. 16sep3

CARPENTER—Wanted, the name and address of a carpenter who is competent to do repair work from plans and specifications; about 6 days' work; union man preferred. Address Unionist this office. 15sep2p

WANTED—Buffers on chandelier work. Central Chandelier Co. 15sep5

WANTED—A man for general work; must have experience in tending bar. Inquire 16 south St Clair st. 14sep4p

WANTED—For the United States army able bodied, unmarried men, between the ages of 21 and 35 years; good pay, rations clothing and medical attendance; applicants must be prepared to furnish satisfactory evidence as to age, character and habits. Apply at 4th floor, Bass block, Calhoun st, Ft Wayne, Ind. 3jly6m

WANTED—At cost, pants and vest makers, union men preferred; sack, $6 up; D B frock, 19 to $12; vests $1 50 to $2 25; pants, $1.50 to $2.50; also clerk in store who has a knowledge of cutting. Address or call, John F Glister, Jackson, Mich. 9sep8p

WANTED—Ten good men at quarries of Toledo Glass Sand Co, near Sylvania; wages $1 25 per day; board $3 per week. 29aug-tf

1000 MEN Wanted—To be measured for a custom made pant at $3 or suit at $13 25 at the Plymouth Rock Pants Co. 603 Adams st. 10augtmp

WIRE WORKERS—Wanted 3 experienced wire workers at the American Brass and Metal Works, Detroit, Mich. 21jly-tf

FEMALE HELP WANTED

WANTED—Competent second girl at 212 Jefferson st. 15sep4p

WANTED—A bright young lady to keep books and do light office work. Address, stating experience and salary expected, P. O. Box 152. 16sep6p

WANTED—A girl for general housework; small family. Inquire at 1319 Monroe st. 15sep2p

NURSE GIRL—Wanted, nurse girl; good, bright nurse girl. Apply at 2224 Collingwood ave. Mrs W B Geroe. 13sep3p

WANTED—A girl for general housework; bring your recommendations and call in evening at 1 4 20th st, between Jefferson and Monroe. 15sep3p

EXPERIENCED SECOND GIRL—Wanted; must come well recommended. Call between 7 and 9 in the evening at 806 Huron st, cor Walnut. 14sep3

WANTED—Girl who understands washing, ironing and cooking. Mrs N L Ries, 222 Erie st, between Jefferson and Madison. 14sep3p

WANTED—A neat young girl to assist in general housework; no washing; references required. Mrs Henry W De Vore 2:33 Glenwood ave. 12s p6p

WANTED—Girls for hotel and general housework. Situations furnished free of charge. City Employment office, 809 Summit st. 11sep6p

WANTED—Tailoress, to work in shop. Address D 100, care Bee. 10sep6p

DINING ROOM GIRL—Wanted at Hotel Montreal 9sep6p

LADIES who will do writing for me at their own home will guarantee good wages. Address with self-addressed envelope Miss Edna L Smythe, South Bend, Ind, proprietor of the famous Gloria water for the complexion. 8sep12

WANTED—Good German girl to do kitchen and laundry work; must be a good cook; good wages. Mrs Chas T Lewis, 153 Prescott st. 18aug-tf

WIVES—Wanted—To tell their husbands to get their clothes made at the Plymouth Rock Pants Co, 603 Adams st. Suits, $13 25; pants, $3. 10augtmp

WANTED—At 911 for general housework at 932 Huron st, corner Lagrange. 9june-tf

FOR RENT ROOMS.

FOR RENT—Furnished rooms 817 Huron st.; all modern conveniences for both ladies and gentlemen. 16-eplwp

FOR RENT—Third floor of new building Nos. 125 and 127 St Clair st.; suitable for light manufacturing business. 16sep1wp

FOR RENT—Five rooms and bath room over 15 6 Broadway, near South st. Inquire of Chase & Sherwood & Co. 16sep3p

FOR RENT—Pleasant rooms suitable for 2 gentlemen, with breakfast and supper if desired. 830 Madison st. 15sep2p

OFFICE rooms for rent; one at $8, one at $9, suite $16; one at $10, one at $13, two at $15, suite of 3 at $30 per month. J. P. Delphey & Co., 7 Adams Block 16sep1w

ROOM—Nicely furnished front room with board, suitable for one or two gentlemen, at 322 Huron st, between Adams and Madison; references required. 15sep2p

FOR RENT—Nicely furnished front room suitable for two gentlemen or man and wife, on bath room floor. 712 Madison st, next to Hotel Madison. 7sep6p

FOR RENT—Desk room or part of desirable office at The Mutual Fire Association, 508 Superior st. 29aug-tf

FOR RENT—Turner hall club room, for club, parties or secret societies. Inquire Louis John, 421 St Clair st. 14aug3m

OFFICES—For rent, rooms 1 and 2 Worthington block, corner Adams and Superior sts. Inquire of Dr E M Cook. 10aug-tf

MISCELLANEOUS

QUIT—In the country rent is low, expenses light, and perhaps we can save you money on your small printing; business done by mail. Address The Herald, Archbold, O. 15sep6p

FIRE, accident, plate glass and life insurance; houses and stores for rent and sale; loans in Dawson's addition. Dorr, Wisconsin and Missouri sts on easy terms. C C & H B ("Bert") Dawson, 2 Drummond block oppo the postoffice, phone 1288. 15sep12

MEXICAN COCKROACH DESTROYER—Guaranteed to thoroughly exterminate roaches in from 5 to 10 days in every instance. For sale at Richmond & Strongs, druggists, 601 Monroe street. 12sep6p

STAMPS, corporate seals and stencils, all kinds and sizes; a large style of letters to select from; prices low; work finished promptly. Wymar Boardman, 429 St Clair st, near Adams. 18aug1m

WANTED—Citizens of Toledo to know that Koelia the artist has moved from Fourth ward to Hassenzahl's block, 324 Cherry st. Call if you want fine photography. 26aug1m

ANY ONE having money to loan on improved city or farm property at good rates will find it to their interest to call on T. S. Merrell, 512 Madison st. No charge for investment. 17augtyr

FOR THE BEST—Tomato catsup ever made, and for the finest delicacies in cheese, fish, etc., go to A. Rensch & Co., 607 Monroe street. Wholesale and retail. 17augtm

FOR RENT—Turner hall club room. Inquir Louis John, 421 St Clair st. Jan-tf

DO YOU WANT A PENSION? If you do, and have doubts as to your claim, consult J. H. Spain, corner Monroe and Market Spaces. Advice given free. 7aprtyr

WANTED—The people to know that they can get anything they want in the line of stationary, art goods, cigars and tobacco, at Geo. T. Frey's, 611 Cherry st. 31jan1y

GEORGE W. MERRILL, Justice of the Peace and Notary Public, deeds, leases, mortgages and all legal papers executed; special attention paid to collection of commercial paper. Office hours, 8 a. m. to 9 p. m. Room 21 Law building, corner Superior and Madison sts. jan1tf

CISTERNS of all sizes in stock or made to order, delivered in any part of city, will set in position if desired. Phone 871. The Morrell Manufacturing Co., Curtis st. 30may1y

LOST AND FOUND.

LOST—Cameo ring on Madison st; leave at 223 Summit st. and receive reward. 15sep1wp

FOUND—Horse, iron gray, on my farm two weeks ago. Owner can have the same by calling at my place and paying charges. Geo Simmon, 1013 Summit st. 15sep6

LOST—From 5 4 W. Woodruff ave., saturday, 5 p. m. 12, pug pup 5 mo. old, ans to name of Rowdy; suitable reward if returned to above No. 16sep3p

LOST—A white and black spotted hound, bitch, with long, black ears and tail cut off; answers to the name of Fanny. Finder please return to Thomas Ohrman, 330 Hamilton st and receive reward, or to W S Melchior & Co, 609 Monroe st. 14sep3p

LOST—Near Forest cemetery, female setter terrier, nickeled plated chain, collar and padlock. Liberal reward for return to 330 Michigan st 14sep3p

LOST—Gold eyeglass and chain, on Monroe or Collingwood ave. Please return to 1924 Parkwood ave. 9sep-tf

FOR EXCHANGE.

GRIST MILL IN ILLINOIS—Roller process; capacity 25 barrels per day; price, $7,000. Box 34, Tefft, Ind 29sep6p

FOR SALE OR RENT.

FOR SALE OR RENT—At a bargain, a beautiful modern house; 150 feet front, corner to barn, gas, water, etc, etc. Central ave near Collingwood. Sam T Fisk, 311 Madison st. 27augtm

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—A team of work horses with new harness and wagon, cheap. Call 201 Nebraska ave., cor. Collingwood. 15sep1wp

FOR SALE—$20 takes a good milk cow. Inquire 2 X Schnebelen, feed stable, Washington st, cor superior. 15sep3p

PORK and cider barrels for sale. Inquire at Buckeye tobacco works. 15sep6p

DO YOU WANT A BARGAIN—If you do, we can give it to you; large 12-room house, new, natural gas up and down stairs, elegant cellar, lot 4x110 to an alley, on Lagrange near Page, street paved, etc. etc. Chas J Kirschner & Co, 502 Madison st. 15sep6

FOR SALE—Saloon, doing a big business, will sell cheap if sold at once. S Canfield, room 2, Marine building, foot of Jefferson st, Toledo, O. 14sep3p

FOR SALE—In 7th ward, house of 9 rooms, bath room, cellar, city water, well and cistern, both kinds of gas, good barn, convenient to street cars; $3,500 cash if taken soon. Address A B, Box 97, Toledo. 14sep6p

FOR SALE—House in process of erection in desirable neighborhood of the 9th ward. will arrange rooms and finish to suit, and sell on reasonable terms. Irving B Hiett & Co.

FOR SALE—7-room house in Ewing place, new and well built, street cars convenient, neighborhood good; will sell for $1,800 on monthly payments. Irving B Hiett & Co.

FOR SALE—Good 1½-story frame residence on Curtis st near Western ave, 6 rooms, nicely arranged, house well located and in good condition; will sell at very reasonable price. Irving B Hiett & Co.

FOR SALE—New cottage of 6 rooms on South st near Sumner st, a short distance from Union depot and railroad grounds; price $1,800 on monthly payments. Irving B Hiett & Co.

FOR SALE—Cottage of 6 rooms on Anna st near Western ave on 50x154 ft; will sell on monthly payments at very reasonable figures. Irving B Hiett & Co.

FOR SALE—$1,800 will buy a new 7-room house in first-class location on Indiana ave, lot 30 feet front, sewerage in, natural gas pipes laid, street cars pass the door; our terms of payment will suit you. Irving B Hiett & Co.

FOR SALE—Only $90, payable monthly, will buy a new, good and substantial cottage of 6 rooms on South st near M C railroad crossing; good lot and prominent street, natural gas, street cars convenient. Irving B Hiett & Co.

FOR SALE—New house at Air Line Junction for $1,650, well built, 8 rooms and good cellar, lot 30 feet front; if you want a first-class place cheap see this one. Irving B Hiett & Co.

FOR SALE—On monthly payments, good house on Western ave near G bons st; a trifle more than rent will buy this place, 7 rooms, 1 4 30 feet front, street cars past the property. Irving B Hiett & Co.

FOR SALE—House on Boyd st, near M C R'y, 6 rooms, new, lot 30x120; everything in good condition; will sell at reasonable terms on monthly payments. Irving B Hiett & Co.

FOR SALE—For $850, a good 5-room cottage on Hiett ave, near Walbridge ave, well built and nicely located, lot 30 feet front; will sell on long time to suit. Irving B Hiett & Co.

FOR SALE—A very desirable 7-room house on Western ave, near Curtis st; electric cars, stores, schools and business convenient; will sell on very reasonable terms to the right parties. Irving B Hiett & Co.

FOR SALE—New cottage on Delance st, East Toledo, five rooms, convenient and nicely arranged, large lot, will sell on monthly payments for $900. Irving B Hiett & Co.

FOR SALE—At Air Line Junction, a new cottage of five rooms, for $750 on monthly payments, lot 30 ft front. If you want this place see us soon. Irving B Hiett & Co.

FOR SALE—$1,500 will buy a beautiful cottage of 6 rooms on Knower st, in first-class neighborhood, two lines of street cars convenient. Let us show you the place. Irving B Hiett & Co.

FOR SALE—Cottage on Empire street near Adams street. Six rooms; will sell at reasonable price, on long time if desired. Get our figures Irving B Hiett & Co.

FOR SALE—Cottage of 5 rooms on Orchard street, a short distance from Broadway. Lot 30x142. Price $1,100, on monthly payments. Irving B Hiett & Co.

EXCELLENT FARM FOR SALE—150 acres, large house, good barn, granary and outbuildings, cellar, an excellent well, river Raisin forms a horse shoe around the farm; 30 acres river bottom; black loam and clay soil; can be bought at a bargain; will exchange in part for city property; farm is located near Petersburg, Mich. Chas J Kirschner & Co, 502 Madison st.

FOR SALE—Pheaton, Cooney make, in good repair, 2 seights, one for delivery, harness nearly new; all very cheap. Call 2117 Jefferson street. 11sep6p

FOR SALE—House and lot No 1611 321 st, near Monroe. M C Moore. 10sep3p

FOR SALE—The saloon of the late Charles Chase, 323 Summit st. 9sep6p

FOR SALE—Cheap, 1 road cart, 1 single and 1 double buggy. Inquire 1154 Dorr st. 14sep3p

FARM—For sale a farm of 100 acres, half mile south of Gibsonburg, O. This land is in the center of the natural gas and oil basin of this region. Unsurpassed location for stone quarries and slate for lime kilns, half a mile from railroad track; 80 acres of the tract the best quality of farming land. Also 111 acres of land situated near Neapolis, Lucas county, O. Address Dr S B, or Della Taylor, Fremont, O. 9sep1m

ENGINE—For sale, engine, 40-horse power engine with 8-foot fly-wheel, in good running order, cheap. Call or address Goulet & Co, 85 St Clair st, Toledo, O. 3sep1m

SPLENDID FARM—For sale, close to Shelburn, containing 80 acres; price $40 per acre, or one nearly adjoining containing 86 acres, price $30 per acre. For particulars address G S Downes, Shelburn, Sullivan Co, Ind. No agents. 2sep1p

FARM—For sale, of 244 acres, nicely located in 10-10, with good house, two barns, three wells, two orchards, one living spring. This property has also another house good enough for family to live in, with two barns; has a sugar bush of 1,000 maple trees, and considerable beech, maple and elm timber. To a purchaser I can give a better deal than can be found anywhere in the country. Would not object to taking a moderate priced house and lot well located in this city as part payment. For particulars and price address George B St John, 1925 Warren st, Toledo Ohio. 31augtmp

FOR SALE—Grocery store doing a good business and located in one of the best parts of the city; not over $800 to $900 cash needed. Address C 36, Bee office. 24jly-tf

PROPERTY—For sale; house and lot on Washington st $2,500; 75 ft on Collingwood, near Delaware ave, at $45; 107 ft on Richmond, near Bancroft at $35; house and lot on Lee st, 9th ward, $1,400; 3 new cottages now being built on East Broadway for $1,000 each; small down payments, balance monthly. Irving B Hiett & Co Produce Exchange. 28mar-tf

LOT—For sale a beautiful lot 50x211. Call at 518 Adams street. 21mar-tf

FOR RENT—HOUSES.

FOR RENT—House; nice small cosey cottage right opposite City park; gas, water and all late improvements. Inquire of Henry J. Hofmann, cor. Lenk and Nebraska ave. 16sep3p

HOUSE—For rent, one-half of brick house, cor of Stickney and Huron, 7 rooms, up and down stairs, good cellar, all conveniences; information on the premises. 15sep6p

FOR RENT—House of 8 rooms, No 337 Lafayette st; all modern conveniences and street cars pass the door; $13 per month. Inquire of Patrick Watters 4 2 Lafayette st, or at the saloon cor Erie and Washington sts. 15sep3p

FOR RENT—An elegant house, centrally located, newly papered, 11 rooms, modern conveniences, first-class neighborhood; price $40. W. L. Holbrook, room 3 Gardner Place. 12sep3

FOR RENT—Two comfortable furnished rooms with all modern conveniences. Call 211 Ontario st. 14 ep3

FOR RENT—At reasonable prices, furnished rooms suitable for one or two gentlemen or man and wife. 3027 Adams st. 14sep6p

FOR RENT—A pleasant furnished house suitable for one gentleman. 224 15th st between Adams and Madison. 14sep3p

FOR RENT—Store, No 2141 Monroe st, opposite Spohn's drug store. This is the best outside point in the city for a first-class butcher shop. Will rent or sell fixtures. Inquire 2119 Bartlett st 9sep6p

FOR RENT—A large new boarding house and bar room, in the city of Findlay, near 7 cories, free gas. Address M C Mackey, Findlay, O. 4sep6p

HOUSE—For rent a house of 12 rooms with all the modern improvements, including natural gas, at 1225 Superior st; splendid neighborhood, convenient to business. Apply to V. W. Granger, 305 Summit st. 4apr-tf

WANTED AGENTS.

WE offer agents big money, in exclusive territory. Our new patent Safes, sell a sight in city or country. New agents first in field actually getting rich. One agent in one day cleared $88. So can you. Catalogue free. Alpine Safe Co., No 369-371, Clark St., Cincinnati, O. 27jne-w&sat-3mo

WANTED—Our agents make 200 to $300 a month selling our goods on their merits; want country and general agents, and will take back all goods unsold if a county agent fails to clear $200 and expenses after a 30 days' trial, or a general agent less than $250; we will send large illustrated circulars and letter with a special offer to suit territory applied for, on receipt of three 1 cent stamps. Apply at once and get in on the boom. Address Renner Manufacturing Company, Pittsburg, Pa. 1 v3m

BUSINESS CHANCE.

WANTED—Partner with $300 to $5 a day guaranteed to an active man; indoor and light work; no experience required; references given. Address, with stamp, D 28, Bee office. p

PHOTOGRAPHER—We have the best paying photograph gallery in Detroit for sale; profits last year over $6,000; retiring from business only reason for selling. Apply at once. Rothweil & Co, 92 Griswold st, Detroit, Mich. 15sep6p

MONEY TO LOAN.

MONEY—To loan on real estate in large or small amounts at low rate of interest. T. S. Merrell, 512 Madison st. 17Auglyr

MONEY TO LOAN—On household goods, piano, horses, wagons, etc., without removal; partial payments received; reducing cost pro rata; all business strictly confidential. Croft, room 14 Worthington block, Adams and Superior sts. 16may1f

WANTED—TO BUY

HORSE—Wanted to buy a family horse; bay or black preferred; must be young, gentle and of good action; must be cheap for cash. Address D 95, Bee office. 14sep3p

WANTED—SITUATION.

WANTED—Situation by a young man; has had three years' experience as a meat cutter; wanted a job as soon as possible. Address D 29, care Bee. 16sep3

WANTED—Situation as clerk in a grocery store; can speak French, English and German; have managed a store for over a year; can give best of city reference. Address D 26, Bee office. 16sep3

WANTED—Plain sewing, either home or at the house. Address D 27, care BEE office. 16sep3

WANTED—By a lady having experience, position as stenographer and typewriter. Address D 16, care BEE office 16sep3

A GOOD LAUNDRESS would like table linen, towels or any kind of washing to take home. Address 553 Wisconsin st. 15sep3

WANTED—Situation by a young man of 18 years as clerk in store or to drive delivery wagon; have had experience. Address D 25, Bee office. 15sep3

SITUATION—Wanted, by a competent meat cook; good hand on soups and entrees. Please address D 21, Bee office. 14sep3

WANTED—Situation as city salesman, not afraid to work, with extensive experience about the city; willing to assist at any other work about the cigars, shipping, books, etc. Inquire Bee office, D 24. 14sep3

SITUATION—Wanted by a watchman or janitor to take care of business block, college, school or private residence; best of references. Address D 23, care Bee. 14sep6p

WANTED—Offices to clean or rooms of any kind by a colored woman; references given. Address D 22, care Bee office. 14sep3

DIED.

KELSEY—On Tuesday, Sept 15, 1891, at 9:45 a. m. Mary J. wife of Joel W Kelsey, in her 63d year.

Funeral from residence 2089 Collingwood ave, on Thursday at 2 p m.

Friends invited. 16sep

CITY NEWS.

Circuit court convened to-day.

The Toledo Laundry Co. Phone 488.

Toledo lodge of Masons meet this evening.

Saturday will be children's day at the Cyclorama.

Democratic primaries on Friday evening, from 7 to 9.

Ottawa county's fair opens at Port Clinton on the 23d inst.

The Crescent Livery Co. Phone 899.

Reunion of the Fourteenth Ohio regiment at McClure to-morrow.

The court rooms at the court house are receiving a general cleaning up.

Diphtheria at 647 Bartlett street was reported at the health office this morning.

Parks' city ambulance will do work for $2.50 to any part of the city. Phone 1217.

The trenches are being dug for the city pipe line on Huron street, south of Monroe.

Ninth ward democrats hold their primary election at Lincoln hall Friday night.

The Toledo Laundry Co., 332 Summit St.

The city gas line is being laid on Adams street, from Erie street along court house park. The court house will be connected this week.

The grand jury will meet on next Monday morning at 10 o'clock. Several important cases will be presented for investigation.

Toledo Commandery, Knights Templars, meet to-morrow for drill, in order to present its usual fine appearance in the Cincinnati parade.

Ask for Seyfang's New Process Bread.

Fall trade is opening up in good shape, and Toledo merchants are wearing their brightest smiles.

A very short and quiet session of police court was held this morning, only a few cases of drunks and disturbances being disposed of.

Show your friends about the city in a carriage or surrey from the Crescent Livery Co. Phone 899.

The case of Toledo against the Toledo, St Louis & Kansas City railway company for the opening of Wabash street is still on hearing in probate court.

New patterns in sideboards and dining chairs just received at M. Bartlett's, 618 Jefferson street.

Children are specially invited to visit the Cyclorama Saturday, Sept. 19, when a lecture will be given for their benefit. Open from 9 a. m. to 10 p. m.

Edward Henzler will have his hearing in police court this afternoon. He is one of the saloon keepers charged with having violated the Sunday Liquor law.

The lunch and finance committees of the W. C. T. U. of this city are requested to meet with Mrs. L. F. Eck at 1212 Madison street, Thursday, Sept., 17, at 3 p. m.

The oldest furniture house in the city and the choicest stock to select from at M. Bartlett's, 618 Jefferson street.

Peter Dunn's liquor case, in police court yesterday afternoon, was given to the jury at about 4 o'clock; in a few minutes they returned a verdict of not guilty, and the defendent was discharged.

My new stock in furniture for the fall trade is now ready for inspection. M. Bartlett, 618 Jefferson street.

Dancing school. Fredrick & Co.'s dancing academy will reopen Sept. 18, at G. A. R. hall, on Adams street, opposite court house. We will be there to receive pupils. Fredrick & Heidel, proprietors.

If you desire to buy furniture of the latest designs and lowest prices as well as the best made goods, then see the magnificent stock of furniture and bedding at M. Bartlett's, 618 Jefferson street.

Frank Blaze was arraigned in police court this morning on a charge of disturbance, complaint having been made by Emma Godi of 364 Erie street. Testimony showed that Blaze had only been drunk. The charge was changed and he was fined the costs for his little spree.

To buyers and housekeepers: Do not call to see the new goods in all kinds of furniture at Bartlett's, 618 Jefferson.

Henry Welanburg, a farmer, was arrested at 9 o'clock this morning, by officer Henard for creating a disturbance near the market. He was taken to the central police station and put up $15 bail for his appearance in police court to-morrow morning.

New parlor suits and odd chairs of every color and design at Bartlett's, 618 Jefferson street.

The following cases of drunks were disposed of in police court this morning: Marcus Sass, 58 and costs; Chas. Dowd, $5 and costs; Elw. McNamee, costs; Thomas Smith, marked of the docket; John Wilson, an old time beggar, was given $10 fine and 20 days in the work house.

Buy your groceries at H. S. Pierce's, 713 Monroe street, and get that nicely bound and valuable book free.

The Smead School for Girls will reopen Wednesday, September 23. Boys desirous of beginning Latin before entering the High School, are admitted to the Latin classes. For particulars apply to the Misses Smead.

Detective Manley returned from Green Bay, Mich., yesterday afternoon with his prisoner, Geo. Fitzmeyer, who had been arrested at that place on word from this city. He is charged with misappropriating funds belonging to Leland, Smith & Co. Fitzmeyer was released by Judge Sala on a $500 bail bond to appear in police court for a preliminary hearing in a few days.

CONFIRMED.

The favorable impression produced on the first appearance of the agreeable liquid fruit remedy Syrup of Figs a few years ago has been more than confirmed by the pleasant experience of all who have used it, and the success of the proprietors and manufacturers the California Fig Syrup Company.

HOME SEEKERS' LOW RATE EXCURSIONS.

On September 15th and 29th, the Lake Shore & Michigan Southern railway will sell excursion tickets to the farming regions of the south, southwest, west and northwest, at greatly reduced rates. Tickets will be good for thirty days from date of issue. Full information can be had by applying to A. J. Smith, general passenger agent, Cleveland, O., or to your nearest ticket agent.

The Lake Shore is the great through car line between the east and west, and offers superior advantages to travelers.

HANDKERCHIEFS.

Intelligent buyers know that we carry the best lines and sell them the cheapest. LAMSON BROTHERS.

"LAST DAYS OF POMPEII."

The last grand opportunity to witness the great historical spectacle under the auspices of the order of Cincinnatus, will be Sept. 17. The "Last Days of Pompeii" is Pains' masterpiece and the fireworks displays are the grandest ever given in Cincinnati. The C., H. & D. announce this last chance with an excursion to Cincinnati and return on Sept. 17 at rate of one cent per mile.

A GREAT REMEDY

Is Dr. Hoxsie's Certain Croup Cure. It allays inflamed membranes, keeps the air passages of the throat clear, and renders croup a harmless disease. 50 cents.

CARPETS, CURTAINS, DRAPERIES.

Fall Importations. Novelty Designs. Every Department Full to Overflowing.

CARPETS.

We have new designs in Mequette, Goblin, Body Brussels and Tapestry Brussels. Exclusive Patterns in Axgra and the New Westminsters.

New Art Squares and Rugs,

A Very Large and Select Line.

We have three Carpet Layers, all thoroughly experienced, and we can execute all orders promptly.

OUR ASSORTMENT OF DRAPERIES

Is by far the largest shown in Toledo. Novelty and exclusive style is our highest aim.

We carry a full sample line of Fret and Grille Work to select from. We have now two Artistic Drapers and Curtain Designers.

LACE CURTAINS.

We have a magnificent assortment in all the new designs and makes.

SASH CURTAINS

By the yard, in Silk, Lace, Mull, Madras and Pongee. Carpet Sweepers, Oriental Rugs, Lindoleum and Mats.

LASALLE & KOCH.

Lots of dainty little dress trimmings at LAMSONS'.

WHIPPED BY WHITE CAPS.

Martinsville, Ind., Sept. 16.—John, Henry and Lucy Martin, Sarah and Jane McCoy, near Hyndsdale, were accused of stealing from neighbors. Last night several white caps took them from their beds, bared them to the waist, and gave each 40 lashes, and told them to leave within 24 hours. The women underwent such torture that their recovery is doubtful.

You cannot be too particular about the medicine you use. When you need a blood purifier, be sure you get Ayer's Sarsaparilla, and no other. It will mingle with, purify, and vitalize every drop of blood in your body. It makes the weak strong.

Never forget that we have the most desirable Black Silks. LAMSON BROTHERS.

KNIGHTS TEMPLAR CONCLAVE.

The C., H. & D. announce very low rates to Cincinnati and return from all points on their lines in Ohio, September 22 and 23, on account of the Ohio Knights Templar Conclave to be held in Cincinnati. Tickets will be good returning till September 25 inclusive. For rates, etc., call on or address any C., H. & D. agent, or E. O. McCormick, G. P. & T. Agent, Cincinnati, O.

Some very fine and exclusive styles in Ladies' Outside Garments are being shown by LAMSON BROTHERS.

CARPENTER NOMINATED.

Washington, C. H., O., Sept. 16.—The republican senatorial convention of the joint Fifth and Sixth district met here. F. F. Carpenter was nominated by acclamation.

Biliousness, constipation, torpid liver, cured by Dr. Miles' Nerve and Liver Pills; 50 doses 25 cents. Samples free at druggists; by mail 25c. Miles Med. Co., Elkhart, Ind.

Astrach an Trimmed Hose for ladies at LAMSONS.'

Ornamental trees for sale on Bartlett street. Those wishing them should call at once and secure them. H. B. HENRY.

Gentlemen, we have Kid Gloves for you. LAMSON BROTHERS.

THE HAMILTON CENTENNIAL.

The people of Hamilton, O., one of the most noted cities in the United States as well as the most prosperous of the many thriving ones on the line of the C., H. & D., celebrates the hundredth anniversary of its birth September 17, 18 and 19. Just a hundred years ago Gen. Arthur St. Clair, then governor of the Northwest Territory, with an army of 1,500, marched from what is now called Cunninsville to the present site of Hamilton, on the Big Miami river, and erected a stockade fort, which he called Fort Hamilton. It was a wilderness then, and in a hundred years it has been transformed into a busy city. The celebration will begin Thursday, September 17, with a beautiful pageant, entitled "The Feast of Flowers and Youth." Friday will be a day of concerts, and meetings addressed by prominent orators and old settlers. The celebration will conclude on Saturday with a grand concert by a chorus of 500; historical oration by Hon. Joseph Cox, of Cincinnati, magnificent fireworks and a mammoth parade. The latter will be reviewed by Gov. Campbell, of Ohio, and the governors of Kentucky and Indiana. The C., H. & D. announces the sale of round trip tickets at one cent per mile to Hamilton and return on September 19, from Cincinnati, Lima, Indianapolis, Chillicothe and all intermediate points.

The best values in hosiery we have ever shown are in stock at LAMSONS'.

Harvest Excursions.

As usual, the Wabash leads, others follow. On August 25th, September 15th and September 29th, the Wabash Railroad Co. will run three grand harvest excursions to points in the west, south and southwest. The only line running free palace reclining chair cars.

For rates call on or write Booly house ticket office, or P. E. Dombaugh, passenger and ticket agent, Wabash railroad, 308 Madison street, Toledo, O.

New Bedford Cord Jackets at LAMSONS.'

FOR DETROIT.

See City of Toledo time table in this paper. Four hours in Detroit. Fare, 50c round trip.

Several cases of New Buttons at LAMSONS'.

DIED IN ILLINOIS.

Kent, Sept. 16.—Theodore Starks, aged 80, died at Urbana, Ill., Friday. The remains were brought here and interred. Mr. Starks was a former Kent merchant and well known here.

HO! FOR THE HILLSDALE FAIR.

For the fair at Hillsdale the Lake Shore railway will sell excursion tickets Sept. 28 to Oct. 2, at half rates, good to return until Oct. 3.

Have you seen those Crystal Silks at LAMSONS'.

EMANCIPATION CELEBRATION AT FOSTORIA SEPT. 22.

One dollar for the round trip. Tickets for sale by George Fields, Edward Jones, W. E. Clemens, A. J. Johnson, John Brown, Mrs. Julia Brown, Mrs. George Scott and Rev. M. A. Dyer. Train leaves Hocking Valley depot at 6:30 a. m., Sept. 22.

New Rad Stockings for children, at LAMSONS.'

EXCURSION TO ST. LOUIS.

The Wabash railroad will sell round trip tickets to St. Louis, September 19 and 20 at half fair. See Wabash agents.

You can always find the best values in Black Dress Goods at LAMSONS'.

KILLED BY A TRAIN.

Fremont, O., Sept. 16.—John Sheehan was killed last night by the Lake Shore west-bound fast mail. The engine cut him in two. Sheehan was intoxicated and stepped on the fast mail track to get out of the way of a freight train. He resided in this city and leaves a wife and three children in poor circumstances.

NIAGARA FALLS AND BUFFALO EXCURSION.

The next Niagara Falls excursion will leave Wheeling & Lake Erie, Cherry street depot, Sunday, September 20, 5:20 p. m. Rate, $5. Tickets good until September 20.

Ladies, our recent importations of Kid Gloves are in stock and compose a variety in style and quality that cannot be found elsewhere in Toledo. LAMSON BROTHERS.

A CHINESE OPERA

To be Sung in Toledo for the First Time Next Week.

The Pearl of Pekin will be presented at the People's all next week. The Mikado and the Little Tycoon have given the public a burlesque on the Japanese and the Pearl of Pekin will now do the same for the Chinese. The scene which is laid in China, in 1861, is divided into three acts, the first being a French inn at Pekin, with a view of the city in the distance. Act second represent a royal apartment in the governor's palace; and the third and closing act will show the blue kiosk, overlooking the conservatory and gardens of the palace. The costumes of the Pearl of Pekin dispel all of the old traditions that stage wardrobe is mostly composed of tinsel. The dresses are rich enough to make the ladies go in rapures. They are 74 in number, and the utmost skill of Chinese artists has been expended upon them.

This Evening at the Wheeler's.

The Little Tycoon has been presented in Toledo but never by such a company as will sing in it this evening at Wheeler's. Most of the people who made the original hits in the Philadelphia and New York productions are in the cast, and a good performance is promised.

Charlotte Thompson.

Charlotte Thompson will be at Wheeler's Friday and Saturday evenings and Saturday afternoon. The first evening she will be seen in Jane Eyre, a play in which she has become celebrated. Saturday evening her new piece, The Nest, will be presented, and at the Saturday matinee East Lynne will be the attraction.

THE BEAUTY STANDARD.

The standard of female loveliness varies greatly in different countries and with individual tastes. Some prefer the plump and buxom type; some admire the slender and sylph-like, and some of the tall and queenly maiden. But among all people of the Caucasian race, one point of beauty is always admired—a pure, clear and spotless complexion—whether the female be of the blonde, brunette, or hazel-eyed type. This first great requisite of loveliness can be assured only by a pure state of the blood, active liver, good appetite and digestion, all of which are secured by the use of Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery. It is guaranteed to accomplish all that is claimed for it, or money refunded. If you would have a clear, lovely complexion, free from eruptions, moth patches, spots and blemishes, use the "Golden Medical Discovery."

The Idlewild gives a special cheap excursion to Detroit, Thursday, September 17. Fare, round trip, 50c only. Leaves Jefferson street dock at 8:30 a. m., city time.

Extensive lines of solid colors in Cheviots for ladies' wear, at LAMSONS'.

CARD OF THANKS.

Please let me express my sincere thanks through your valuable paper to the Metropolital Life Insurance company, of New York, and their representative, Mr. A. Wind, for the prompt settlement of the insurance, $2,000 due on policies in the above company, on my late husband, James R. Windfield.

I can heartily advise everybody to insured in this company, as I can recommend it as good and reliable, and for their prompt settlement of their death claims and the kind treatment of the company, and their agents can not be superseded.

MRS. JAMES R. WINFIELD, No. 236 Tenth street, Toledo, O.

BUSINESS LOCALS.

ARRIVED.

Another invoice of California Claret.

Strictly Pure Healthy Wine,

75c per gallon or 25c per quart bottle, at

F. BEHR'S,

Corner Adams and Huron.

Phone 801.

THE

BEST PLACE

In the city to buy pure Wines and Liquors for family and medicinal use

Without Paying Fancy Prices

Call at

F. BEHR'S,

Corner Adams and Huron.

Phone 801.

ONE ENJOYS

Both the method and results when Syrup of Figs is taken; it is pleasant and refreshing to the taste, and acts gently yet promptly on the Kidneys, Liver and Bowels, cleanses the system effectually, dispels colds, headaches and fevers and cures habitual constipation. Syrup of Figs is the only remedy of its kind ever produced, pleasing to the taste and acceptable to the stomach, prompt in its action and truly beneficial in its effects, prepared only from the most healthy and agreeable substances, its many excellent qualities commend it to all and have made it the most popular remedy known.

Syrup of Figs is for sale in 50c and $1 bottles by all leading druggists. Any reliable druggist who may not have it on hand will procure it promptly for any one who wishes to try it. Do not accept any substitute.

CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO.
SAN FRANCISCO, CAL.
LOUISVILLE, KY. NEW YORK N.Y.

"SUPERIOR NUTRITION—THE LIFE."

IMPERIAL GRANUM

THE GREAT MEDICINAL

FOOD

THIS ORIGINAL AND WORLD RENOWNED DIETETIC PREPARATION IS A SUBSTANCE OF UNRIVALLED PURITY AND MEDICINAL WORTH, A SOLID EXTRACT DERIVED BY A NEW PROCESS FROM VERY SUPERIOR GROWTHS OF WHEAT—NOTHING MORE. IT HAS JUSTLY ACQUIRED THE REPUTATION OF BEING THE SALVATOR FOR

INVALIDS

AND THE AGED.

AN INCOMPARABLE ALIMENT FOR THE GROWTH AND PROTECTION OF INFANTS AND

CHILDREN

A SUPERIOR NUTRITI